THE JOURNAL COVERS DIXIE LIKE THE DEW

The Atlanta Journal.

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THE WEATHER
Fair tonight and Sunday.

VOL. XXXI. NO. 160. ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 2, 1913. PRICE 2 CENTS IN THE CITY 5 CENTS ON TRAINS

Defense Claims Members of Jury Saw Newspaper Headline; Dr. J. W. Hurt, Coroner's Physician, Gives Expert Testimony

WHEN JUDGE ROAN UNWITTINGLY HELD RED HEADLINE IN FRONT OF JURY, DEFENSE MADE POINT

Jury Is Sent Out of Room While Attorneys for the Defense Tell the Court That the Jurymen Were Seen Reading Red Headline, "State Adds Links to Chain" – Judge Then Calls Jury Back and Cautions Them

FOLLOWING JUDGE'S SPEECH TO THE JURY, TESTIMONY IS RESUMED, NO FURTHER MOTION MADE BY DEFENSE

In His Address to the Jury, Judge Roan Declared That They Must Not Be Influenced by Anything They Had Read in the Newspaper, but Must Form Their Opinion Solely on the Evidence That Was Developed in Court

A red headline in a newspaper, held in the hands of the presiding judge, came near causing a mistrial Saturday about noon in the case against Leo M. Frank.

While the defense did not ask the court to declare a mistrial in the case, it seriously considered in a conference of attorneys, asking that the case be stopped, and while apparently satisfied with an admonition to the jury to disregard anything they might have seen in a paper, it is probable that the incident will be a part of the basis for an appeal, in event the verdict goes against the defense.

During the course of the discussion of the incident Solicitor Dorsey contended that the jurors had not seen the headline.

During the progress of the trial Judge L. S. Roan picked up an extra edition of an afternoon Atlanta newspaper bearing an eight column red headline touching on the case before the jury. The headline read:

"State Adding Links To Chain."

Attorney Rosser for the defense noticed the line and also noticed that the members of the jury were craning their necks to read more of the matter on the front page. Immediately he and his associates went into conference and the jury was excused from the room.

After Mr. Arnold and Mr. Rosser returned to the court, following their conference, Mr. Arnold held a brief conversation with the judge. Mr. Rosser requested that the jury be sent out. That was done.

Addressing the court, Mr. Rosser said:

May it please your honor, a few moments ago your honor thought was redaing a newspaper. One side of this newspaper was turned toward the jury. At the top of the page, in red box-car letters, a headline which stated that the state is adding link upon link against this man. Every member of the jury read this headline. I saw them leaning forward, reading it. We don't want to make a motion for a new trial, but we do want your honor to call the jury back and explain to it that it must not be influenced by anything it saw in this or any other newspaper. These red box car letters don't always convey the real facts. These boys over at the press table do their best to get accurate facts. They write their articles and send them to their offices, and someone else writes the headlines."

Attorney Arnold walked to Judge Roan's stand and requested the judge to hand to him the newspaper lying on the desk in front of him. Taking the paper in his hand and unfolding it as he walked back to his table, Attorney Arnold said:

"Everybody knows and loves your honor, and everybody knows that you would not wittingly do anything to influence this case one way or another. But, your honor, in reading this paper, you held it up this way."

Attorney Arnold opened the paper, holding the front page with the red headline toward the jury box.

"The members of the jury read it. This headline reads, 'State Adds Links to Chain.' We say these are very weasly links. Nevertheless, the jury read this red headline."

Judge Roan interrupted to remark: "I don't suppose that anyone would think that after a week's hard work with this trial, I would do anything to jeopardize it. I will ask this jury if they see anything to influence them"—

Attorney Rosser objected, saying: "We want your honor to put in writing an admonition to the jury that it is to disregard this headline and anything else that it may see in the newspapers."

SAYS THEY DIDN'T SEE IT.

Solicitor Dorsey spoke:

"We submit, your honor, that the jury did not see this headline. There have been papers in the court room all the time. The defense at the opening of this trial brought in a great pile of the newspapers, which they lay before the jury. The boys on the street constantly are crying these papers, and the jurors cannot help but hear them. I do hope that your honor first will inquire of this jury whether it saw anything in this or any other newspaper to influence it. The newspapers have had more damaging headlines than this. I submit that they have treated the state's case with contempt. They should be put in contempt for the manner in which they have treated the state's case."

Judge Roan told Mr. Dorsey that he thought he know what to say, and called in the jury.

The jury was seated.

ROAN'S STATEMENT.

In his statement to the jury Judge Roan neither wholly acquiesced in the contention of the solicitor nor in that of the state.

"Gentlemen of the jury, as you know, this is an important case. We have to be extremely careful and cautious that nothing gets to the jury except the evidence introduced here. It has been said by some that since the trial of this case commenced you have been able to see some writings or headlines in the newspapers that might influence you.

"You, gentlemen of the jury, are trying this case, and by the evidence introduced here. I want to warn you again, and do warn you, that nothing you might see in a newspaper or that you might hear on the streets, or even in the court room, should have a particle of weight except the evidence put before you legally. If you have seen anything in the newspapers, or heard anything, I beg of you now to free your mind of it, regardless of whether it be helpful to the state or to the defense."

"Smile," Says Gheesling, "When Facing Bear-Cat Like Luther Rosser"

"Keep smiling on the witness stand."

That is the motto of Will Gheesling, of the P. J. Bloomfield undertaking establishment, who testifed at the Frank trial Thursday.

"When you get a bear cat like Luther Rosser after you," he declares, "the only thing you can do is to laugh at him."

Gheesling was one of the few witnesses who came through the ordeal of Attorney Rosser's cross-examination with flying colors.

His face wreathed in beatific grins, and he calmly fanned himself with a tremendous palm leaf fan from the moment he took the stand until he left it several hours later. Not once did Attorney Rosser's cross-fire feaze him, not once did the battery of questions from the guns of the defense ruffle his demeanor.

While other witnesses left the stand with dripping brows and a vast respect for Mr. Rosser's quizzing powers, Gheesling only grinned.

"It was the fan did it, you see," he stated. "It gave me good luck. Keep fanning and keep smiling. How could I get rattled with this palm leaf?"

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THE HARVEST HAND

HARRIS TESTIMONY MAY BE STRICKEN BY COURT

Question Will Be Solved by Physician's Recovery and Return to Stand

If Dr. H. F. Harris, secretary of the state board of health, is not physically able to be present in the court room before the state closes its case, will his testimony be stricken from the record?

This question came up fo rinformal discussion at the court house Saturday. Dr. Harris was suddenly attacked with illness while in the middle of his direct examination and had to be assisted from the witness stand. The defense attorneys, therefore, had no opportunity to cross-question him.

Solicitor Dorsey, when asked if the testimony would be withdrawn said that he did not know.

"It would be a question for debate," he said.

Another prominent local attorney not connected with the case gave as his offhand opinion that the testimony could not be erased from the records. He also pointed out that, with the permission of the court, Solicitor Dorsey could recall Dr. Harris to the stand to complete his direct examination and for the cross-examination of the defense any time before the final arguments to the jury begin.

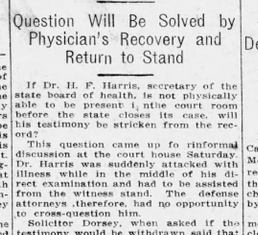
At the residence of Dr. Harris, 52 Ponce de Leon avenue, it was said Saturday afternoon that the doctor was improved today and expected to be ready to go on the stand again Monday morning. He was confined to his bed during the morning and early afternoon, but shortly after 1 o'clock arose with the remark that he was feeling better.

In the event that Dr. Harris' health will permit him to come to court Monday morning he probably will precede James Conley, negro sweeper, on the stand.

FIFTY LIVES ARE LOST IN MINE EXPLOSION

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Aug. 2.—Fifty men are reported dead in a mine explosion that occurred in the East Brookside colliery this afternoon.

There were two explosions. Two bodies were recovered and the rescuers reported the finding of five other men dead and not a sign of life in the mine. A fire boss was taken out fatally burned.



Conzelman and Chapman; Williams and Gibson.

FIRST INNING—Daley walked. Callahan fouled out to Holland. Spratt hit to short and both men were safe on Smith's error. Gibson singled to center, Daley s cored. Young hit into a double play from Smith to Bisland to Agler. Hits 1; runs 1.

Long was thrown out by Lindsay-Agler fouled out to Hoffman. Welchance walked. Smith filed to Callahan. 0-0.

Mexican Ex-Governor, a Rebel, Is Arrested at New Orleans For Killing Two Huerta Agents

Detention Without Bail by U. S. Authorities Follows the Charge Two U. S. Marshals Accepted $500 Bribe

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 2.—Emmanuel Castillo Brito, former governor of the Mexican state of Campeche, was arrested here today by United States authorities and held without bail on a charge of murder and robbery, preferred by the existing Mexican authorities.

The arrest has caused intense excitement in New Orleans revolutionary circles ,including not only the representatives of various Mexican factions, but also among the other Central Americans who make their headquarters in this city.

Brito admits he killed two representatives of Huerta, but says they were endeavoring to arrest him illegally during the Huerta revolution. He says it was a time of war, therefore, and that he should not be called to account for his act.

BLACKMAIL CHARGED.

The Mexican's arrest came close on the heels of charges of blackmail, which resulted last night in the arrest of two United States department of justice agents in this city, who were taken into custody along with a self-styled representative of the Carranza revolutionists, now holding sway on the Mexican southern states. It was charged that R. G. Matthews and J. L. Mott accepted $500 in marked bills firm Brito to protect him from arrest, the affair having been arranged by Ernesto Fernandez, who claims to be connected with Governor Carranza.

Brito was arrested by United States Marshal Loisel and immediately arraigned before United States Commissioner Browne. He pleaded not guilty and was sent to Parish prison without bail.

KILLED HUERTA'S MEN.

Brito declared that when the Huerta agents made an attempt to arrest him in Mexico he knew their action would be followed by his death, probably under the notorious fugitive law. He resisted, drawing his sword. The Huerta agents took the sword from him and slapped him with it. Thereupon Brito says he drew his revolver and killed the two men. It was in war time, and they were his enemies. This, he said, would be his defense in resisting deportation.

Non-Interference Policy By Uncle Sam in Mexico

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Secretary Bryan today vigorously disclaimed that his request to congress to appropriate $160,000 for bringing destitute Americans out of Mexico had any connection with any policy the administration may evolve in dealing with the Mexican situation.

"Statements attempting to put a smirched construction upon the request for an appropriation are entirely without excuse and cannot be explained upon any theory consistent with an interest in the public welfare," said he.

"In furnishing aid to any indigent person desiring to leave Mexico, the government is simply doing what it does at any time when American lives are in danger."

(Continued on last page, Col. 6.)

UNCLE SAM IS WORRIED OVER CASTRO'S RETURN

Gunboat and Special Envoy Will Hasten to Venezuela

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The sudden and unexpected appearance in Venezuela of General Cirpriano Castro to take personal command of the revolutionary forces, confronts the state department with a grave problem.

Secretary Bryan declined today to say what would be the attitude of the United States toward the presence of the unwelcome exile in the land from which he was banished five years ago.

The Taft administration not only approved of Castro's exile from Venezuela but sought by every means, although without success, to prevent him from landing in this country last winter.

Officials realize that Castro's present personal direction of the insurrection will make the movement far more formidable.

The cruiser Des Moines will leave Brunswick, Ga., Monday for Laguaira, expecting to reach that port Friday. Henry W. Tennant, of the state department, who is going to Caracas to take charge of the legation pending the appointment of a new minister, will leave Washington tonight and will proceed to Venezuela on the Des Moines.

Government Troops Mobilized To Move Against Castro

(By Associated Press.)

CARACAS, Venezuela, Aug. 2.—Mobilization of the Venezuelan troops in Caracas was completed today. An expedition is expected to leave the capital at any moment to meet the revolutionary invaders.

It is believed the first objective point of the government troops will be the state of Falcon, of which Coro, the capital, was reported to have fallen into the hands of General Cipriano Castro's adherents a few days ago.

The government troops are declared to be well organized and thoroughly equipped for any service.

Reported That Castro Has Aid From Europe

(By Associated Press.)

TENERIFFE, Canary Islands, Aug. 2.—A member of the family of Cipriano Castro today expressed the greatest surprise at the news published here regarding the former dictator's invasion of Venezuela and declared emphatically that Castro is now in Germany.

However, is is generally believed here that the expedition had completed all his plans for bringing about a revolution in Venezuela, and it is even rumored that he is aided by a certain European power.

DR. HURT'S TESTIMONY NOT CONFIRMATORY OF EVIDENCE GIVEN BY DR. H. F. HARRIS

On Cross-Examination, Dr. Hurt Admits That Cabbage Is Considered Very Difficult to Digest and That Under Some Conditions as Much as Three Hours and a Half Might Be Required Before the Process of Digestion Was Completed

PHYSICIAN ON STAND GREATER PART OF MORNING AND UNDERWENT RIGID CROSS-EXAMINATION BY DEFENSE

He Found No Evidence of Violence, He Declared – Detective Waggoner, Chief Beavers, Detective Bass Rosser, Patrolman Lassiter and Miss Ferguson Testify–Court Adjourns Until Monday Morning at 9 o'Clock

Dr. J. W. Hurt, coroner's physician, who examined the body of little Mary Phagan, was the principal witness introduced by the state at the Saturday morning session of the Frank trial. Dr. Hurt's expert testimony was the subject of fierce contention between the lawyers for the defense and the state. Attorney Reuben R. Arnold succeeded in drawing from the physician testimony to offset that given on Friday by Dr. H. F. Harris. While Dr. Harris testified that he found evidence of violence of some sort having been committed, Dr. Hurt declared he did not find any evidence that would show a criminal attack of nay kind.

Dr. Hurt further admitted, in answer to Mr. Arnold's questions, that cabbage was a difficult article of food to digest and that under some circumstances it might require three and one-half hours before the process of digestion was complete. This testimony was brought out by Mr. Arnold for the evident purpose of disputing Dr. Harris' conclusion that the state of digestion the cabbage was found in showed that Mary Phagan must have been killed within a half hour or forty-five minutes after eating.

When court convened Miss Helen Ferguson was called to the stand and testified that Frank refused to let her have Mary Phagan's pay on Firday afternoon, the day prior to the murder, and that she was told by some one in Frank's office that Mary would have to come to the factory Saturday and draw her own pay. Attorney Rosser drew from the witness on cross-examination the admission that she had never before drawn the Phagan girl's pay and that she didn't know whether Frank knew her name or not.

R. L. Waggoner, one of the city detectives, was next called and told of how Frank twisted his hands on Tuesday, April 29, at the National Pencil factory. The witness said that he accidentally appeared at the window of his office twelve times in a half hour and each time twisted his hands and looked down as if he was in a very nervous state. Detective Waggoner said that he had been sent there to watch Frank and the factory prior to the accused's arrest.

Patrolman Lassiter, on whose beat is the National pencil factory, told the court of finding Mary Phagan's parasol in the bottom of the elevator shaft on the Sunday morning after the tragedy. The witness also testified that the floor of the basement showed that something had been dragged from the elevator shaft.

Chief of Police J. L. Beavers was another witness and he testified simply that he had seen the blood spots on the second floor of the factory.

Had Judge Roan not adjourned court about 12:20 o'clock, Conley would have been placed on the stand during the day. Newt Garner, special deputy sheriff and court solicitor, and Detective Campbell, had an automobile at police headquarters during the morning, ready to rush the negro to the court, when notified by the solicitor.

There will be no afternoon session, court having adjourned until Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

MORNING SESSION BEGINS.

All witnesses who had arrived at the court house by 8:30 o'clock were admitted and were allowed to select their own seats before the session began. About fifty availed themselves of this concession to their sex. Leo M. Frank, the accused, entered court at 8:40 o'clock. The jury entered at 8:55. Judge Roan mounted the bench and convened court at 9 o'clock.

Helen Ferguson, a co-worker with Mary Phagan in the metal room of the National Pencil factory, was called to the stand as the first witness.

Miss Ferguson stated that she works now for the Marcus Loeb company, but that for two years she worked for the National Pencil factory and was employed there on Friday, April 25. About 7 o'clock on the evening of Friday she went to Mr. Frank's office, she testified, and asked him for Mary Phagan's pay. He refused to let her have it, and she left. On former occasions some months before she had gotten Mary Phagan's pay for her.

Attorney Rosser took up the cross-examination. Miss Ferguson admitted that she had come before from Mary Phagan's pay from Frank. It was about 7 o'clock in the evening when she asked for the money, and that several men whom she thought to be members of the office force were in the office with Frank.

She did not think Frank knew her name, she said. She asked him for Mary's number and her pay, saying she had forgotten Mary's number. She thought Frank knew her face, she testified. Some member of the office force told her there would be somebody in the factory Saturday and that Mary could get her pay then. She testified that she had worked in the metal room for two years and never had seen Frank speak to Mary.

City Detective R. L. Waggoner was called to the stand.

"You've been in the court room before, haven't you?" demanded Attorney Rosser, when Waggoner had been sworn.

"Yes, I was in here about twenty minutes Wednesday afternoon," answered the witness.

Solicitor Dorsey explained to the court that on Wednesday afternoon witness had not been subpoenaed.

"How did you happen to be here?" asked Attorney Rosser.

"I was near and came in," said the detective. He left of his own accord, then, he said, and later when he was subpoenaed as a witness he remained out of the court room.

He proceeded then to testify. He has been a member of the police force about four years ,he said.

"On Tuesday, April 29, where were you?" asked the solicitor.

"A little after 11 o'clock in the morning I was in front of the National Pencil factory."

"FRANK WAS NERVOUS.

"Did you see Frank, the defendant?"

"Yes."

"What did you see him doing?"

"I could see Mr. Frank through the window in his office. I was standing across the street. He would come to the window, look down, and twist his hands. This would be about twelve times in thirty minutes."

"Was Frank nervous or composed on that morning?"

"Well, when Detective Black came up to the factory in an automobile, to take Frank to the police station, I got in between Frank and Black and his knee was shaking all the way to the station."

Attorney Rosser took the witness.

"How much do you weigh?"

"About 220 pounds."

"How much does Black weigh?"

"About 200 pounds, I guess."

"And Frank weighs about 120 pounds—and you had him between you, didn't you?"

"Yes, sir."

"Oh, I thought you said you had him between you."

"No, sir; I said I sat between Frank and Black."

"Now when you were standing in the street, Mr. Waggoner, how far were you from the window of the pencil factory?"

"About fifty feet."

SENT TO WATCH FRANK.

"You don't know whether Frank was talking to anybody, do you?"

"He wasn't talking to anybody when

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 1.)

Newt Lee Gets Hat; Now He's Considering What He Wants Next

And Newt Lee gets the hat.

The darky who has been the staunchest witness yet examined at the Frank trial has but little more to wish for.

First it was watermelon Newt wanted. With his very life in danger as he droned away the long hot days in the Fulton county Tower, Newt lifted up his voice and prayed for "dat juicy watermillion." And they gave him one.

Then it was a "chaw of 'bacca," his first request as he came down from the witness stand. Somebody gave him a plug and immediately there were a score who pressed forward with all varieties of cut and twist. Newt had enough 'bacca to keep his teeth in a state of perpetual motion.

"Now ef I only had'r hat," declared Newt. "Dis nigger'ud be happy."

When they took Newt back to the Tower he got the hat. A lady who would not give her name called up the jailer Friday and asked about Lee. Could she send him a hat?,she asked. It was all right with the jailer.

The hat came, a monstrous felt creation that delighted Newt to the soul. He put it on his woolly head and his white teeth flashed. Then the smile faded. There was a far-away look in Newt's eyes.

He was thinking of what he wanted next.

ENGLISH PAPER RESENTS CAUSTIC EXPO COMMENT

Declares England's Only Reason for Not Entering Is Location of San Francisco

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Aug. 2.—An apparently inspired statement in regard to the British government's non-participation in the Panama-Pacific exposition in San Francisco appears today in the Westminster Gazette, drawn forth by the caustic comment cabled from America. It earnestly avers that Great Britain's refusal to participate has no diplomatic significance and is based purely on commercial grounds. The newspaper says:

"We do not mix up our diplomatic negotiations and our business in the way suggested. * * * Americans may be easy in their minds that our refusal on this occasion has no other reasons behind it than those of expense and the impossibility of getting together a worthy collection at a place so distant as San Francisco. We hope and expect that any diplomatic differences we have with the American government about the Panama canal will be settled long before 1915, when the exposition is to be held."

The Pall Mall Gazette says there was no occasion for an "explosion of temper" by Americans after the explanation given by the British board of trade yesterday, and continues:

"We must confess we learned of the reluctance of our traders with some regret. At first sight it betokens lack of imagination and enterprise."

The newspaper suggests that the exhibition might serve Britain with a chance to make up leeway on the German "drummers" who are already busy on the coast.

DRINKING OF WHISKY IS ON THE INCREASE

Also Beer Drinking and Use of Cigars and Cigarettes

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Heavy disbursements caused a deficit of $9,682,682 in the government's transactions during July as compared with a deficit of only $734,884 for July, 1912.

Total receipts for the first month of the new fiscal year were $60,231,524, while expenditures reached $69,914,206.

Customs receipts decreased $329,847 during the month, as compared with a year ago.

Internal revenue receipts, which for several months have been climbing to high records through increased drinking of whisky and beer and smoking of cigars and cigarettes, continue to rise as the total for the month just closed exceeded that for July of last year by nearly $1,000,000.

The net balance in the general fund today was $132,264,000. The total cash in the treasury was $163,827,000. During July the mints coined $1,235,000 in gold.

MOST FOREST FIRES FROM NATURAL CAUSES

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Natural agencies are responsible for most of the forest fires so far this year in the national forests, according to reports to the forest service here from its field men. In former years railroads with their spark-showering locomotives, campers and brush burners were the chief causes of fires, but most of the destruction has been originated this year by lightning. The officials here attribute this change to the educational campaign conducted among forest users and to the improvement of the fire patrol system.

AMERICAN AMBASSADOR HAS ARRIVED IN JAPAN

(By Associated Press.)

TOKIO, Japan, Aug. 2.—The new American ambassador to Japan, George W. Guthrie, of Pittsburg, arrived here today. He was met at Yokohama by a committee of the American Asiatic association, who escorted him to Tokio.

BLAKELY ICE PLANT DESTROYED BY FIRE

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

BLAKELY, Ga., Aug. 2.—The Blakely ice plant was entirely destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

Christian Endeavor Meets

The regular weekly meeting of the Christian Endeavor society will be held Wednesday night, R. S. Woodson being the leader. The first of a series of four lectures on "Missionary Essentials at Home and Abroad" was given, the subject being "Information." R. W. Hoyt, Jr., and G. W. Hampton made interesting talks on this subject. G. W. Stockton, chairman of the prayer meeting committee, will be leader at the next meeting.

Naval Men Complimented

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Acting Secretary Roosevelt has written congratulatory letters to Captain W. W. Benson, commander of the battleship Utah during the last year, to Lieutenant Commander Hollwig, commanding the torpedo boat destroyer Burrows, and to Ensign W. B. Carter, commanding the submarine D-3, whose vessels won the engineering trophies in the three service classes during the competition last year.

Reviews Infantry

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 2.—Governor O'Neal went to Birmingham Friday to review members of the Second Infantry of Alabama national guard in camp at East Lake. He was accompanied by Joseph B. Scully, adjutant general, and L. S. Berry, lieutenant colonel, and was joined by other members of his staff in Birmingham.

Mr. W. H. Morton Dead

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

ATHENS, Ga., Aug. 2.—Mr. William Henry Morton, one of Clarke county's most influential citizens, died at his home near Puryears district last night. He was stricken with paralysis some weeks ago and his death was not unexpected. He was about seventy years old and is survived by his wife, several sons and a daughter.

Street Cars for Panama

(By Associated Press.)

PANAMA, Aug. 2.—A street car service was inaugurated here yesterday for the second time in the history of Panama. The first line was operated during the '90s when Panama was the first city in South America to have a street car service. The new company is American-owned.

FIFTH AVENUE SHOCKED BY A DOUBLE SHOOTING

Traveling Man Shoots Woman, Then Suicides, in Heart of New York

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—A well dressed, middle-aged man and a handsome young woman quarreled today on Fifth avenue until the man drew a revolver, shot the woman three times ,then blew out his brains. The man died instantly and there is little hope that the woman can survive.

Letters found in the man's pocket led to the belief that he was Abraham Fink, of Buffalo. The letters were signed by Violet Rogers, of 12 Vine street, Buffalo.

The letters were mailed from a hotel in Atlantic City and were signed "Your darling Violet" and "Your dearest Violet."

Witnesses of the shooting say the woman was reading a letter along apparently to the great annoyance of the man.

Rafter repeatedly commanding her to discontinue the reading, the man drew his revolver and fired. The shooting took place near the corner of Fifth avenue and Thirtieth street.

At the hospital the woman said that she was Rebecca Silverman, twenty-one years old, and that she lived with her brother in this city. Fink, she said, was a widower about forty-eight years old, who traveled as a pewelry salesman.

Fink had nearly $3,000 in currency in his pocket.

RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT TO SHUT DOWN ON BAPTISTS

Holy Synod to Proclaim Them "Sect Especially Harmful to the State"

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The Russian ministry of the interior is credited today by the Novoe Vremya with the intention of permitting the holy synod to proclaim the Baptists as a "sect especially harmful to the state," and, therefore, not eligible for registration and not possessing the right of liberty of worship.

The action of the government is attributed by the newspaper to recent refusals of Baptists to take the military oath.

The Baptist Worlds' Alliance during its session in Philadelphia in 1911, raised $70,000 for the establishment of a Baptist seminary n St. Petersburg. Two Baptist ministers were appointed to proceed to the Russian capital to seek permission from the emperor for the erection of the buildings.

AMBASSADOR WILSON'S POCKETS ARE PICKED

Loses $128 and Valuable Memoranda in Pennsylvania Station

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Henry Lane Wilson, United States ambassador to Mexico, was the victim of pickpockets who secured his wallet containing $128, together with valuable papers and official memoranda while the ambassador was escorting two women friends to a Long Island train in the Pennsylvania station yesterday, it was learned today.

News of Mr. Wilson's loss became public when railroad detectives who had received the ambassador's complaint had consulted with detectives from police headquarters. All parties were reticent regarding the matter.

There is no intimation that the theft was the work of any one seeking secret papers in the ambassador's possession, but that it was simply an ordinary case of pocket picking.

ROME COTTON MILLS PAY BIG DIVIDENDS TO OWNERS

NEWNAN, Ga., Aug. 2.—The directors of McIntosh cotton mills, at a recent meeting, declared a dividend of 6 per cent on $150,000 of common stock and a dividend of 7 per cent on $67,000 of preferred stock. Within the past few days the directors of Newnan cotton mills met and declared a dividend of 8 per cent on its capital stock of $500,000. The stock of both mills is held almost exclusively by home people.

COWETA TAX RETURNS SHOW A DECREASE

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

NEWNAN, Ga., Aug. 2.—For the first time in a decade, Coweta county's tax returns show a decrease. Tax Receiver Williams has just finished tabulating the returns for 1913, and the total valuation of all property in the county is shown to be $6,391,348 as against $6,458,377 for 1912, or a decrease of $47,522.

FIRST BALE IN ALABAMA FOR 1913 IS REPORTED

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

DOTHAN, Ala., Aug. 2.—Alabama's first bale of cotton from the 1913 crop was reported in Dothan today. It was raised by James Cobb, of Geneva county, and was forwarded to Montgomery by express this afternoon.

BALTIMORE, MD.

$20.85—Round Trip—$20.85

Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars; dining cars on most convenient schedules.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

M'ADOO'S PLAN PLEASES BANKERS OF SAVANNAH

They Believe Great Benefits Will Accrue to Farmers

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 2.—The bankers of Savannah are very much pleased with the announcement of Secretary McAdoo that from $25,000,000 to $50,000,000 will be deposited by the government in the banks of the south and west in the near future to facilitate the movement of the big crops. Because of Savannah's importance as a cotton, naval stores and lumber port, it is believed that a large proportion will be obtained by the local banks and that much benefit will accrue.

TROOPS TO BE RECALLED FROM STRIKE DISTRICT

Costs Michigan $12,500 a Day to Guard Copper Mines Against Strikers

CALUMET, Mich., Aug. 2.—There was increased activity in the copper mining district today as a result of an initiation ceremony to the operators from state sources that another week might end the participation of troops in the strike situation. All men applying for work were given tasks of some sort in order that no interest until actual mining is attempted.

Four men were arrested today for alleged intimidation.

According to State Treasurer Haarer, the general fund of the treasury will suffer as the result of the troops being called to scrible duty in the upper peninsula. It i sestimated that it is *costing the state $12,500 per day to maintain the national guard in the copper mine strike country.*

They Wear Badges, But You Mustn't Ever Call Them "Policewomen"

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The ten women selected by Mayor Harrison for an addition to the police force should not be called policewomen, but should be members of the women's party of Cook county who attended the monthly meeting yesterday. It was the beginning of an hour's discussion during which the suffragists asserted that the appelation of "policewomen" is not suggestive of refinement, does not support the dignity of the office and is highly improper because the duties are on a higher plane than those of a mere policeman. It finally was decided that the ten should be referred to as "social service workers," or "civic service workers."

Miss Wilson's Fiance Has Passed Bar Exams.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Francis B. Sayre, President Wilson's prospective son-in-law, was notified yesterday by the appellate division that he had passed bar examinations on the substance of law and on the code and pleadings. He will be admitted to practice in New York state next fall.

Mr. Sayre is connected with District Attorney Whitman's office, but in February he will go to Williams college as assistant to President Garfield.

RED-HOT IRON FLAKE CAUSES DEATH OF MAN

ROME, Ga., Aug. 2.—J. B. Clanton, of Cedar Bluff, Ala., died at the Curry hospital here last night after an operation which failed to save his life.

Clanton was struck in the nek by a piece of red hot iron flaked from a plow that was being repaired in a blacksmith shop at Cedar Bluff. He began bleeding internally and brought to Rome in an automobile, but nothing could be done for him.

KOUDELKA APPOINTED AS NEW BISHOP OF SUPERIOR

ROME, Italy, Aug. 2.—Rev. M. Koudelka, of Cleveland, Ohio, auxiliary bishop of Milwaukee, was today appointed bishop of the diocese of Superior, Wis. He takes the place of Bishop Augustin Francis Schinner, who resigned on account of ill health.

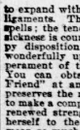
Rev. Oliver Dead

BYROMVILLE, Ga., Aug. 2.—Rev. Hugh F. Oliver, of Byromville, Ga., was buried today, the family services being near Elko. He died suddenly. His father, Thaddeus Oliver, was author of the famous poem, "All Quiet Along the Potomac Tonight." He leaves the following family: Mrs. Hugh Oliver, of Byromville; three daughters, Mrs. J. M. Southel, of Byromville, and Misses Edith and Estiner Oliver; and three sons, Hugh L. Oliver, of Georgetown, S. C.; David Oliver, of Wilmington, N. C., and James L. Oliver, of the United States army, Philippine Islands. He has only one brother, H. Oliver, captain of the United States ship New Hampshire.

Men Welcome Mother's Friend

A Duty that Every Man Owes to Those who Perpetuate the Race.

It is just as important that men should know of progressive methods in advance of motherhood. The suffering incident to child-bearing can be easily avoided by having at hand a bottle of Mother's Friend.



This is a penetrating, external application that relieves all tension upon the muscles and enables them to expand without pain during the period of gestation. Thus there is avoided nervous spells; the tendency to nausea or morning sickness is counteracted, and a bright, happy disposition is preserved that reflects wonderfully upon the charcter and temperament of the little one coming to bless. You can obtain a bottle of "Mother's Friend" at any drug store at $1.00. It is for external use only. Write to the Bradfield Regulator Co., 229 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for their valuable and instructive book of guidance for expectant mothers.

CURRENCY BILL WOULD BRING RELIEF, SAYS OWEN

Chairman of Bank Committee Writes Open Letter Scoring Financiers of Country

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—In a circular letter to country bankers issued today, Chairman Owen, of the senate banking committee, enumerated what he considered to be the advantages to them of the Glass-Owen currency bill and stated that it would relieve the banking business from the control of a half-dozen very ambitious gentlemen who could today shake this country to its foundation by panics whenever they pleased."

"If a legislative investigation was made of the panic of 1907 to ascertain who were the beneficiaries of that panic, this country would learn a much needed lessons in finance," said he.

After an array of figures, Senator Owen reached the conclusion in his letter that the net result to the average $100,000 bank would be a substantial gain over the present system of approximately $3,000, or 3 per cent on its capital. He declared another advantage of the bill would be to permit country banks to lend half their time deposits, or a fourth of their capital and surplus on farm loans.

"I should be in favor also," said he, "of giving them other advantages which we can do more intelligently when we codify the national bank act next winter."

MEN LEAP INTO RAPIDS WHEN BARGE CAREENS

One Drowns and Eleven Swim to Safety Through Turbulent Water

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 2.—One man was drowned and eleven narrowly escaped, some by swimming ashore through perilous rapids and some being reached by life savers, yesterday when the towline leaped from a barge into the rapids below the Ohio river falls here, in the belief that the barge was sinking.

The barge careened threateningly following the snapping of a 1,500 foot cable by which it was being drawn and the men leaped and started swimming for shore. Walter Hogue, of Ohio Falls, Ind., was caught in an eddy and perished.

GREAT PANAMA CANAL NEARING COMPLETION

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, August 2.—The early completion of the Panama canal is forecast in the announcement today that Major James P. Jervey and Major George M. Hoffman, of the army engineers, will be relieved from duty in the canal zone the latter part of next month. Major Jervey, who has been in charge of the concrete work on the locks, will take up river and harbor work, with headquarters in Rock Island, Ill., while Major Hoffman, who has completed the construction of Gatun dam, will proceed to Wheling, W. Va., for river and harbor work there.

THOUSANDS CO-OPERATING WITH AGRICULTURAL DEPT.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, August 2.—The extent of the co-operation the department of agriculture is receiving from persons outside the government service, is revealed by the statement today that about 10,000 persons now are experimenting with new varieties of foreign plants ,sent in by the department's explorers from all parts of the world.

Persuading Baby

When the doctor called to see the baby its mother informed him that the medicine left for the infant the day before was all gone.

"Impossible," declared the surprised physician. "I left enough to give him a teaspoonful once an hour."

"Yes, but John and mother and I and the nurse have only had to take a teaspoonful, too, in order to get baby to take it."—Youth's Companion.

ATLANTIC CITY.

HOTEL DENNIS

Facing the sea and overlooking the famous Boardwalk. Every room connected with private bath, or having hot and cold running water. Capacity 600.

WALTER J. BUZBY.

Diseases of Men

My specialty is treating diseases of men. I know how to treat them because I suffered for fifteen years before I studied them closely and carefully. I cure them because I am in every way fully equipped and capable to treat all of my work. I am the longest established specialist advertising to treat diseases of men in the city of Atlanta. I am personally in charge of my office and give each case my personal attention.

Dr. J. T. Gault

Successor to Dr. Hathaway & Company,
32 Inman Building, 22 1-2 S. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

KODAKS EASTMANS PREMOS HAWKEYES

Firstclass Finishing and Enlarging. A complete stock films, plates, papers, chemicals, etc.

Special Mail Order Dept. for out-of-town customers. Send for catalogue and Price List.

A. K. HAWKES CO.—Kodak Dept.
14 Whitehall Street ATLANTA, GA.

FORSYTH TWICE TODAY 2:30 and 8:30

JOE WELCH
ROBT. L. DAILEY & CO.
Dolan-Lenhare Co.
Elsa Ward—Cunningham & Marion—Lefel Trio
Karl Cress.

Next Week
Everests Monkey Hippodrome

TODAY 2:30 **GRAND** TONIGHT 8:30

CARNEGIE MUSEUM
ALASKA-SIBERIA PICTURE
And High-Class, First Run Movies
Mat. 10c; Night 10, 15c and 25c.

Divorce Petition

Mrs. Mabel F. Arthur filed petition for divorce in superior court Friday against S. A. Arthur, alleging drunkenness and cruel treatment.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Mrs. Henry McKnight vs. W. H. McKnight—Divorce. Fulton Superior Court.

Georgia, Fulton county: To W. H. McKnight, you are notified that on the 17th day of January, 1913, Mrs. Henry McKnight filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the May term of said court. You are required to be and appear in the premises you are required to be at the September term of said court to be held on the fourth Monday in September, 1913, to answer plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this June 4th, 1913.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

GEORGIA, Fulton County—Carrie P. Wright vs. Rufus A. Wright—Divorce. Rufus A. Wright: By order of court to me entitled that on 1st July, 1913, Carrie P. Wright filed suit against you for divorce to the September term, 1913, of said court, and you are required to be and appear at said court on the 8th day of September, 1913, then and there to answer plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. T. J. Pendleton, judge of said court, this July 1st, 1913.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

MARK BOLDING, Attorney.

F. A. Nunn vs. Janie Nunn. Divorce. In the Fulton superior court, January 30, 1913.

Notice is hereby given to all concerned that on the 30th day of January, 1913, I filed with the clerk of the superior court of said county, my petition addressed to said court returnable to the March term, 1913, to be held on the 5th day of Sept., 1913, for the removal of the disabilities resulting upon me under the verdict in the above stated cause by reason of my intermarriage with Janie Nunn, which application will be heard at the Sept. term of said court which commences on the 8th day of Sept., 1913.

GEORGIA, Fulton County.—Mrs. Elmir F. Graham vs. W. A. Graham. Superior court, September term, 1913.

To W. A. Graham: You are hereby notified that on the 30th day of July, 1913, Mrs. Elmir F. Graham filed suit against you for divorce returnable to the September term, 1913, of said court, and you are hereby required to be and appear at the September term, 1913, of said court, to be held on the fourth Monday in September, 1913, then and there to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this July 1st, 1913.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

ROLLIN H. KIMBALL, Attorney.

BERTHA E. HUMPHRIES vs. G. W. Humphries. Filed for divorce in Fulton superior court, September term, 1913. The verdict for total divorce granted the 13th day of June, 1913. Notice is hereby given to all concerned *that on the 2d day of July, 1913, I filed* with the Hon. John T. Pendleton, judge of said county my petition addressed to said court returnable to the October term, 1913, of said court, to appear at the September term, 1913, of said court, to be held on the fourth Monday in September, 1913, then and there to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. John T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this July 1st, 1913.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

BERTHA E. HUMPHRIES vs. G. W. Humphries. Filed for divorce in Fulton superior court, September term, 1913. The verdict for total divorce granted the 13th day of June, 1913. Notice is hereby given to all concerned *that on the 2d day of July, 1913, I filed* with the Hon. John T. Pendleton, judge of said county my petition addressed to said court returnable to the October term, 1913, of said court, to appear at the September term, 1913, of said court, to be held on the fourth Monday in September, 1913, then and there to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. John T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this July 1st, 1913.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

ROLLIN H. KIMBALL, Attorney.

GEORGIA, Fulton County.—C. L. Dixon vs. Nora B. Dixon.

To Nora B. Dixon: You are hereby notified that on the 1st day of July, 1913, C. L. Dixon filed suit against you for divorce in the September term, 1913. You are required to be at the September term of said court, held on the first Monday in September, to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. John T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this July 1st, 1913.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

GEORGIA, Fulton County.—By virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of said county, granted at the July term, 1913, I will sell before the courthouse door of said county, on the first Tuesday in September, 1913, within the legal hours of sale, the following property of the estate of Michael N. Blount, deceased, towit:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, State of Georgia, and particularly described as follows: Being in lot No. 59 in the subdivision of land lying and being to the south of and adjoining the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, and known as the property of Patrick Gardner and Timothy Gardner, being part of land lot 75, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, commencing on the southwest corner of Pryor street and Georgia avenue and running south along Pryor street 50 feet; thence west 155 feet; thence north 50 feet to said Georgia avenue; thence east 155 feet along said Georgia avenue to starting point.

Terms cash.

MRS. MARY A. BLOUNT,
Administratrix of the estate of Michael N. Blount, Deceased.
Daley & Chambers, Attorneys.

SHERIFF SALES FOR AUGUST, 1913.

Will be sold before the present court house door, "old city hall building," located at the northeast corner of South Pryor and Hunter streets, the said premises having been designated for the sale of the property of roads and revenues of Fulton county, as the court house in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in August, 1913, at public outcry, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest and best bidder for cash, and cash the whole, part or parts of the following described property:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, being a part of land lot fifty-four (54) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Fulton county, and fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the west side of Marietta street and running back between uniform width as front to a depth of one hundred (100) feet, and being known according to the present numbering of houses in Atlanta as No. 305 Martin street; the said lot being a part of the property conveyed by Lucy M. Long to Mary L. Amos by deed recorded in deed book 109, page 176, of the records of said county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of A. H. Ranee to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Atlanta Journal Company vs. the said A. H. Ranee and Martin Willis. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, towit: All that portion of land lot one hundred and forty (140) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Georgia, known as lot 8, of block D, of the subdivision of the West End Heights Land company recorded in plat book 1, page 49, of Fulton county, beginning at a point on the north side of Gordon street (eighty-five (85) feet east of the northeast corner of Greenwich and Hooper streets; thence northwardly two hundred and eighteen (218) feet to a fifteen (15) foot alley. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Lula Newton to satisfy a fi fa issued from the Fulton superior court in favor of Atlanta Realties Co. vs. the said H. W. Westbrook. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, towit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot one hundred and forty-seven (147) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Georgia, and known as lot number forty-five (45) of the Forrest Hills subdivision of said land lot, according to a plat of said subdivision of record in the above stated cause by reason of my intermarriage with Janie Nunn, which application will be heard at the Sept. term of said court which commences on the 8th day of Sept., 1913.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this July 1st, 1913.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

ROLLIN H. KIMBALL, Attorney.

BERTHA E. HUMPHRIES vs. G. W. Humphries. Filed for divorce in Fulton superior court, September term, 1913. The verdict for total divorce granted the 13th day of June, 1913. Notice is hereby given to all concerned *that on the 2d day of July, 1913, I filed* with the Hon. John T. Pendleton, judge of said county my petition addressed to said court returnable to the October term, 1913, of said court, to appear at the September term, 1913, of said court, to be held on the fourth Monday in September, 1913, then and there to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. John T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this July 1st, 1913.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

ROLLIN H. KIMBALL, Attorney.

Also at the same time and place the following described personal property, towit: One stiff leg derrick, one set of timber for stiff leg derrick, one set of timber for stiff leg derrick, *one orange peel dredge* ¾ *yard, one iron winch,* two 50-ton Norton jacks, one 20-ton Norton jacks, one track jack, one screw jack, one 6-inch Worthington pump, one 8-inch Worthington pump, one deep pump, one hand pump, three drapham pumps, one hundred and twenty feet 8-inch suction, one 6-inch and 8-inch 16-inch blocks, four 3-sheave 16-inch blocks, four 16-inch snatch blocks, one set fox bolts and nuts and rivets, one ⅝ wire rope 750 feet, one ⅝ wire rope 500 feet, one 1-inch and 2-sheave 12-inch blocks, one lot miscellaneous tackle blocks; one lot miscellaneous items, one double cylinder single drum engine with drum, one double cylinder double drum engine with Hitch Hoisting engine, as the property of Grant Wilkins to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of A. Wilkins vs. the said Grant Wilkins. This property being difficult and expensive to move the same will be sold at the said levy and against the court house door on the day of sale, but will be left on the premises at the corner of the corner of State street and Harwell Place in the city of Atlanta, said state and county.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, towit: One lot of typewriters, one rolletop desk, one typewriter desk, twelve small tables, eighteen office chairs, one office chair, one typewriter chair, one standing desk, two safe file cases, one lot of books, a lot of stationery and supplies, as the property of Grant Wilkins to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of A. Wilkins vs. the said Grant Wilkins. This property being difficult and expensive to move the same will be sold at the said levy and against the court house door on the day of sale, but will be left on the premises at the corner of the corner of State street and Harwell Place in the city of Atlanta, said state and county.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, towit: Sixty-five (65) shares of stock in Standard Gas Engine Company, of Atlanta, Ga., Certificate No. 214 for twenty-six (26) shares of stock in Trust Company of the South. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Lula Kaufman to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Dr. Leonard Kaufman vs. Mrs. Lula Kaufman.

Also at the same time and place the following described personal property towit: Sixty-five (65) shares of stock in the

TEXT OF M'CRORY BILL FOR CHEAPER TEXT BOOKS

Only Copy Book, Fifth Reader and Primary History of U. S. Included

Representative R. C. McCrory, who has led the movement for cheaper text books for the public schools, has sent a copy of his bill to The Journal with the request that it be published in order that every one may familiarize himself with the contents of the bill.

Representative McCrory draws attention to the fact that his idea is not to include all school books in the first experiment, but only three, the copy book, fifth reader and primary history of the United States being the ones suggested by the state school superintendent.

The bill which provides also for a text book commission and an educational clerk, follows :

A bill to be entitled an act to create a special text book commission for the state of Georgia, to define their duties and to provide for an educational clerk, and define his duties and compensation, and to provide how certain text books used in the schools of this state shall be edited and electrotyped and approved and copyrighted, and let to the lowest bidder for publication by competitive bids, and for extending the present school book contracts for five years, and for other purposes.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Georgia, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that from and after the passage of this bill there shall be in the said state of Georgia a special text book commission to be composed of the governor and the other members of the state board of education of the state. The members of said special text book commission shall perform this special service without compensation, the governor shall be president and the state superintendent of schools shall be the executive officer of said special text book commission.

Section 2. Before transacting any business relating to the duties of this special text book commission, they each shall take an oath as follows:

"We and each of us do swear that we are not interested directly or indirectly in the publication or sale of any school book in use in the common or high schools of said state, and we further swear that we will not become so for and during the out term of office. We further swear that we will faithfully and to the best of our ability represent the interest of the school children of said state. So help us, God."

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the state superintendent of schools shall edit, secure or prepare the manuscript for the fifth reader, copy books and a primary history of the United States and submit the text of these to the special text book commission, and when approved by the said special text book commission and superintendent, shall have said texts electrotyped, including drawings, half-tones and such other work as may be necessary, and copyright same. Said work shall be let to the lowest bidder, and accompanying said bid shall be an affidavit from the manager or owner of said printing plant that said plant is not a member of any trusts or combinations, the purpose of which is to maintain or regulate prices, but that it is a free and independent printing plant, and the cost of providing for the above mentioned books shall be paid out of the state school fund.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That said superintendent of schools is hereby authorized to appoint an educational clerk, and when said appointment is approved by the governor of said state, said clerk shall act under the direction of the state superintendent of schools for the purpose of aiding in the preparation of such manuscripts, or in securing copyrights and publication privileges upon a royalty, rent or cash payment basis of said books or plates of books, as are privded for in Section 3 of this act. Said clerk shall receive a salary of $2,000 a year, to be paid out of the state school fund.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That as soon as said text books shall have been electrotyped, and the plates provided, said board shall advertise in four papers in this state having a general circulation, for thirty days, for bids for printing and binding said books, and shall specify the number, approximately, to be so printed and bound, and the time for said contract to run shall not be less than five and not more than ten years; and said commission shall, as near as possible, specify the number of books, kind of type, number of illustrations, if any, and also the kind of material to be used in the printing and binding of said books, and said bidders shall be required at the time of submitting their bids to make and subscribe the oath as provided for in electrotyping these texts.

Section 6. Be it further enacted, that each bidder shall furnish samples of the paper and other material to be used in the publication and binding of said books, and shall also deposit with the treasurer of said state the sum of $200, which shall be liquidated damages should said bidder be awarded the contract and refuse to comply with the same; but if said bid be rejected, or the bidder faithfully comply with said bid then said money shall be returned to said bidder.

Section 7. Be it further enacted, that said special text book commission shall award said contract to print and bind said school books to the lowest satisfactory bidder.

Section 8. Be it further enacted, that when notice of the acceptance of the bid of any publisher shall be made, that said publisher shall enter into a good and valid bond in the sum of not less than $1,000 for the faithful performance of said contract. That said bond shall be filed with the treasurer of said state, after approval by said special text book commission. Suit may be brought thereon in the name of the state for any breach thereof, and said bidder shall designate some one in Fulton county, Ga., upon whom service may be perfected.

Section 9. Be it further enacted, that the state shall not be liable to any contractor for the expense of publication of said books, but such contractors shall receive their pay from the *sale of said school books, as provided* in this act.

Section 10. Be it further enacted, that when a book has been printed by the authority of said board it shall be unlawful for any teacher in the schools of this state to use any book in place of the one so selected and published, and said publishers shall keep for sale in each county of this state said books with the price printed on the back thereof, and no person shall sell or offer for sale said book for more than the price so stated on the back thereof, said price to be agreed upon by said publisher and said special text book commission; except that supplementary reader, or history, or copy books may be used when necessary.

Section 11. Be it further enacted, that the publishers shall also agree to sell said books at wholesale prices, so the same can be purchased in lots, at the printing plant, and said sales shall be regulated by agreement between said special commission and said publisher.

Section 12. Be it further enacted, that the state board of education is hereby authorized to make new contracts for school books for five years, at the regular time, as provided by law, this year, except as to the three books named, with the proviso that said contract can be abrogated as to any adoption after six months' notice to the publishers of said book or books.

Section 13. Be it further enacted, that all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act be, and the same are, hereby repealed.

IN THE LIMELIGHT

BY CURTIS.

HE IS IN THE RACE FOR ELECTION TO THE UNITED STATES SENATE, 1914
RALPH O. COCHRAN
REPRESENTATIVE FROM FULTON COUNTY
HOW MUCH DO YOU WANT OFFERED?
"I'LL TAKE IT!!"
AT A DEAD ESTATE SALE, HE HAS PUT ONE O. A NUMBER OF LODGE DEALS
BUYING & SELLING REAL ESTATE
THANKS!!
THEY MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE
YOUNG MAN, YOU SHOULD LIVE IN ATLANTA THE GREATEST CITY IN THE U. S. A.
THAT MUST BE SOME TOWN!
HE IS A MEMBER OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND A BOOSTER FOR ATLANTA
EVERYBODY KNOWS HIM

Lincoln's Son Golfs On His 70th Birthday

MANCHESTER, Vt., Aug. 2.—Robert T. Lincoln, son of President Lincoln and former secretary of war, is now a sptuagenarian. He celebrated his seventieth birthday last evening with a dinner party which included Horace G. Young and George H. Thatcher, of Albany, and Robert M. Jenney, of Philadelphia, who with Mr. Lincoln comprise what is called the "Lincoln foursome."

HUE OPPOSES CUT IN POWER OF RECORDER

Would Leave It to People to Decide Whether Powers Should Be Cut

Senator G. M. Huie, of the Thirty-fifth district, made a strong plea against the reduction of the recorder's powers in the new Atlanta charter bill when it was considered Friday afternoon in senate committee meeting.

The charter bill provides for a referendum clause and a curtailing of the authority of the city recorder. Following Senator Huie's speech against the latter clause the committee decided to defer action on the bill. Senator Huie probably will draw up an amendment to the bill by which the objectionable clause will be stricken.

In his speech Senator Huie suggested that the question of the new charter and its provisions be submitted to the people for decision. He said that he would do this by letting a popular vote be taken on each question separately.

According to his plan, the people should vote on the new charter without the refrendum clause and without the clause in regard to the recorder's powers. The two latter should be voted on separately, said the senator.

The general judiciary committee of the senate considered Senator Ford's bill removing Dougherty county from *the Albany judicial circuit to the south*-western judicial circuit. So much objection was raised to this measure by certain citizens of the county that Senator Ford was allowed to withdraw it.

GYPSY SMITH, EVANGELIST, SPENDS NIGHT IN CITY

Famous Preacher En Route to Sam Jones Memorial Meeting

After spending one night in Atlanta, "Gypsy" Smith, the world-famous evangelist of Cambridge, England, left Saturday morning for Cartersville, Ga., where he will take a prominent part in the Sam Jones memorial services which begin there Sunday.

Mr. Smith has traveled over nearly the entire English speaking world on evangelistic tours. This is his eleventh visit to the United States. He was in Atlanta six years ago, when he spoke at a revival being conducted by Dr. Broughton.

He is called "Gypsy" because he was born in the tent of a roving gypsy band in England and remained with them until he was seventeen years of age. The effects of his early outdoor life can easily be seen in his swarthy, healthy face, and the spring in his steps. He looks the part of a gypsy, having deep black eyes and raven hair.

Free Organ Concerts Will Keep Right On

The departure of Dr. Percy J. Starnes will not interfere with the free Sunday concerts at the auditorium. They will continue with even greater regularity, if possible than in the past.

The organist for the free concert this coming Sunday afternoon will be Charles A. Sheldon, Jr., whose ability is well known to the Atlanta public. Mr. Sheldon played the auditorium organ for all the concerts of the Atlanta Auditorium chorus, when Dr. Starnes directed the singers.

The program will include a symphonic composition by Frysinger, a gavotte by Ambroise Thomas, something from Dvorak, an original composition by Mr. Sheldon, and will conclude with the "War March of the Priests," from the opera "Athalie."

POLICE STILL HUNT NEGRO WIFE-KILLER

Since Friday night the police have been unsuccesful in their efforts to locate Ed J. Thomas, negro, aged thirty-five years, who stabbed and killed Emma Thomas, his eighteen-year-old wife, in his home, 495 Auburn avenue about 9 o'clock.

No motive is assigned for the crime. Thomas and his wife had quarreled *earlier in the day, but had become ap*parently reconciled when the woman's parents and several friends came to see them. All except Thomas were in a room playing cards when Thomas called his wife to him.

Immediately after joining Thomas the woman screamed, and when the others ran to her they found she had been stabbed with a pocketknift. The blade penetrated the heart and caused almost instant death.

Thomas immediately fled. The police were summoned and Call Officers Milam and Palmer put on the case, but the negro had made his escape. Thomas was an employe of the Manning Compress company.

HUSBAND NAILED RUBBER ON GATES

Wife so Weak and Nervous Could Not Stand Least Noise — How Cured.

Munford, Ala.—"I was so weak and nervous while passing through the Change of Life that I could hardly live. My husband had to nail rubber on all the gates for I could not stand it to have a gate slam.

"I also had backache and a fullness in my stomach. I noticed that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was advertised for such cases and I sent and got a bottle. It did me so much good that I kept on taking it and found it to be all you claim. I recommend your Compound to all women afflicted as I was."—Mrs. P. P. MULLENDORE, Munford, Alabama.

An Honest Dependable Medicine is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. A Root and Herb medicine originated nearly forty years ago by Lydia E. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., for controlling female ills.

Its wonderful success in this line has made it the safest and most dependable medicine of the age for women and no woman suffering from female ills does herself justice who does not give it a trial.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

PEOPLE who pay RENT usually do NOT look into the future—but they REGRET their "shortsightedness" when their "earning" years are gone—and they have NOT provided a home for self and family! But folks who DO look into the future and BUY a home—enjoy the COMFORTS resulting from their "farsightedness."

We will sell you a handsome house, on DIVIDED PAYMENTS—namely $100 down, and as little as $21 a month—at CAPITOL VIEW which is inside of Atlanta's City limits—only an 18-minute street car ride from the Postoffice. Phone us for full information—or call at our office!

W. D. BEATIE, 207 Equitable Building *Bell, Main 3520 Atlanta Phone, 3520*

SENATE PENAL REFORM BILL BACKED BY JUDGES

House May Pass Measures to Reform Convict System

With the concurrence of the state prison board and the of the superior court judges all over the state, the senate has passed two measures which seem destined to revolutionize the methods of dealing with convicts in Georgia.

They do not interfere with the system of putting convicts on the roads. In fact, Chairman Davison of the prison board believes that the changes will increase the efficiency of the convicts in road building; but they do change entirely the attitude of the state toward the convict, and give the convict a chance to work out his own salvation.

The first of the two measures legalizes the right of the judge to suspend sentence and provides that an adult for whom sentence has been suspended may be freed on probation.

The second measure provides for the indeterminate sentence of convicts instead of sentencing them to a fixed term of years.

The first passed the senate unanimously and the second by a vote of 27 to 3. Both have been recommended for passage, by the house committees, and, so far as is known, no opposition to them has developed from any source.

The bills themselves sound complicated, because of the various safeguards and restrictions which are thrown around the proposed changes, but the operation of each measure is extremely simple.

The probation and suspension of sentence bill means simply that the trial court has a right to suspend sentence and yet exercise a supervision over the sentenced man. For instance, when a man is sentenced for abandonment of wife and child, the judge, if he deems it wise, can sentence the man to the chaingang, and the nelt him go free on probation, on condition that he goes to work and supports his family. By the same method, a first offender can be given a second chance, and yet can be kept under the restraining eye of the court. It is an application, in a limited way, of the children's court probation system to adults.

The indeterminate sentence bill is equally simple. After excluding lifetermers, persons convicted of previous felonies or convicted for criminal assault or attempted criminal assault, it provides that a convict shall be sentenced for an indeterminate period instead of a fixed number of years. A felony convict, for instance, instead of getting a straight ten-year sentence, may be sentenced for not less than five and not more than fifteen years. This means that he has to work out *his own* salvation. If he is good in deportment and works hard, he gets out at the end of the minimum time. If he remains vicious, he stays in to the maximum. *It helps the men who are worth helping,* and it keeps the abandoned and vicious crook behind the bars.

THEATRES

(Criticisms of initial performances at the local theaters are written by members of The Journal staff. All other matter appearing in this column is furnished by the theater managements.)

FORSYTH—Vaudeville.
GRAND—Motion Pictures.
BIJOU—Tabloid Musical Comedy.

There will be four more performances of the "Girl from Dublin" at the Bijou, concluding the engagement with tonight's performance.

Much interest is being shown in the announcement of next week's attraction, which will be Lew Cantor's original comedy entitled, "Along the Pike," with Nat C. Baker and H. J. O'Neill in the comedy roles. A large company will be seen in support of these two clever comedians, including one of the prettiest chorouses that has appeared on the Bijou stage this season. The program promises at least a dozen new and original musical numbers that are bound to become very popular before the end of the week. The engagement begins with the matinee Monday afternoon.

The Alaska-Siberian pictures will be seen for the last times matinee and night today at the Grand.

For next week—at 10 cents at any time for any seat—the management will offer two big features just released in New York. The offering for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday will be 'Zigomar, the Eel Skin," the most sensational four-reel subject that has been made, and for the rest of the week, "Balaoo, the Demon Baboon."

The afternoon exhibition will start at 2:30 *and there* will be two complete performances lasting about an hour and a half each. At night the program will be continued, starting at 8:30.

Matinee and night performances on Saturday conclude the stay of the Keith acts that have been so entertaining this week at the Forsyth.

On Monday a new seven-act program will be introduced, and the regular schedule of performances will be given.

The new bill is made up of acts that have ben selected with the greatest possible care.

One of the features will be the Eight Berlin Madcaps, an octette of pretty girls who have been the big features with Eddie Foy in "Over the River," during the long season of the comedian just closed. The young ladies are remarkable dancers and will create quite an impression. Robert Everett's Monkey Hippodrome promises to be a treat. This act is made up of a troupe of trained monks. Van Hoven, the "Dippy Mad Magician," will make things hum while he is performing, and Annie Kent, "the little Jester," promises to become a popular favorite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
Brent Good

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
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$150,000 FOR THE DISCOVERY OF HOW TO USE A VEGETABLE

The discovery of how to use a vegetable in the right way has made for a young European singer a fortune. The singer, who had suffered for years with severe indigestion, made the recipe to contain the vegetable, which had been mentioned to him by a celebrated French doctor as a marvelous digestive. The great cooks of Europe have pronounced Waw-Waw unequalled and the success of this sauce has been phenomenal. Add a little Waw-Waw to the cooking and in the soups, salads, with hot and cold meats and fish and notice how easily you digest your food.

Ask Your Grocer for Waw-Waw Sauce.
H. L. SINGER CO.,
Wholesale Distributors.

BALTIMORE, MD.
$20.85—Round Trip—$20.85
Tickets on sale August 1, 2 and 3. Return limit August 15. Through electric lighted steel sleeping cars; dining cars on most convenient schedules.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

A famous scientist condemns the light bottle

We reprint herewith an extract from an opinion rendered by a famous scientist showing that beer in light bottles can not remain pure.

"*Beer bottles should be* manufactured from *reddish-brown glass,* inasmuch as same will to a much higher degree than any other kind of glass, minimize the influence of the rays of light on the quality of beer, and *will protect the latter against acquiring the disagreeable taste* (Sonnengeschmack) due to the chemical action of light. • • • • •

"In *white and green glass* bottles the beer is most affected by the action of the light. Such bottles are, therefore, absolutely inappropriate and *should never be employed by brewers.*"

(Signed) Prof. Dr. F. Schonfeld.

From the Illustrated Brewery Encyclopedia, p. 99 (Illustriertes Brauerei Lexikon.) Published by Dr. Max Delbruck, Privy Councillor, Professor at the Royal Agricultural College and Director of the Institute for Fermentology at Berlin. Berlin: 1910.

Schlitz is made pure and the Brown Bottle keeps it pure from the brewery to your glass.

Bell Phone 2055 Main
Sig. Sanitek & Co.
Distributors
21 West Mitchell Street
Atlanta, Ga.
Family trade solicited. Out-of-town orders promptly filled. Write for prices.

Schlitz
The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

DR. J. W. HURT, CORONER'S PHYSICIAN, GIVES EXPERT TESTIMONY

(Continued from Page 1.)

he was looking out o fthe window."

"What were you doing there?"

"I was sent there to watch Frank and the factory?"

"You knew he was going to be arrested, then, didn't you?"

"No, sir, I didn't."

"Do you mean to tell me that you didn't know he was going to be arrested?"

"Well, I thought he was."

"You knew he was detained at the station house the day before for three or four hours, didn't you?"

"No, sir, I didn't know he was detained there."

DR. HURT TESTIFIES.

Dr. J. W. Hurt, the coroner's physician, was called to the stand.

"What is your profession?" interrogated the solicitor.

"I am a physician."

"How long have you been a physician?"

"Since 1884."

"Have you any connection with the county?"

"Yes, I am a county official."

"What kind of a county official?"

"County physician."

"How long have you held this position?"

"This time since the first of January."

"Have you ever held it before?"

"Yes."

"How long."

"About four years."

"How long since your previous time as county physician?"

"About three years."

"As county physician, what are your duties?"

"I am required to attend all inquests."

"What college did you graduate from?"

"I graduated at the old Atlanta school of regular medicine. I took my post graduate course at the Polyclinic in New York."

"Did you ever see the body of Mary Phagan? If so, when?"

"Yes, at the undertaker's shop on Sunday morning, April 27."

"Now, tell the jury the condition in which you found this body."

DESCRIBES WOUNDS.

"I was called to Bloomfield's undertaking establishment on South Pryor street by phone about 9 o'clock Sunday morning, April 27. The coroner called me. I saw Mary Phagan's body there. There was a scalp wound on the rear left side of the head about two and a half inches long. It was about four inches back from the top of the left ear. The wound penetrated through the scalp to the skull. The right eye was black and contused. There were minor scratches on the face and cheek *and contusions on the forehead though* the skin was not broken. The skin on the other cheek was broken. There was a wound two and a half inches long on the left leg about three inches below the knee. There were scratches on both the left and right elbows. There was a cord around the neck drawn tightly into the skin."

The solicitor handed to Dr. Hurt one of the cords from his table. The witness examined it. He declared it looked like the cord he found around the girl's neck.

"*What caused Mary Phagan's death?*" asked the solicitor.

DIED OF STRANGULATION.

"In my opinion she died from strangulation produced by the cord. There was another piece of cloth lying loose over her chest and around her hair, but the cord was next to the skin and under the hair."

"Was the cord imbedded in the skin?"

"Yes, it had made a considerable indentation in the neck."

"How deep?"

"Very marked."

"You saw the knot in the cord?"

"Yes."

"Was it imbedded in the skin, too?"

"Yes, on the side of the neck."

"Was there any swelling in the neck?"

"Yes."

"What did that indicate?"

"It indicated great contusion and strangulation."

"Was the cord applied before or after death?"

"Before death."

"What was the *character of the* wound in the back of the head?"

BLUNT WEAPON USED.

"It was about two and a half inches long, and seemed to have been made by a blunt edged instrument. The blow evidently had been delivered upward, for the upper edge of the scalp was loose."

"Was this wound made before or after death?"

"Before death."

"What was the effect of this wound?"

"It undoubtedly produced unconsciousness."

"Did you find any blood *about the* body or on the wounds?"

"Not much."

"Tell the jury about the wound over the right eye."

"The right eye was black and blue, and contused, though the skin was not broken."

"Was this wound made before or after death?"

"Before death."

"What sort of an instrument produced this wound?"

"It was evidently a substance that was somewhat soft, because the *skin* was not broken."

"Could it have been produced with a fist?"

"Yes."

OTHER WOUNDS.

"Tell the jury about the wound on the left leg."

"There was a superficial wound below the knee, about half an inch wide and about three and a half inches long."

"You say there were bruises and scratches on the face?"

"Yes; a good many, on both cheeks and forehead."

"Were these wounds produced before or after death?"

"After death."

"What do you say theywere produced after death?"

"Because I examined them closely and found no blood."

Dr. Hurt testified that he found blood on the child's underclothing. He found no evidence of violence. In reply to questions he stated that he made no examination of the blood vessels, on the condition of which Dr. Harris had based his conclusions as to reference to violence of some kind having been committed.

ARNOLD TAKES WITNESS.

Attorney Arnold conducted the cross-examination.

"What part did you examine first?"

"Her face and the exposed injuries."

"Had the face the appearance of having been dragged?"

"It had. It seemed to me that the body had been dragged face forward."

"You said that the wound in the back of the head near the ear was two and one-half inches long. Dr. Harris testified that it was one and one-half inches long. Now, which is correct?"

Dr. Hurt looked at his notes and said: "We both were wrong. I measured the wound and it was two and one-quarter inches long."

"What sort of an instrument did you say produced that wound?"

"A sharp edged instrument. I don't mean a knife."

"Could the corner of an elevator shaft or the corner of a floor have caused it?"

"A right angled board or instrument, any instrument with a right angled edge could have caused it."

"Doctor, did you are doing about this *is guessing, isn't it?*"

"No."

"Well, all there is to expert testimony is guessing, isn't it? nAnd the best guesser is the best witness, isn't he?"

"I wouldn't say that."

INSIDE THE SKULL.

"Doctor, was there any damage on the inside of the skull?"

"There was a very slight damage there."

"Could you see it with the naked eye?"

"Yes."

"Well, were the brain tissues injured?"

"No. There was a slight contusion on the inside of the skull. The skull was not fractured."

"You mean there was an impression on the inner table of the skull?"

"Yes."

"Was there any blood there?"

"There was a slight hemorrhage."

"Now, doctor, isn't it too much of a strain on you or any other doctor to ask you to testify that this wound produced unconsciousness?"

"I don't think so. It is my opinion that it did."

"Oh, well," said Mr. Arnold, "we are just getting back to opinions."

HYPOTHETICAL QUESTIONS.

Mr. Arnold asked a number of hypothetical questions relative to fractures and contusions, and brought out the statement that some men remain conscious even after the skull is fractured, and that many men die of concussions when the skull is not even fractured. He brought from the witness, apparently, that the witness would not say positively *that the blow on the door* he said. He produced unconsciousness, but that it was merely his opinion.

"Can't you produce every conceivable effect on the faculties, short of death, by injuries to the brain?"

"Almost," answered Dr. Hurt.

"What faculty the death of the brain is just by this abrasion?"

Dr. Hurt studied a moment and said that he did not remember.

"Can't a thousand different effects be produced?"

"I wouldn't say a thousand, but a good many."

"What makes you say that one little hemorrhage that you and Harris looked for so long and so carefully produced a given effect?"

"I am only giving an opinion."

"There was no pressure on the brain, was there?"

"No."

"Well, doctor ,after all, all you mean is that the blow might have caused unconsciousness?"

"Yes."

"Could the blow have killed her?"

"Not in my opinion."

"Well ,couldn't she have been killed by the nervous shock of that blow? People often are ,aren't they?"

"People have been killed so, but she was not, in my opinion."

DIDN'T EXAMINE LUNGS.

"Opinions again!" snorted Mr. Arnold. "In a post mortem examination, isn't the only way that you can really tell fkrom a scientific medical standpoint that death was produced by strangulation, an examination of the condition of the lungs?" Dr. Hurt admitted that he had not examined the lungs. He based his opinion that death was caused by strangulation upon the fact that the cord was imbedded in her neck, her tongue protruded and her features were distorted.

Dr. Hurt admitted, in answer to Mr. Arnold's questions, that he found no sign of a struggle at all. He also admitted that there probably would have been evidence of such an assault had one been committed.

Dr. Hurt admitted that various causes could have *produced inflammation*. External violence was not absolutely necessary to cause inflammation of the blood vessel said he.

He again declared he would not say a criminal attack had been made.

"Were you present when Dr. Harris made a post mortem examination of Mary Phagan's body?"

"Yes."

"Did he examine the lungs?"

"Yes."

"At the time you examined the body was it swollen?"

"*Decomposition had not started.*"

ATTACKS HARRIS TESTIMONY.

"Doctor, what is the one of the hardest things to digest that goes into the stomach ,isn't it?"

"It depends on the individual to a certain extent. Cabbage is considered a hard food to digest."

"Well, then, doctor, isn't every person's stomach to a certain extent a law unto itself?"

"To a certain extent, yes."

"Well, now, doesn't it usually take about three and one-half hours for cabbage to be digested?"

"It depends a great deal on the mastication. I should say that it would take about that time for complete digestion."

In answer to other questions, Dr. Hurt testified that he believed wheat bread would be much easier to digest than cabbage.

"Couldn't you chew bread until it went down in the stomach in almost a liquid condition?"

"Oh, yes."

"Suppose a child, eating a meal hurriedly, say to catch a street car, didn't chew the cabbage thoroughly. It would take a much longer time, then, to dissolve than if well chewed."

"Yes."

"Don't you think a doctor is making a wild guess, then, if he is taking a piece of cabbage"—

Solicitor Dorsey objected to the question. Mr. Arnold, said he, was aimed at the testimony of Dr. Harris. "Let the jury decide on which doctor is speculating," said the solicitor.

NO DIGESTION WHILE UNCONSCIOUS.

"If a person becomes unconscious, does digestion go on?"

"Yes."

"A snake swallows a rabbit, and goes right to sleep, doesn't it, and the digestion goes on?"

"I don't know."

"If the digestion goes on when a person is asleep, and not when a person is abnormally unconscious, what is the difference between the two states of unconsciousness?"

"One is natural and the other is unnatural."

"Some digestion goes on during unconsciousness, doesn't it?"

"I don't think so."

"The circulation of blood and the secretion of gastric juices are the qualities that make up digestion, are they not?"

"Yes."

"Well, the gastric juices don't change their natural qualities during unnatural unconsciousness, do they?"

"Oh, I don't mean to say that."

"I believe you said it was a wild guess a while ago, to say that the *girl* was unconscious before death?"

Solicitor Dorsey objected, contending that the doctor had made no such statement. Attorney Arnold withdrew the question.

"You did not make a chemical or a microscopical examination?"

"I did not."

"Have the medical men experimented as to the time consumed by normal persons in digesting food?"

"Yes."

"Solicitor Dorsey exhibited the glass bottles containing the stomach contents ,*which had* been produced by *Dr.* Haris Friday. He put hypothetical questions to the witness ,and got the answer from Dr. Hurt that the cabbage taken from Mary Phagan's stomach must have been there only a short time.

"How long do you think it was there?"

Mr. Arnold objected. For ten minutes he strove to break down Dr. Haris' theory.

"Your honor, it is manifestly, unfair," said he to the court, "to allow this witness to answer that question *when he doesn't know* all the facts. It is evident from the appearance of this cabbage that it was swallowed practically whole. He does not know how long the men who ate the cabbage exhibited in these other glasses chewed it, nor does he know the comparative state of their digestive organs, nor anything about the condition of the cabbage when they ate it. Simply by mastication, cabbage may be reduced practically to a liquid before it enters the stomach. I think the question is unfair."

Solicitor Dorsey contended that they could never learn all of the facts, and that the question as a legal and commonsense proposition was fair. He pointed out that they could not know how many teeth the girl had nor how many teeth the men had. They could never tell how long the cabbage that she ate ha dbeen cooked nor how long the cabbage that men ate had been cooked, nor whether the cabbage was tender or whether it was tough.

It was at this juncture that the trial was stopped for a few moments because of the newspaper headline.

HEADLINE INTERRUPTS.

Mr. Dorsey resumed his redirect examination of Dr. Hurt, following the interruption caused by the newspaper headline.

Solicitor Dorsey picked up the bottle containing the sample of cabbage from Mary Phagan's stomach, and the two other samples taken from the stomachs of other persons, and held them up so that Dr. Hurt could see them.

"Assuming, Dr. Hurt, that this substance in these two bottles had been in the *stomach of a normal person for* an hour, how long would you say this cabbage had been in the stomach?" He indicated the cabbage taken from Mary Phagan's stomach.

"About much shorter time. I should judge from the appearance that the one was in the stomach I should say about one-half the time of that of the others."

"Have there or not been blows upon people's skulls which crushed in the skull without producing death?"

"Yes."

Attorney Arnold took up the witness *again for cross-examination.*

"Looking like a liquid depends on how much this cabbage was chewed, doesn't it?" he asked.

"Yes."

Attorney Arnold held up the sample of cabbage taken from Mary Phagan's stomach.

"hat looked like it had been bolted, doesn't it? Like a child will bolt meals?"

"It wasn't well chewed."

"Isn't it a wild inquiry, doctor, to ask from the contents of a stomach how long they had been in the stomach?"

"I won't commit myself."

CHIEF BEAVERS CALLED.

"Isn't it possible for a blow on the head to blacken one or both eyes? Doesn't such a blow sometimes have this effect?"

"It sometimes does."

his concluded Dr. Hurt's testimony. Chief of Police James L. Beavers was called to the stand.

Before the solicitor could begin the examination of the witness, Attorney Rosser inquired if Chief Beavers had not been in the court room before.

"Not today," replied the chief.

"But you have been in the court room during this trial?"

"Yes, I've been here twice."

Solicitor Dorsey interrupted with the statement that he didn't know until Friday afternoon that he would summon the witness.

Proceeding with the examination, the solicitor inquired as to the identity of the witness. The witness said that he is chief of police in the city of Atlanta, and has been chief for two years. Prior to that he was a captain for two years. He went to the pencil factory on Tuesday, April 29, he thought it was.

"Did you see the area around the girls' dressing room and the water cooler on the second floor?"

ROSSER OBJECTS TO WITNESS.

Attorney Rosser remarked to the court: "I don't think, your honor, it is enough for the state to say they didn't know they were going to call this witness until this morning. The solicitor knew what information this witness *possessed, and what information* others possessed."

"Your honor," said Solicitor Dorsey. "if the witness had been sworn and stayed in the court room it would not have made any particular difference upon the testimony that I will ask him to give. However, I did not know until yesterday afternoon that I might call him, and I didn't determine until this morning that I would use the witness. The same thing was true of Mrs. Jefferson. I did not know I would call her until just a short time before she was put upon the stand."

"Proceed with the examination of the witness, Mr. Dorsey," directed the court.

The solicitor repeated his question. "If so tell what you found there," he added.

"Yes, I examined the area and found blood spots on the floor near the dressing room. The blood appeared to have been spattered."

"Did you see anything else on the floor except this blood?"

"Nothing special."

"Describe the appearance of the blood."

"It looked like blood."

Attorney Rosser cross-examined the witness.

"You saw that Tuesday, captain?"

"I think so."

TRIES TO TRAP BEAVERS.

"Why, certainly, wasn't this blood chipped up early Monday morning?"

"I'm not sure about that. I was there when it was chipped up. It may have been Monday."

"You didn't analyze this stain to determine whether it was blood?"

"No, sir."

"You are not a chemist?"

"No, sir, but it looked like blood to me."

"You saw them chip up the blood?"

"Yes."

"How many chips did they take?"

"Two, I think."

"Now, captain, didn't they take four or five chips?"

"No, sir. I didn't see them take but two."

"You don't know whether they took up any more chips afterwards?"

"No, sir."

"Who was present when the chips were taken?"

"Detectives Starnes and Campbell."

"All the chips taken up had this substance on them?"

"Yes."

Mr. Rosser sat down. The solicitor handed to the witness some chips and asked him to identify them, but before the witness could make any statement Mr. Rosser put another question.

"Do you know Barrett?"

"I believe they said that was the man's name."

"The man whow as chipping it up, eh?"

"Yes."

The witness then stated that the chips handed to him by the solicitor looked like those taken from the pencil factory floor.

"These chips haven't been in your possession, have they?"

"No, sir."

Chief Beavrs was excused from the stand.

The solicitor called for City Detective Rosser, who did not answer; for Sergeant Dobbs, who did not answer, and for Policeman Robert Lassiter, who responded and took the stand.

Policeman Lassiter testified that he found the parasol of Mary Phagan, with a ball of wrapping twine beside it, at the bottom of the elevator shaft. He was cross-examined by Attorney Rosser, who asked him if he did not find a trace of a body being dragged in the basement. He did, he said. He found that trace first at a point between the foot of the ladder and the rear of the building.

"Didn't you follow it back to the foot of the ladder?" asked Attorney Rosser.

"OBJECTIONS ARE SUSTAINED.

"No; to the elevator shaft," answered the witness.

"When you were testifying at the inquest, didn't you at one time say you traced it to the elevator and another time say you traced it to the foot of the ladder?"

The witness said he did not think so; that he knew that he traced it to the elevator shaft. The witness admitted that the pencil factory was on his beat. He passed it in the rear about 1 o'clock Sunday morning and found it closed. *He didn't try the door,* he said. He found the parasol between 6 and 7 o'clock Sunday morning, he said. The witness said that he did not know whether the elevator stops flat on the ground floor at the bottom of the shaft. The witness concluded there.

Judge Roan asked Mr. Dorsey if he had another brief witness to put up. The solicitor answered in the negative, and at 5:25 o'clock Judge Roan adjourned court until 9 o'clock Monday morning.

DR. H. F. HARRIS.

Secretary of the Georgia state board of health, who testified that Mary Phagan was dead within less than an hour after she ate her last dinner at home.

HIS TESTIMONY VITAL FOR STATE

MISS SMITH DECLARES DARLEY WAS INCORRECT

Miss Mattie Smith has given The Journal a statement in which she says that a part of the testimony of N. V. Darley at the Frank trial in reference to her was not true. Mr. Darley stated that on April 26 Miss Smith told him that her father was dying and asked him to help bear the funeral expenses. Miss Smith says that she merely told Darley that her father was very low and that she said nothing about helping with the funeral expenses.

When Father Dies His Son Makes Two Suicidal Attempts

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

TIFTON, Ga., Aug. 2.—Upon being told that his father was dead, Edward Yaun, a young white farmer living three miles east of Tifton, made two unsuccessful attempts to end his life last night. His father, Jesse Yaun, was taken ill Wednesday and when told yesterday that there was no hope of recovery, Edward said if his father died he would go with him.

An hour after Edward was told of his father's death last night, he walked out of the room and stabbed himself in the throat with a pocket knife. The wound was an inch too high to prove fatal, the blade ranging upward toward the mouth instead of going straight into the throat.

His three sons, Sullivan, Jesse and Ivan waked over to the woodpile and picking up the axe, struck himself a violent blow in the center of the forehead. He was found by members of the family a short while afterwards, lying unconscious in the yard. He will recover.

American Bacteria Are Entirely Too Vigorous For Ultra Violet Rays

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Although the ultra violet rays may sterilize water in Europe, the vigorous bacteria in American milk will not succumb to their influence. This discovery has just been made by chemists of the department of agriculture, following a series of experiments. *The scientists found that while* the rays were efficacious in disposing of much of the bacteria, many of the pathogenic, or disease-producing, germs survive.

The department chemists found it was impossible to sterilize completely even dirty milk containing as high as 5,000,000 per cubic centimeter. Further inquiry as to the means adopted by the European scientists in the use of the rays probably will be made.

FUNERAL OVER BODY OF ANTHONY N. BRADY HELD

(By Associated Press.)

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 2.—The funeral of Anthony N. Brady, financier, who died in London July 22, took place today from the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception.

There was no eulogy. The boys and girls of the St. Vincent's Orphan asylum were among the two thousand occupied seats in the crowded cathedral.

After the services in the church the body was taken to Brady mausoleum in St. Agnes cemetery.

The pallbearers included C. K. G. Billings, New Orleans; Clapp, Chicago; George H. Cortelyou, Timothy S. Williams, Morgan J. O'Brien, William F. Sheehan, New York, and C. E. James, Chattanooga.

NEW WEST POINT CLUB PERFECTS ORGANIZATION

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

WEST POINT, Ga., Aug. 2.—The members of the Riverside club Tuesday afternoon met in the office of George H. Lanier and perfected a permanent organization by adopting a constitution and by-laws and electing officers as follows: President, George H. Lanier; vice president, Phil Hagedorn; secretary and treasurer, George S. Cobb; directors, Phil Lanier, R. W. Jennings, J. M. Poer, J. A. Avary, Horace Lanier and J. T. Johnson.

The building committee reported that the club house would be ready for occupancy by the middle of October, if not earlier.

MR. G. A. SHEEHAN DIES AT SAVANNAH HOME

News has been received in Atlanta of the death of Mr. G. A. Sheehan at his home in Savannah, Ga., Friday afternoon.

He is survived by one brother, J. E. Sheehan, of Augusta; one sister, Mrs. Cora Norman, of Atlanta, and two nieces, Mrs. Philip Nuan and Miss Grace C. Alman, both of Atlanta.

PROTECTORATE PROPOSAL FOR NICARAGUA KILLED

Senator Bacon Will Ask Secretary Bryan to Modify Proposed Treaty

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The proposed protectorate for Nicaragua, embraced in a treaty suggested recently by Secretary Bryan probably will be withdrawn because of adverse action *by the* senate foreign relations committee.

At a meeting of the committee today Chairman Bacon was instructed to ask Secretary Bryan to transmit a new Nicaraguan treaty that would be limited strictly to the proposed $3,000,000 purchase of the canal route and naval base concessions.

The fight against the proposal became so pronounced in the committee today that it was decided it would be impracticable to attempt a settlement of the policy at the present time. I was decided to ask Secretary Bryan to withdraw the protectorate features and limit the Nicaraguan treaty to those it originally it embraced.

Intimations had been received by Democrats on the committee that the president and Secretary Bryan would be willing to lay the protectorate policy aside temporarily and it is expected that a completed draft of the treaty will be ready within a few days, without the provisions giving the United States control over Nicaragua's future.

NEW PROVISIONS ASKED.

Chairman Bacon was instructed to ask Secretary Bryan to submit a treaty limited to the following provisions:

The grant by Nicaragua to the United States of a perpetual and exclusive right to build a canal across Nicaragua.

A ninety-nine year lease on a naval base site on Fonseca bay nd ninety-nine year lease on the Corn islands in the Caribbean sea.

The payment by the United States to Nicaragua of $3,000,000 in return for these concessions.

These terms are identical with the treaty as originally proposed by Secretary Bryan before he decided to add the amendment by which an American protectorate would have been established.

The senate committee did not definitely settle the question of future protectorates in Central America, however. It is understood that the administration is willing to withdraw the suggestion for the present in order to secure an early ratification of the Nicaraguan compact.

Strong opposition was led in the committee today by Senators Borah, Clarke, of Arkansas; Williams and others, who were opposed to any action by the United States toward the exercise of sovereign authority in the Central American countries.

POLICY DEFENDED.

Other members of the committee defended the policy with equal vigor. A ovte was proposed to settle the question, but some members of the committee who had made a decision about it at the present time and the proposal for a vote was withdrawn.

Opponents of the proposed protectorate had made it clear that it would be impossible to ecure ratification of the Nicaraguan treaty in the present congress if the so-called Platt amendment were included in it.

This statement was understood to have induced Secretary Bryan to consent to its withdrawal.

House Bills

The following bills were introduced in the house Saturday morning:

By Mr. Hand of Talbot—To incorporat the town of Geneva.

By Mr. Parks of Upson—To provide for the payment of pensions to ex-Confederate soldiers and their widows.

By Mr. Blackburn of Fulton—To allaw judges in criminal cases to sentence females *for misdemeanors to serve in barracks or institution for that purpose.*

By Mr. Sumner of Worth—To amend the charter of Sylvester.

By Mr McRae of Telfair—To amend lish a public school system in the town of Scotland.

By Mr. Johnson of Montgomery—To amend the charter of Soperton.

By Mr. McRae of Telfair—Ti amend the charter of Scotland.

By Mr. Thompson of Madison—To provide for the payment of pensions to ex-Confederate soldiers and their widows.

By Mr. Smith of Fulton—To make desertion of a man's wife a misdemeanor

BILLS PASSED.

The following local bills were passed:

By Mr. Jackson of White—to incorporate the town of Robertson.

By Mr. Smith of Fulton—To amend the charter of Manchester, incorporated as College Park.

By Mr. Jackson of White—To incorporate the town of Helen.

By the Washington Delegation—To repeal an act creating the Washington county commissioners.

By Mr. Hodges of Forsyth—To amend an act abolishing the Forsyth county board of commissioners.

By Mr. Dorough of Franklin—To amend an act creating the Franklin county board of commissioners of roads and revenues.

By the Secretary of Hart—To amend the charter of Hartwell.

By the Ware Delegation—To establish a road and tree commission for the city of Waycross.

BANK OF WHITE PLAINS DECLARES BIG DIVIDEND

GREENSBORO, Ga., Aug. 2.—The Bank of White Plains held their annual stockholders' meeting today, and declared a 10 per cent dividend, which is considered a good one for a new section in view of the financial condition for the past twelve months.

John D. Walker, of Sparta, was re-elected president; C. C. King, vice president; W. C. Davidson, cashier, and T. King, assistant cashier. The *same* board of directors was re-elected.

SECRET SOCIETIES WILL BUILD BIG AUDITORIUM

WEST POINT, Ga., Aug. 2.—An auditorium looks like a probability in the near future. The secret societies have decided to build a new home if the citizens will cooperate with them.

The Masons have appointed a building committee; Ivanhoe No. 21, Knights of Pythias have done likewise; the Red Men are expected at their next meeting to appoint a joint committee with the other lodges.

HOME FROM MONTEAGLE, OGDEN BACK IN PULPIT

Dr. Dunbar Ogden, who has been attending the Monteagle chautauqua, at Monteagle, Tenn., where he made several addresses, has returned and will occupy his pulpit *Sunday at the Central* Presbyterian church.

GEORGIA RIFLE TEAM IS SELECTED BY GEN. NASH

Atlanta Has Nine Men on the Team of Twenty Which Will Compete in North

Announcement from the adjutant general's office of the rifle team that has been selected to represent the national guard of Georgia at the international matches to be held at Camp Perry, Ohio, was made Saturday morning by General J. Van Holt Nash.

In the team of twenty crack shots chosen from the militia of the state according to their scores of the recent shoot are nine representatives from Atlanta, or nearly half of the number named to attend the matches. Winder comes second with four, Macon with three, Monroe with two and Savannah and Albany one representative each. Augusta failed to win a place.

The matches, three in all, commence on August 15. The first is that of the National Rifle Association of America *and the Ohio State* Rifle association, it will end on August 23. The next, known as the national matches, commence two days later and run until August 29. The last, the international matches, will take place from September 1 to 9 inclusive.

Following is the team:

Adjutant Genera J. Van Holt Nash, Atlanta; Major J. O. Seamans, Second squadron of cavalry, Atlanta; Major Wallace P. Wheeler, Second infantry, Macon; Major Walter E. Coney, ordnance department, Savannah; Captain Charles C. Harrold, Second infantry, Macon; Captain W. T. Spratt, Fifth infantry, Atlanta; Captain Oscar L. Rudisail, Second squadron of cavalry, Atlanta; First Lieutenantn Samuel Y. Tupper, Jr., ordnance department, Atlanta; First Lieutenant Prince A. Dickinson, Second infantry, Monroe; Second Lieutenant James W. Armstrong, Second infantry, Albany; Second Lieutenant James C. Adophus, Second squadron of cavalry, Atlanta; Second Lieutenant Donald R. Wynne, Fifth infantry; Sergeant Warner S. Hale, Third battalion, Winder; Sergeant Wilfred R. Browne, Fifth infantry Atlanta; Sergeant C. H. Anderson, Second infantry, Monroe; Sergeant Algernon S. Browne, Second infantry, Macon; Corporal Dawson L. Hale, Third battalion, Winder; Corporal J. A. Williams, Third battalion, Winder; Private Ewell C. Hale, Third battalion, Winder; Private Owen C. Holleran, Fifth regiment, Atlanta.

A. H. THOMAS, POPULAR CLOTHING SALESMAN, DEAD

Passed Away Friday Night at His Home on Moreland Avenue

The many friends of Mr. A. H. Thomas will be grieved to learn of his death, which occurred Friday night at his home, 238 North Moreland avenue. Mr. Thomas made Atlanta his home for a number of years and was well known among the merchants. He had been a salesman for the leading clothing houses of the city and had made a large number of friends.

He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Mollie Thomas; one brother, B. H. Thomas, of Atlanta; an aunt, Mrs. Cottingham; and an uncle, C. J. Jennings. He was about thirty-three years of age.

The funeral will be from the residence Sunday afternoon and the interment will be at West View.

POSTOFFICE RECEIPTS SHOW BIG INCREASE

8.86 Per Cent More for This July Than for Same Months in 1912

The receipts of the postoffice for the month of July were $106,832, an increase of 8.86 per cent over July, 1912, when the receipts were $98,132.29. For the past year the postoffice receipts have shown about the same percentage increase, reflecting the rapid growth of Atlanta in population.

KEEPS COURT OPEN UNTIL MIDNIGHT TO AID JURIES

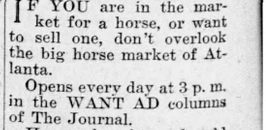
GREENSBORO, Ga., Aug. 2.—The docket of the Greene superior court has been disposed of with *remarkable rapidity* by Judge James B. Park. Never has such speed been shown in this court for disposing of cases.

On several occasions court was continued until 12 o'clock at night to dispose of cases and keep the jury from having to wait until the following morning for arguments and the judge's charge.

WOOD AND PULP ARE DISCUSSED BY SENATE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Consideration of the metal schedule was deferred in the senate today at the conclusion of the wood and pulp schedule because of the absence of Senators Oliver and Penrose, who are interested particularly in the metal schedule.

Senator Oliver will have a substitute for the entire schedule, which will be backed by the regular Republicans. The Progressive senators have agreed to support another substitute by Senator Cummins. The senate took up the wood and pulp schedule.



IF YOU are in the market for a horse, or want to sell one, don't overlook the big horse market of Atlanta.

Opens every day at 3 p. m. in the WANT AD columns of The Journal.

Horses bought and sold for CASH. Horses exchanged for other horses and for real estate, autos and almost anything else of value.

The constant reader and quick actor gets the bargains in Atlanta's great horse market.

Dr. Harris Collapses on Stand as He Gives Sensational Evidence

Physician Testifies at Frank Trial That Mary Phagan Met Death Half Hour After Lunch—Describes Wounds

In the midst of sensational testimony, Dr. H. F. Harris, secretary of the state board of health, collapsed Friday afternoon on the witness stand and was excused until Saturday. Dr. Harris had just testified that his examination of the contents of the stomach of little Mary Phagan showed that the dinner which she had eaten before leaving home was still undigested, and he therefore concluded that the little girl was killed within thirty minutes or three-quarters of an hour after she had eaten. Part of the undigested food taken from the stomach was exhibited in the court room. It had been preserved in alcohol.

Dr. Harris testified that there was no evidence of an assault but there were indications of some kind of violence having been committed. He thought this violence had preceded her death five or ten minutes.

Before he finished his testimony Dr. Harris became suddenly ill, his voice became faint and he begged to be excused. He promised to return Saturday ,if possible. He said he had gotten up from a sick bed to come to court. He was assisted from the court room.

Also featuring the opening of the Phagan case is the testimony given by N. afternoon session of the trial of Leo M. Frank charged with the murder of Mary V. Darley under cross-examination of Attorney Reuben R. Arnold ,for the defense.

Darley, according to his testimony, during his lunch hour Friday visited the factory ,measured some distances and noted on his return to court many discrepancies and inaccuracies in the diagram of the factory which Solicitor Dorsey had prepared for the guidance of the jury in following the testimony of the witnesses.

One of the most important incuracies in the chart, according to Darley, was that the drawing showed the safe in Frank's outer office to be a great deal smaller than the door, when, according to the witness, it is about the same size and cuts off a view into Frank's inner office when the door of the safe is open.

It is expected that the defense will use this one fact to refute one of the important points brought out by one of its principal witnesses that she, a girl employed in the factory, visited there Saturday afternoon at 12:10 o'clock to get her pay and upon entering the outer office saw no one in either of the offices. She testified that the safe door was open. This is the hour that Mary Phagan is supposed to have entered the factory and the prosecution claims immediately thereafter Frank was missing from his office.

Another important development in the afternoon session was the indication from the prosecution, by holding two time slips, that it would claim the accused had the officers a slip which was not the original taken from the clock Sunday morning.

When Attorney Reuben Arnold, attorney for the defense, was examining N. V. Darley, a state's witness, concerning the diagram of the factory which Solicitor Dorsey had made for the guidance of the jurors, Mr. Arnold asked:

"Isn't the toilet in the basement closer to the wall than this picture shows?"

"It sets against the wall, and it seems to me that it is closer to the boiler, too."

"Isn't the elevator shaft closer to the first door wall than this picture shows?"

"My impression is that the side of the elevator shaft is a part of the wall."

"This partition here on the first floor, and the door in it which opens into the woodenware company—the partition is closer to the elevator than is shown on the diagram, is it not?"

"Yes, sir, I think so."

"There are double doors at the top of the stairs on the second floor, instead of a single door as shown on the diagram, aren't there?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, is there anything at all right about this diagram, except that it is a general picture of the factory?"

"That's the way it appears to me."

"It shows no wardrobe in Frank's office?"

"No, sir."

"But there is a wardrobe in there?"

"Yes, sir."

"It shows Frank's office larger than the outer office, does it not?"

"Yes, sir."

"Which office is the larger?"

"The outer office is several feet larger."

"This picture doesn't show a bookcase in the outer office, does it?"

"No, sir."

"But there is a bookcase in the outer office, isn't there?"

"Yes, sir."

"And it half shuts off the view from Frank's office into the outer hall, does it not?"

"Yes, sir."

"The truth is, Mr. Darley, isn't it, that this picture is drawn so adroitly as to open up a clear view from Frank's office through the outer office into the factory?"

Before the witness could answer, Attorney Hooper announced that he objected to Mr. Arnold using the phrase "adroitly drawn." The court sustained the objection.

"All right," said Mr. Arnold, smiling. "It's a fact, but I'll withdraw it."

"I object to that statement, too, your honor," said Mr. Hooper.

"Well, I'll withdraw it," said Mr. Arnold. He advised the witness again. "There's no such wide space leading from Frank's office to the outer office, is there?"

"No, sir; there's a single small door."

"Did you notice this safe over here, looking like a little B-B cap? As a matter of fact, this safe is wider than the door, is it not?"

"It's about the same size."

"Well, it doesn't show up half as large as the door, does it, in the picture?"

"No, sir."

"When the safe door is open, it shuts off the view from Frank's office, does it not?"

"Yes, sir."

"There are two cabinets in the outer office which are not shown in this picture, are there not?"

"Yes, sir."

"To be exact, this is not a very accurate picture of the factory, is it?"

"No, sir."

"It opens up Frank's office a whole lot better than it is really opened up, doesn't it?"

"Yes, sir."

"Could you see the time clock from Frank's desk?"

"Yes, sir, I could see just the outer edge of the dial."

"Could you see the head of the stairs from his desk?"

"No, sir."

In the redirect examination of Darley, Solicitor Dorsey found the witness refractory. Darley returned short answers to a number of the solicitor's questions.

"Who were some of the people who were nervous, besides Frank?"

The witness at first said he didn't know. Then he declared that Detective Starnes was nervous.

"How did Starnes show his nervousness?" asked the solicitor.

"The best way that I can describe it is that he looked worried."

"Why do you recall Frank's nervousness and not the nervousness of anybody else except possibly Starnes?"

"Because Mr. Frank was so much more nervous than the others."

"Did you notice anybody else around there, nervous on Monday?"

"Harry Denham and Schiff were nervous. Their hands seemed to tremble."

"Was Frank nervous Tuesday?"

"He became very nervous when he read an extra saying that he was going to be arrested. He was arrested about fifteen minutes later."

"Don't you know that Schiff furnishes to Frank all the data for the financial sheet?"

"I know very little about it."

The solicitor showed two time clock slips to the witness. On one of them was written in typewriter print the date "April 28."

"Could this be the slip that you all took out Sunday morning?"

After some hesitation, the witness answered that the date on that slip should have been April 26. The other slip had a date written in with a pen, and the solicitor asked the witness if that was Frank's handwriting. The witness said he couldn't identify either slip as the one taken out of the clock Sunday morning.

"Could there have been a duplicate made of the slip Newt Lee punched?"

The witness said he didn't know.

"Isn't there a bar across the door leading from the metal room to the third floor?"

The witness didn't know. Despite a rigid examination by the solicitor, the witness maintained that what he told at the morning session, under cross-examination, about the tablets and order blanks being scattered throughout the building was true.

Darley said that he had known Frank since April, 1911.

"How often in that time have you seen him as nervous as he was on Sunday morning, April 27?"

"Twice—once after he saw the street car run over a little child, and again after his fuss with Mr. Montag."

Attorney Arnold cross-examined the witness again.

"You say that Schiff and Holloway were nervous, Monday? Was anybody else?"

"Yes, the whole factory was 'up in the air.' Really, we did no work that week. Miss Eula Mae Flowers, one of the foreladies, became hysterical on Tuesday."

"Since the tragedy, have you gotten any work at all out of Christopher Columbus Barrett?"

"A little," answered Darley.

"W. F. ANDERSON CALLED.

The witness left the stand, and Officer W. F. Anderson, police call man, was summoned.

Officer Anderson told of Newt Lee calling police headquarters on the telephone, on Sunday morning, April 27, and telling the police that a white girl's body had been found in the basement. After he went to the pencil factory, about 3.30 or before 4 o'clock, while he had Newt Lee in custody, he tried the 'phone trick over the telephone. In answer to questions by Solicitor Dorsey, he said he heard the connection made, and heard the phone ringing at the other end for above five minutes. After waiting five minutes, he said, he gave up the attempt, and called police headquarters and Herbert Haas and Sig Montag, officials of the pencil company.

"How long did it take you to get them?" asked the solicitor.

"Just a few minutes."

"Did you make any other effort to get Frank over the telephone, and if so, when?"

"I tried again after I got Montag and Haas, about 4 or 4:10 o'clock."

"What success did you have this time?"

"Just the same as before."

Attorney Rosser cross-examined the witness.

"You didn't get Sig Montag when you called the house, did you?"

"I got a Montag—I don't remember his initials."

"Did you try to get Mr. Darley?"

"He didn't have a telephone."

SAW NOTES BY BODY.

"You saw these notes found by Mary Phagan's body, didn't you."

"I saw Sergeant Dobbs pick one up."

"When you went to the factory, you shook the front door and old man Lee came down. He wasn't standing at the door, was he?"

"He came down the stairs."

"And Lee told you over the telephone that it was a white girl's body?"

"Yes, sir."

"What sort of a lamp did that negro have?"

"He had a lantern."

"Smoky, wasn't it?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did you stand at the same place Lee says he stood, and look, and see Mary Phagan's body?"

"Not that day."

"When Lee says he saw the body, he says the lantern was on the ground, doesn't he?"

"That's what he told me."

"The little girl's clothing was such a color that it wouldn't show up in the dark?"

"I think it was lavender."

"When the coroner's jury was down there, you took the lantern and set it where Lee says he set it that night, didn't you?"

"No, sir; not then."

"Well, didn't you testify before the coroner's jury that you stood with the lantern on the ground and testify 'I should not think it would be possible to see a body'?"

"I said you might see the bulk of it, but you couldn't tell what it was."

"Then this is wrong, is it?"

"I said you might not be able to tell what is was."

"You say the body was lying east and west with its head against the partition?"

"Yes."

"You said something about there being some tracks. Where were they?"

TRACKS AROUND BODY.

"On the left hand side of the body, leading from the body to the shavings room."

"That's not what you said before the coroner's jury, is it? Didn't you say there were tracks all around the left side of the body?"

"I said the tracks led into the shavings room. I went into the shavings room to see if I could find any lady's tracks there."

"You called up Frank first?"

"Yes."

When did you call Mr. Haas and the others?"

"About 4 o'clock."

"Do you remember their telephone numbers?"

"No, sir. I don't keep telephone numbers in my mind. I get 'em out of the book."

"Your testimony at the coroner's inquest was taken down by the stenographer, wasn't it?"

"I guess it was."

"What side of the body did the police come up on?"

"The right side."

"The tracks were on the left side?"

"Yes."

"Which side did you come up on?"

"The right side."

"You found a pencil down there, didn't you?"

"Yes, sir."

"How far was it away from the body?"

"About eight or ten feet."

"There were a great many pencils in the basement, were there not?"

"Yes."

"The basement is ragged and dirty, with cinders and all sorts of trash down there?"

"Yes, the basement's dirty. There were some cinders and trash by the boiler."

POLICE TEST.

Solicitor Dorsey took the witness again.

"Did you make any tests down in the basement on your own account?" inquired the solicitor.

"Yes. About 10 o'clock one night shortly after the murder we went down there with a lantern. We fixed up a box and threw some sacks over it in the place where the girl's body was lying. Then we took the lantern and set it down where the negro said his lantern was sitting when he saw the body."

"Could you see anything?"

"Yes, we could make out the bulk."

Attorney Rosser questioned the witness.

"You made an investigation for the coroner, did you not?"

"Yes, but I didn't have a lantern."

"Well, what did you have?"

"This." The witness produced one of the electric searchlights carried by policemen, and flashed it across the court room.

"You didn't use the lantern?"

"No, I knew it was a lantern along, but I didn't use it. I knew I could see that far with a searchlight."

"Did you see the place where they said the body was dragged?"

"No."

STENOGRAPHER CALLED.

Anderson was excused, and Solicitor Dorsey requested Leo M. Darry, the court stenographer, to take the stand. The solicitor inquired if he had reported the evidence at the inquest held by the coroner.

"Part of it," replied the witness.

"Did you report the evidence given by Frank?"

"Some of it. I don't know whether I reported all of it or not."

"Well, examine the records here and tell us whether you did or not."

The witness examined the record. "Yes, I reported Frank's testimony," said Parry.

"Is it correctly reported?"

"To the best of my ability," responded Parry.

"You are an expert stenographer?"

"I am considered such."

"What has been your experience?"

"Between twenty-five and thirty years."

"You are reporting this case?"

"Yes, sir."

Attorney Rosser arose.

"I'll get you to say whether or not you took the testimony of Officer Anderson, Mr. Parry?" asked Mr. Rosser.

The witness examined the record and replied that he did not.

"Did you take the negro Lee's testimony?"

The witness examined the record again and answered, "Yes, sir."

"Did you take it correctly?"

"To the best of my ability."

"Well, it was correctly taken, was it not?"

"I can't say that I'm infallible."

"Then you are not prepared to say that any record you take is accurate?"

"I said I took them as nearly accurately as possible."

"Well, are you prepared to say that this record you took of Newt Lee's testimony is a correct one?"

"In the common acceptation of the term, yes."

"I want to know, now, if you took Frank and Lee's statements correctly."

Parry sat down and wrote Lee's and Frank's words as I heard them. I may have misunderstood some few things, although I was in a good position to hear."

"And you took down everything you did hear?"

"Yes."

RECORD COMPARED.

Witness, who had been examining closely into the record which he held, looked up at this point and said: "It appears that Lee had been on the stand once before and that the testimony I took was on his recall. Frank's testimony indicates that he had just been sworn. It begins with the question, 'What your name?' That of Lee's, which I took begins: 'Now, Newt, state to the jury,' indicating that he had been on the stand before."

Mr. Rosser, referring to his own copy of the testimony given at the coroner's inquest, walked over to where the witness sat and requested him to turn to that place in his record where certain questions were asked of Lee. Lee's questions he read from his record, and asked the stenographer to compare them with the record which he held.

"This portion of Lee's testimony concerned the length of time it required Frank to put a slip in the time clock. It also quoted Lee as to the length of time it had taken Frank on a previous occasion to put in a slip. With but one or two minor discrepancies, the records, taken by different stenographers, corresponded.

After considerable discussion, Solicitor Dorsey stated that he would defer for a time any effort to put in evidence a portion of Frank's statement before the coroner's jury. He would take the matter up later, he said.

Mr. Dorsey started the discussion by offering in evidence all of Frank's testimony before the coroner. The defense objected immediately. At first Attorney Arnold seemed to take the position that none of Frank's statement before the coroner's jury was admissible. Later, however, he said that if the solicitor wanted to put in evidence the whole of Frank's testimony before the coroner's jury, representing some four hours of examination, he would offer no objection. It would be manifestly unfair to put in evidence a part of anybody's testimony.

The argument followed over whether Frank's evidence was given with the consent of his counsel, the defense contending that the state had never proven that at that time Frank had any counsel employed, although Mr. Rosser admitted having sat in the room during the inquest.

Dr. H. F. Harris was called to the stand. He is secretary of the Georgia state board of health. He has been a practicing physician since 1889. He graduated then from the Jefferson medical college. He was a professor of chemistry in the Southern Medical college and also in the Atlanta College of Physicians and Surgeons later. He mentioned other positions which he had filled. He resigned three years ago from the Atlanta College of Physicians and Surgeons. He had been connected with the state board of health since 1903.

Solicitor Dorsey's first question was: "Did you make an examination of the body of Mary Phagan?"

"Yes, I made an examination. I think it was on May 5."

"What wounds or marks did you find on her body?"

DESCRIBES WOUNDS.

"There were several abrasions. One or two were on her face, one on her forehead, one on her left arm, one on her left leg, one on her right leg at the ankle, and her right eye was discolored. On the back of her head, somewhat toward the left side, there was a wound one and half inches long. This looked as if it had been made by an upward blow. There was no actual break in the skull, but there was a small hemorrhage inside the skull and directly beneath the wound, showing that the blow that were marks of a cord on her neck which caused it must have been severe enough to make her unconscious for some time."

"Could this have caused her death?"

"I think so. In fact I am sure not."

"What did cause her death?"

"When I examined her body, there were marks of a cord an her neck which had cut into the flesh. I think beyond the question of a doubt that this cord around her neck caused her death."

KILLED EARLY AFTER LUNCH.

"Were the injuries to her eye and scalp made before her death?"

"Unquestionably."

"Did you make an examination of her stomach, doctor?"

"Yes."

"What did you find in it?"

"Cabbage and biscuit—that is, I guess it was biscuit. It was wheaten bread, anyway."

"How far had it progressed toward digestion?"

"Very slightly."

At this time Dr. Harris took a bottle from the suitcase that he carried to the witness stand with him, and said, 'I have a sample of the cabbage here, if I am permitted to show it."

"Yes, you can show it to the jury," said the solicitor.

"Was this the condition of the cabbage when it came from Mary Phagan's stomach?"

"Yes."

"How long would you say the cabbage had been in her stomach?"

THIRTY MINUTES AFTER LUNCH.

"It is impossible to say exactly. I am confident, however, that it could not have been there more than half an hour."

Dr. Harris brought two more bottles from his suitcase. "I have two samples of cabbage taken from the stomach of normal persons after one hour." He showed the bottles to the court and the jury. Their contents were pasty—in contrast with the other sample from Mary Phagan's stomach, which could be recognized immediately as cabbage and was almost intact.

"Dr. Harris, did you ever examine the vital organs of her body?"

Dr. Harris testified that there was no evidence of an assault, but there were indications that violence of some sort had been done. He said that some of the blood vessels were dilated.

"What did the dilation of these blood vessels indicate?"

"It indicated that violence of some sort had been done a little time before death."

"How long before death was this violence done?"

Possibly five or ten minutes, replied the witness. The blood vessels were dilated, and it takes an appreciable time for inflammation to begin. Judging from the character of the inflammation, said the witness, he did not think the interval between violence and death was more than five or ten minutes.

"Doctor, how long after death does rigor mortis begin?"

"It varies so much, that it is impossible to say. I don't think that would be of importance, in determining the time of death, because as I say it varies in different cases."

"Is there any standard with reference to strangulation cases?"

"No, sir. I have seen rigor mortis begin within a very few minutes after death."

"Does it ever begin before death?"

"No, sir. It may be delayed for many hours. I have seen persons dead for hours in whom rigor mortis had not set in. It begins with the eyelids and goes down, and goes off in the same way."

"Can you state how long Mary Phagan was dying?"

"No, I would not exactly."

"How long after she had eaten the cabbage and bread was it before death occurred?"

"To the very best of my opinion, she must have lived between one-half and three-quarters of an hour after eating."

At this point Dr. Harris stopped, and appeared to be very faint. In a weak voice: "I'll have to ask you to excuse me. I cannot go on further. I am very weak."

"Just one more question, doctor," asked the solicitor.

"How much blood did Mary Phagan lose before she died?"

"I couldn't tell that."

"When can you come back, doctor?"

"I'll try to come back tomorrow. I've been in bed for three days and I got up to come down here. I am utterly exhausted."

Dr. Harris was very pale and appeared quite ill. He was assisted from the stand and out of the court room by one of the deputy sheriffs. Early during his testimony he had paused and asked for a glass of water, and with it had taken a dose of some medicine.

FEBUARY CALLED.

G. C. Febuary, stenographer to Chief of Detectives Lanford, was called to the stand and identified a report of a conversation between Frank and Lanford on Monday, April 28, in Lanford's office. The defense let it go in without objection, after some discussion. That report later on was read to the jury in its entirety, by Assistant Solicitor Stephens. It was a short statement of Frank's movements from about 11 o'clock, April 26, till the next morning.

The part which it was assumed the state was most anxious to get in was Frank's statement that Mary Phagan arrived at the factory between 12:05 o'clock and 12:10, perhaps about 12:07. The rest of the statement detailed in Frank's language his movements during the rest of the day. The statement quoted Frank as saying that he took a bath Saturday night and was wearing clothes other than those which he then wore on the day of the tragedy. Attorney Rosser examined Febuary and convulsed the court by his opening question:

"Have you got a dictograph on you?"

Attorney Rosser questioned Febuary specifically about Frank allowing Lanford to examine his clothing. He has been chief of police for a number of years, hasn't he?"

The witness answered, "I don't know that he ever has been chief of police."

"Well," said Roser, "chief of detectives, then—that's worse."

Before the witness could answer, Mr. Rosser turned to Chief Lanford, sitting in the court and pointed out "this handsome man here" as the one he meant.

SAW FRANK SATURDAY.

Albert McKnight, negro, husband of Minola McKnight (the woman being the cook at the Selig residence), was called to the stan.

"How long has your wife been employed by Mrs. Selig?"

"A year or two years—something like that."

"Where were you between 1 and 2 o'clock on Saturday, April 26?"

"At Mr. Frank's house."

"Did you see Mr. Frank?"

"Yes, about 1:30 o'clock."

"What did he do?"

"He went into the dining room and went to the sideboard."

"How long did he stay in there?"

"About five or ten minutes."

The solicitor turned the witness over to the defense.

"Who was there, besides you?" asked Mr. Rosser.

"Mr. and Mrs. Selig and Mr. Frank's wife. I was sitting in the kitchen."

"How do you know that Mr. Frank didn't stop to eat? You can't see through from the kitchen to the dining room, can you?"

"Yes, sir, you can see through."

"Don't you know it is impossible to see through the swinging doors?"

"The swinging door was open and you can look into a mirror in the corner of the dining room and see the room."

"And Mr. Frank went to the sideboard? You don't know what he did there."

"No, sir."

"Oh, you couldn't see the sideboard from the mirror?"

"No, sir."

"How big is the kitchen?"

"I don't know."

"Well, about how big?"

The negro couldn't answer definitely, and the question was waived.

"How big is the dining room?"

The negro couldn't describe that, either.

"Have you ever been in the dining room?"

"No, sir."

"What kind of furniture is in there?"

"I don't know."

"What kind is in the kitchen?"

"Well, there's a safe and a stove and a table."

"Where did you sit in the kitchen?"

"At the side of the back door."

"Were you sitting right in front of the little hall betwen the dining room and the kitchen?"

"No, sir, not exactly."

"Wait a minute till I look at a diagram of the house I've got here," said Mr. Rosser. Then he put this question: "Well, don't you know it's impossible to sit in the kitchen and look through this little hall into the dining room?"

"No, sir."

Mr. Rosser called the negro from the stand to explain to the jury, on the diagram of the Selig-Frank home, how he could sit in the kitchen and see all over the dining room. The negro insisted merely that he could sit in the kitchen and see into the dining room, and that in a mirror there he could see a reflection of almost all parts of the dining room.

"You haven't got a curve to your eyesight, have you?" asked Mr. Rosser.

"No, sir," said the witness.

"You can't look a curve, can you?"

"No, sir."

"Where was Minola?"

"She was in the kitchen."

"Didn't she go into the dining room?"

"Yes, and she went in once."

"How long did she stay?"

"About two minutes."

"Do you know whether Mrs. Frank and Mrs. Selig had eaten anything?"

"No, sir; I didn't see them eating."

HEARD THEM TALKING.

"You never saw Mr. Selig at all?"

"No, sir."

"Where did you go from, to the Selig residence?"

"I went from home."

"What time did you get there?"

"Some time after 1 o'clock."

"You saw Mr. Frank come in and go to the sideboard?"

"Yes."

"He walked up to the sideboard, walked around and went to town?"

"He went back into the sitting room, where Mr. Selig was."

"How much you said you didn't see Selig?"

"I didn't, but I heard him talking back there."

Mr. Rosser held up the diagram in front of the negro again. He asked the negro how it was he could sit back in the kitchen and see Frank talking in the sitting room ow the hall. The negro reiterated that he heard them, "He said, 'Take her on down,' and then the door until you left to go home?"

"No, sir."

"Did Minola go with you?"

"No, sir."

"When did you first tell this tale after the 26th of April?"

"After I came back from Birmingham."

"To whom did you first tell it?"

"Mr. Craven, the boss of the plow department at the Beck & Gregg Hardware Co."

"Was that before or after they got Minola?"

"Two or three days before."

"You never told any others?"

"Yes, later I told Detective Starnes, Detective Campbell, Mr. Martin and Mr. Dorsey."

"What's the time Mr. Dorsey had Minola sent to jail, was it not?"

"I don't know whether he did or not."

"He said, 'Take her on down,' didn't he?"

"I dont' know, sir. I guess so."

Solicitor Dorsey entered an objection. "I did nothing of the kind," said he.

SAW FRANK TAKE CAR.

"They brought Minola out of Mr. Dorsey's office while you were there, didn't they?"

"No, sir."

"You didn't go to the jail with Minola?"

"No, sir."

"Didn't you go to see her when she was locked up down at police barracks?"

"I didn't know she was locked up till I got home from work that night."

"You say it was about 1:30 o'clock when Mr. Frank came home to lunch?"

"Yes, sir, it was about that time, but I can't say for certain."

"You heard you name Mr. and Mrs. Selig or Mrs. Frank?"

"No, sir."

"What car did Mr. Frank catch to come back to town?"

"He caught the Georgia avenue car at Pulliam street."

"How do you know? You were still sitting in the kitchen, weren't you?"

"No, sir, I was on my way home and came up Georgia avenue behind him."

Solicitor Dorsey took up the redirect examination of the witness. he solicitor caused the negro to repeat emphatically that from the point where he sat in the kitchen he could see Mr. Frank and did see him.

COURT ADJOURNS.

Judge Roan had the jury sent to its room, and stated that the jurors had expressed a request that some magazines be sent to them, that they be allowed to write notes to their wives, and that they be permitted to get fresh linen. Solicitor Dorsey said he had no objection if the magazines were censored properly and that he and any notes received or sent by the jurors were censored also. The defense had no objection.

Judge Roan adjourned court at 5:05 until 9 o'clock Saturday morning.

FRANK JURY ON THEIR WAY TO THE COURT ROOM

—Staff Photo by Winn.

There Is One Joy in Being A Juror: Collectors Barred

Members of Frank Jury Can Not Communicate With Members of Family and Can Read No Newspapers, Not Even Baseball

How does it feel to be shut up with eleven other men for one week, maybe two, possibly three? How does it feel to be in the midst of a city and not of it, quarantined from the wife and children just a few blocks away, from business, from letters, from newspapers, from everything except six hours of daily testimony on a murder case?

Nobody knows except the Frank jurymen, and they can't tell you, for you won't be allowed to talk to 'em.

For five days and five nights their only companionship has been each other, all they had to do was eat and sleep and hear testimony. And by this time they are probably worrying.

Sunday comes. No murder trial to hear, but the same strict surveillance to undergo. They will be guarded as carefully as ever, perhaps taken for a little walk some time during the day, but no visit home, no word from their loved ones, no news of what the world is doing.

As careful a watch is being maintained over the Frank jury as any jury ever experienced. Not a single communication is allowed to be seen by a single member unless it is first censored.

The other day it was necessary for one member of the jury to sign an insurance policy. It was scrutinized by the lawyers as if it had been a faded replica of the code of Justinian, but nowhere could these lights of the Atlanta bar find any insurance phrase that might possibly influence that juryman for or against Leo M. Frank. They let him sign it.

When the first of the month arrived, Deputy Plennie Minor says that there were many requests that the jurymen be allowed to sign pay rolls and attend to other business matters.

Eleven of these twelve good men and true, moreover, are married. Some of them have children. It is just as hard on the wives and kiddies as it is on the fathers and husbands. But while the youngsters can see pictures of papa in the papers and know what he is doing, papa himself is ignorant of how things are going with the little sons and daughters. He knows only that they are all right, and will be waiting for him when the trial is over.

But even the adversities of a juryman has its joys. There are no collectors dunning him for the installments due, of course it is all right with him if the counsel for the defense objects to the juryman being worried by all those first-of-the-month bills.

Secretary of State Board of Health Compelled to Leave the Witness Stand on Account of Illness

Continued on Page 6, Column 1.

Rusty Horseshoe Hangs Near Judge In the Frank Trial

In the court room where Leo M. Frank is on trial for his life a rusty horseshoe hangs.

Just above Judge Roan's head, in the window to the right, the symbol of fortune is fastened to a nail by a piece of mouldy string.

Many eyes have been on it for the last few days, and speculation has been rife as to the why and wherefore of its presence. Will the luck go with the prosecution or the defense?

No one seems to know who put the horseshoe there. Perhaps when the chamber of commerce was first built it was left on the nail, perhaps some clerk in the old city hall hung it up. At any rate it has been there for many years, getting a little browner every day.

The Atlanta Journal.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

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Castro is dtermined to be an ex—exile.

Life these days is one murder trial after another.

Atlanta continues to be the best summer resort, even if the team is losing.

Where Everybody Agrees.

There are cheering indications that the Legislature will enact at its present session a law recognizing a mother's right to her child. A well-considered bill to this end, recently introduced by Messrs. Smith, of Fulton, and Olive, of Richmond, has the hearty support of leading members of the House and the Senate, the indorsement of prominent superior court judges, the approval of representative lawyers and the very earnest commendation of the press and the public throughout the State.

It is doubtful, indeed, that the existing Georgia law relative to the legal custody of minor children would ever have been suffered to remain upon the statute books a year had the people been aware of its gross unwisdom and injustice. Now that their attention has been drawn, by an especially pitiable incident, to the fact that in cases of domestic controversy a mother has virtually no legal claim to her children, the rank and file of citizens are amazed and are insistent upon a speedy change in the law.

The measure introduced by Messrs. Smith and Olive, though not so far-reaching as others that were suggested, will suffice to relieve Georgia of the *flagrant shame and cruelty* of the present law. Its provisions are conservative and eminently fair. It vouchsafes to a mother the right to which she is entitled by every principle of nature and every *prompting of human conscience* and experience, at the same time looking to the best interests of the child itself. This bill will be given a hearing before the General Judiciary Committee No. 1 of the House *next Monday afternoon. It is to be hoped that it will* be reported favorably and promptly and then pressed to enactment with all the speed that its importance deserves.

Bush league note: Castro again invades Venezuela.

Many a man gets ahead by inducing other men to put their shoulders to the wheel.

Fifty millions is something of an elastic amount itself. May the banks hasten to borrow it and then make a distribution.

Japan has probably decided that the United States has enough victories to its credit in the past to be reasonably hopeful of the future.

The Rights of the Horse.

Some wealthy humanitarian ought to endow a *back-to-the-farm* movement for horses. City pavements, blistering with the summer's sun and slippery with winter's ice, are no place for poor Dobbin. It is estimated that as a result of such conditions *the annual loss of horses in the United States* amounts to thirty-six million dollars. That is as costly as it is unkind.

It is the way of science and invention to work not only in the interest of economy but also in behalf of the oppressed and, so, we may hope that in time machinery will completely liberate the overburdened city horse. The present tendency is in that direction. A writer in the Motor magazine calculates that by the end of the current year there will be one hundred thousand h... wagons and trucks "in use for commercial purposes."

Gasoline is more expensive than ...der but in the long run, experience would seem to prove, a motor is cheaper than a horse when it comes to hauling city loads. There is no more likelihood that the horse will ever be entirely supplanted by a machine than that man himself will be. Indeed, the records show that the demand for horses has been greater and the price of horses has been higher during the past ten years—the palmy period of the automobile's development—than ever before.

This demand, however, comes chiefly from the farm; and we may hope that the day is not very distant when, as the Courier-Journal remarks, the *hard-driven delivery wagon ... back* horses and the overworked heavy draught horses in cities will be dispensed with; for, "beasts of burden in the country have easy lives compared with those that are used in cities, where they are driven *upon stone* streets and rarely given a chance at grass until they become too sore for service."

On the other hand, the rolling mill gathers "moss" in quantities.

The new head of the weather bureau will doubtless have the policy not to sneer at the memoirs of the oldest inhabitant.

Ambassador Wilson will no doubt soon have an opportunity to indulge in the summer sport known as shooting the chutes.

The old time weather seer is caught with the goods at last. It was clear on the first dog-day and has rained nearly every day since.

A Sane Mexican Policy.

Secretary Bryan's reassuring statement that the United States is in no way being pressed by European governments to take aggressive action in Mexico simply confirms the opinion which all sober-minded people have held. Reports that Germany, England and other foreign Powers had insisted upon a forthwith, decisive policy at Washington and that they themselves would intervene in the affairs of the stormy republic, unless this nation did so, were discounted from the outset as wild rumors. It is possible, indeed probable, that European interests have made friendly inquiry as to our attitude toward the Mexican situation but that they done more is incredible.

The course thus far pursued by the administration has been the best possible for everyone concerned. A recognition of the Huerta regime would have been as ill-advised as unjust. The provisional government that was set up through the betrayal and murder of a President who had been constitutionally elected, licked physical as well as moral support. Huerta is despised by his own countrymen, at least by the great majority of them. He has lost his grip upon the army, to such an extent that troops sent out to quell an uprising not infrequently go over in a body to the rebels. His sphere of influence has rapidly narrowed until now according to most accounts, it is limited to the territory immediately *about the capital. The United States could as* consistently have recognized the revolutionary camps as it could have recognized the impotent Huerta regime.

Forcible intervention in Mexico has been urged *only by habitual jingoes or by those who have some* selfish interest at stake. There are thoughtful Americans, to be sure, who feel that conditions across the Rio Grande cannot continue indefinitely as they are and that unless the Mexican people free themselves of anarchy and establish a responsible government, the United States will be compelled, in behalf of civilization itself, to take a firm hand in the emergency. But those who think thus realize that intervention would be unwise except as a last resort. If a United States army ever crosses the Southern border, it will not return for years or decades. Its presence would be a signal for a united Mexican uprising and the beginning of campaigns far more difficult and costly than those which the Philippines required. The cost would be paid not only in money and lives, but also in the interruption, if not the failure, of those important economic and political reforms in which this nation is now engaged. Only under the highest stress of moral responsibility could the United States afford to assume such a burden as intervention in Mexico would impose.

There are hopeful omens that the flimsy Huerta rule will soon be peacefully supplanted by a new administration which will be acceptable to all factions and which can hold things together at least until the forthcoming election this autumn. A reform element in the Mexican Chamber of Deputies plans to submit to Huerta and to the revolutionists a plan whereby the former will retire and be succeeded by some non-partisan provisional president. It was thus that the revolution against the elder Diaz was finlly settled; and, if an acceptable man can be found, this plan will doubtless be the simplest and saiest way out of the present difficulties.

Our government is evidently awaiting developments in that direction. In the meantime, President Wilson *and the State* department refuse to be rushed into any hasty or ill-considered action. They know more of the Mexican situation than anyone else; they are handling it to the country's best interests; *they should be unreservedly trusted by Congress and* the people to work out this delicate problem.

Women who would rather be envied than pitied show good judgment.

Unless a man possesses some wisdom he will never be able to realize what a fool he is.

Fortunate is the married couple who occupy a house in which there is no room for doubt.

According to present indications in the legislature there will be no great extension of the time between drinks.

Reviving the Dictatorship.

The old Roman practice *of naming a dictator* in times of crucial public danger has been revived in the little republic of Venezuela.

Threatened with a revolution led by the banished tyrant Castro, who, in defiance of an international mandate has secretly returned to vex his country, the Federal Council of Venezuela has authorized President Gomez to assume dictatorial powers until the brewing rebellion is crushed. The Gomez government was constitutionally formed and will doubtless have the recognition and support of foreign Powers in general and of the United States in particular.

Indications are that the governors of the several Venezuelan States will also stand squarely behind the government. In these circumstances, it would seem, the Castro uprising will soon be quelled. Certainly, that is the outcome to be hoped for. Castro is a menace to the welfare of his own country and to the peace of all Central America.

Why is a baby nearly always good natured in the morning when others are ill natured?

The easiest way to manage a husband is to select one that doesn't need much managing.

Many a man's cordial handshake *is due to the* fact that he needs that dollar in your pocket.

In case you fail to put your best foot forward when you have a chance, you may feel like using it to kick yourself later.

After a minister has preached his congregation to sleep the sermon is followed by a great religious awakening.

The Rockefeller Foundation

By Frederic J. Haskin

Thirty-five million dollars is the first gift to the Rockefeller Foundation from its founder, John D. Rockefeller. The fact of this benefaction and the

first plans of work for the Foundation are now announced for the first time, although the *founders*, having unsuccessfully applied to congress for a federal charter, organized under the laws of the state of New York in May. One hundred million dollars may be the ultimate endowment of *this Foundation, which is to* spend its money in philanthropic, educational and eleemosynary efforts to improve the condition of the race.

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In accordance with announcements made on behalf of the incorporators at the time the proposed federal charter was pending in congress the first work undertaken will have to do with the improvement of the public health. What other activities are contemplated for the near future is not yet known.

• • •

The Foundation at present is composed of the original incorporators, John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Frederick T. Gates, Harry Pratt Judson, Simon Flexner, Starr J. Murphy, Jerome D. Greene, Wickliffe Rose and Charles O. Heydt. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has been elected the first president of the Foundation; Jerome D. Greene is secretary, and L. G. Myers is treasurer.

• • •

Its first work in the public health field is to be the extension to foreign countries of the successful fight against hookworm disease. This work has been carried on in the southern states of the union for three years past. It was undertaken *on the initiative of the* Rockefeller sanitary commission, and with its supervision, but without exception the actual work has been done with the co-operation and aid of the local health authorities and physicians, as well as of the county governments.

• • •

Of the million dollars pledged for the work in the south about one-half has been expended. More than a half million persons have been treated for the disease. The improvement in the physical condition of the thousands who have been treated, whether their infection was light or heavy, constitutes one of the most wonderful phenomena in the whole history of medical science. Economic improvement has followed upon physical rehabilitation and the result is that not only the individuals and families, but whole communities, have experienced the regenerating effects of this treatment.

• • •

The treatment is very simple, consisting of the administration of the drug called thymol, and is as inexpensive as it is simple. When the treatment is followed by improved sanitary conditions it results in a permanent cure.

• • •

When the Rockefeller commission began its work in 1910, the then but recently discovered biological and *pathological factors of hookworm disease* were all but entirely unknown to the laymen, and were but imperfectly known and appreciated by the physicians of the country. It was entirely natural, therefore, that the first reports of the prevalence of the disease were received with suspicion and distrust.

That this attitude of distrust has disappeared, that it has given away to a well-nigh universal attitude of frank recognition of conditions and a resolute determination to meet them, is due to the common sense and courage of the people in the communities affected, first, in observing and later in acting upon the in*formation given them by the* demonstrations made in their presence by the commission and its local helpers.

• • •

An important by-product of this campaign has been that in many states the hookworm propaganda has increased and has, therefore, advanced the efficiency of ment and has, therefore, advanced the efficiency of public health activities generally. The same public sentiment and spirit of action that has been employed against the hookworm is now directed against typhoid fever, tuberculosis, malaria and other *diseases that* can be fought effectively only by concerted community action.

• • •

During the last two years, at the instance of the Rockefeller commission, a preliminary survey of the whole world with reference to hookworm infection has been made. This showed that the disease, with all its train of physical and economic woes, is prevalent in a zone engirdling the globe between the parallels of 36 degrees north and 30 degrees south.

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With this survey before its members the Rockefeller Foundation, at its very first session, reached the conclusion that the eradication of hookworm disease, to be permanently effective, must not stop in the United States, or in any one country, but must continue straight around the *world.*

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What a wide belt this is, and how much of the world it includes, is not even hinted at when one merely says "between 36 north and 30 south." It comprises all of the American continent from about the Mason and Dixon line southward to the upper reaches of Argentine and Chile. It includes practically the whole of the continent of Africa. It takes in large parts of southern Europe. It comprises the northern three-fourths of Australia. It takes in the East Indies as well as the West Indies. And, more important than all, it comprises all that portion of Asia except Siberia, northern China, Korea and Mongolia. It takes in China proper and India, the Malay states and Ceylon—covering a population in Asia alone of more than 800,000,000 persons. No such stupendous task as ridding this wide belt of the hookworm disease ever before was undertaken by human beings, if we except the efforts of the followers of Jesus and of Buddha and Mohammed to convert the nations to their own religion.

• • •

To this end, and having in mind public health movements that may follow the *hookworm campaigns*, the Foundation established an organization under the comprehensive title of International Health commission. To this new organization the Foundation has delegated the task of immediately attacking the hookworm disease in foreign countries—always with the support and co-operation of *the local authorities* and the people.

• • •

This work is undertaken with the understanding that the commission is only to organize and direct the forces of the people living in the countries affected, in other words, that it will work only with the hearty co-operation of the people. While its present purpose is to eradicate hookworm disease, it intends to follow up this work with the establishment of permanent agencies for the promotion of public sanitation and the spread of the knowledge of *scientific* medicine.

• • •

Wickliffe Rose, who has been for three years the administrative secretary in charge of the hookworm work in the south, has been appointed director of the *International Health* commission. Its other members are John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard university; David F. Houston, secretary of agriculture; Walter H. Page, American ambassador to Great Britain; Simon Flexner, of the Institute for Medical Research; Fred T. Gates, *Starr J. Murphy*, C. O. Heydt and Jerome D. Greene, all connected with other philanthropic works. Dr. John A. Ferrell, of North Carolina, has been appointed assistant to the director. Colonel W. C. Gorgas, of the Isthmian canal commission, also has been invited to become a member and probably will accept.

PREVENTIVE MEDICINE

BY DR. FRANK CRANE.

(Copyright, 1913, by Frank Crane.)

In the coming days of co-operative democracy the medical profession will be absorbed by the state.

We admit that the postoffice, the public school, and possibly banking, railways, telegraph lines, and express companies will some day be taken over by the people. Why not public health also?

It is much more important that the bodies of the body politic be well and strong than that their money be safeguarded.

The whole theory upon which the medical profession now is and heretofore has been organized is irrational. That theory is that a doctor is one whose business it is to cure a man when he is ill. The physician is to wait around until there is a human breakdown. He is a repair man simply. Would it not be better for him to devote his energies to enabling humanity to avoid breakdown? An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, is it not? And is it not cheaper to spend money to obviate wrecks on a railway than to spend money in clearing away the wreckage?

In the coming state, therefore, physicians will be chiefly occupied in the public schools. There boys and girls will be taught to know their own bodies and the proper functions of all the parts thereof. This will not be an elective side study, nor a matter to be disposed of in a fifteen-minute talk once a week, but it will be placed first in the curriculum, even before reading and writing in importance.

They will be drilled also in the rational exercise of their bodies. *Gymnastics* will be the *first care* of teachers. The bodies of human beings will be made as clean, sound, and vigorous as the bodies of deer or hounds, lithe, supple, efficient.

Physicians will also find employment in the protection of public health. They will be engaged in the *investigation of all foodstuffs, preventing private greed* from selling poisonous or non-nutritious comestibles. Instead of waiting for the people to send for them because of ptomaine poisoning they will remove the ptomaines from the market.

Girls will be trained and enlightened as to *motherhood and all it implies.*

Boys will be taught intelligent control of themselves and the laws of manhood and the terrible consequences of breaking those laws.

In other words, the "doctor" will be a true "teacher," as the word itself connotes. The medical men *themselves* are realizing that, as a rule, all "cure" is quackery, and that the only science of medicine worthy of the name is PREVENTIVE MEDICINE.

The Garment of Mystical Sublimity.

Sir: The female—er—ankle is an object so terrible to "A. B. C." as to imbue him with the *dismal apprehensions* of what we are coming to! For nowadays it is sometimes visible! Well, as Mr. George Sampson remarked to Mrs. Reginald Wilfer, "After all, ma'am, we know they're there, you know!"—thereby petrifying *Mrs. Wilfer, whose stony glare* was fixed on Mr. Sampson in a silence of disapproval for five minutes. Why not get used to these fearful objects—pumps and silk stockings? Or must we say with "A. B. C.":

These signs that it freezes my spirit to tell?
In mercy dispel

I sob for Mr. Kenyon Cox—and, incidentally, for all other artists—who admits that the present styles of women's dress are simply charming. Oh, woe, woe, woe! No; let us mourn—let us deplore—but let us never try to get accustomed to the fact that woman is a biped.

Blue gorgles for A. B. C., words of mournful reproach for Mr. Kenyon Cox, but for the rest of us endurance, however it may be tempered with an occasional awful unmoral sense that the present styles are, in many examples, exceedingly becoming and sensible.

Exhortingly yours,
DEACON JABEZ ELIPHALET BASCOM. (From a letter to the New York Evening Post.)

Theater Audiences.

(New York Sun.)

When so keen an observer of human nature as David Belasco admits that his "chief object in going abroad was to study theater audiences in Paris, London and Berlin and to find how they took the plays of the day" he reveals to the layman the fundamental and undying perplexity that confronts successful dramatists. We say *successful* because the genius who sits in his closet and writes masterpieces evolved out of his own lurid atmosphere might as well throw his manuscript out of the window and jump out after it.

Mr. Belasco returned on Sunday and reports he found plays "as a rule wholesome," and that "human nature is the same in all the places." It would be well for certain aspirants for fame if they would hearken unto these simple facts. Let them not be misled by newspaper headlines about "the underworld" and "white slavery." Let them not pin their faith too absolutely to "the woman with a past" and "the wicked *millionaire*." Certain coteries, who call themselves "men and women of the world," like to dwell for a season or so on the morbid and seamy side of life, but any potential genius who so far misjudges the great American audience as to imagine that these sickly phases are of permanent interest had best go into the sole leather business and give a fond farewell kiss to fame. These mangy tendencies in our drama are no more indicative or descriptive of normal American life than the X-ray skirt is proof positive that we are to revert soon to the hoop of our grandmothers. One is as extreme as the other, both doomed to startle for a day and then fade under dust in the attic.

And so it is with freaks of fashion on the stage. The playwright who builds on the decayed sections of society, sections which have been decaying and drooping since the days of Sodom, writes for fly by night audiences and not for Anglo-Saxon descendants. Let him study Mr. Belasco's one adjective until it burns into his brain: "Wholesome."

Would he rather be the author of "Peter Pan" or of "The Easiest Way?" Which play continues to be acted, which will be remembered, which makes the broader, permanent appeal to Americans rearing families?

A Batch of Smiles

As a man entered a picture gallery the attendant tapped him on the shoulder, and, pointing to a small cur that followed him, said:

"Dogs are not admitted."

"That's not my dog," replied the visitor.

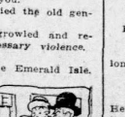
"But he follows you."

"So do you!" replied the old gentleman, sharply.

The attendant growled and removed the dog with entirely unnecessary *violence.*

• • •

Both of them were natives of the Emerald Isle. This perhaps explains the warmth and cordiality of the chance acquaintance which they struck up while on railway journey.



"An' so ye say yer name is Riley?" asked one. "Are ye, I wonder, any relation to my ould friend Tim Riley?"

"Very distantly," replied the other. "Oi was me mother's *first child*; Tim was her twelfth."

The Conning Tower

BY FRANKLIN P. ADAMS.

THE ZENITH OF ZENITHERY.

On the gatling of my memory I should carve another notch
If I ever saw a white wings wear a gold wrist watch.

Discoursing of watches, contribs are not to think that the contest for 1913 has been forgotten by us. Flaccus, author of the first verses to "The Study Hour," is still leading the contribs' league.

You're Too Modest.

Sir: I send the Colyum to a Certain Party every blessed day, enclosing a note. Which do you think She reads first?

CASEY.

The nerve-grinding riveting on the Western Union building continues and there is small chance for revenge. Still, this, from the W. U.'s "information" on the back of telegraph blanks is advanced by W. E. C. as a reason for children studying calculus: "One and one-half times the standard night letter rate for the transmission of 50 words or less and one-fifth of the initial rate for each additional 10 words or less. . . . The standard day rate for 10 words shall be charged for the transmission of 50 words or less, and one-fifth *of such standard day rate for 10 words shall be* charged for each additional 10 words or less."

"IN THE BLUE RIDGE MOUNTAINS OF VIRGINIA."

(From the Charlottesville (Va.) Progress.)

The music was on if the clothes wasn't. The prance was on. There was horning upon horn, there was banjing upon banjos, there was fiddling upon fiddles, there was clawing of ivory. It was all very affecting. It affected Selina Slim so that she laid her head clear *over on Lingo's manly shoulder.* It affected Lingo so that he squeezed Selina so hard that she could almost breathe. It affected Hugo the Hugger so that he threw both arms out to catch himself. Instead he caught Susanna the Susceptible. It affected Susanna the same way. She caught Hugo. Did they scream? Not Hugo nor Susanna, did they care? not he, not she. What did they do? They Turkey trotted. All of them turkey trotted. St. Vitus wasn't in it. Vivian the Vivacious turkey trotted. She "lap and flang, a supple jade she was, and strang." Siegfried the Sesail "thought his very een enriched" and so they were. Tam o' Shanter was a pauper by comparison.

(GO ON, WE LIKE IT.)

In Lipan, Texas, the sign on Davis & Newsom's emporium reads "Hair cut, 20c; Shave, 10c. Musical instruments Repairing a Specialty." Headquarters doubtless, of the barber shop chord.

"WHOM ARE YOU? SAID CYRIL"

(Edward Lyell Fox in the Illustrated Sunday Magazine.)

Prowlers, whom, if you *didn't kill* them, would kill you. It was his way of establishing Law and Order.

• • •

(From the Times.)

The girl's eyesight and hearing were impaired, but is now perfect.

On a warm morning, when thoughts, as Austin Dobson says, "get dry in the brain," it is a glorious feeling to know that a Sixth avenue bookshop has "Any Book you want on any subject; All the Poets, I. C. S. Hand books, Prayer Books, Bibles, Gold Fountain Pens, Irish Music and Songs, Scotch Music and Songs, W. C. Brann's Books, Schopenhauer's Essays, Freemasonry Books, Electrical Books, Foreign Dictionaries, Old Time Songs and Books, Useful Handbooks, Pepys's and Evelyn's Diary, Voltaire's Tales, Books of Knowledge, Astrology, Palmistry, Tom Jones, Jato, Confucius, ristrram Shandy, Bell's Elocutionist, Josephus, Sexology, Congratulation cards for all occasions, Kipling's Poems, Letter Writers, Books on New Thought, Hypnotism, Dreams, Theosophy, Fortune Telling, etc. Old and New Books, Books on all subjects, Letter Writing, Law, Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Stenography, Business, Typewriting, Drawing, Civics, Speechmaking, Quotations, Synonyms, Proverbs, Epigrams, Accounting, Spellers, Ready Reckoners etc. Old Magazines, Irish, Gaelic, Scotch, English and Old Time Books, Irish Come-All-Yes, Kickhamknocknagow, Rare and Curious Books, Cheap Editions of Old English Authors, Occult and Oriental Books, French Translations, Ingersoll's Books, School and Cook Books, Chess and Checker Books, Dream and Joke Books, Medical Books, Plays, Maps, Guides, Views, French, German and Spanish Books, Card *Games, Recitations." And perhaps they have Mary* C. Burke's "Flowers of Fancy."

The Fine Italian Hand Laundry.

Of all the laundries I have tried
I love the Black Hand best;
It puts so much variety
Upon a plain white vest.

It makes fresh patterns on my shirts
And frills along the bands;
I know it's a hand laundry,
For I see the print of hands.

GEORGE NERO.

"If you get a cut that will not stop bleeding," says the New York Evening Mail's Magazine Page, "there is nothing like cold water. Don't bandage the hand, but hold it above the head and pour the coldest water procurable over it." But suppose, as a dozen contribs beg us to, one cuts one's foot?

JIM.

LIBRARIES BAR US AND "ANN VERONICA."

Sir: This here, now. N. Y.'s f. g. e. n., that you're so enthusiastic about, can't be any good, because when I docked at 2:43 and went to the N. Y. Pub. Lib. at 4:29 (I was 1 hr. 18 min. getting through customs) to read the colyum for the last 5 months and catch up, I found they don't have it at all, ever. You're so retrorlful—please put a good retort on top of this.

JIM.

You'll come home like May Robson's story of the American children, who went abroad with a French governess to live in Germany and came home talking succotash!—May Roberts *Rinehart in the Saturepost.*

And how, Mrs. Rinehart, did May Robson's story come home?

A GRADUATED BAT.*

(From the Wilmington (Del.) Evening Journal.)

It appears that he used a freak bat of his own manufacture. He fashioned a sheet of tin into a sort of cylinder, the shape of an ordinary bat, and filled it with molten alumni and zinc.

* Head suggested by C. S. P.

The "truly rural" and "municipal ownership" tests are as nothing compared with a headline that a contrib offers: "Chatauqua Talker Takes Catawba."

THE MAD, MAD WAGS.

TIME—Evening. SCENE—Riverside Theatre—Finish of act.

VOICE IN REAR—I wish they would hurry.

ME (quick) Yes; I hope they get a movie on.

Boston. M. A. F.

King Plays Long Tennis.—Times headline. How long O king, how long?

Our Own Travelogues.

Sir: Discovered, the ideal traveling companion! He wears my size collars. I like his shaving cream, too.

J. O. L.

On board St. Lawrence S. S. Kingston.

'Tis an awful thing in winter
To be shattered by the blast;
But it's even worse in summer
Not to have a line that's last.

SUNDAY SONGS AND SERMONS

SUNDAY SCHOOL TOPICS

August 3, 1913.

(Copyright, 1913, by Rev. T. S. Linscott, D. D.)

The Plagues of Egypt. Ps. cv:23-38 (Compare Ex. vii8; xi:10.) Read Ex. vii:11.

Golden Text—Whosoever shall exalt himself shall be humbled; and whosoever shall humble himself shall be exalted. Matt. xxiii:12.

(1.) Verse 22—What were the circumstances which brought Israel into Egypt?

(2.) What proportion of historic events have been brought about by sin?

(3.) Would you say or not, and why, that sin is a force or a law through which God brings things to pass the same as he does through other laws?

(4.) How long did Israel sojourn in Egypt?

(5.) Verse 24—To what extent did Israel multiply in Egypt? (See Ex. 1:9; Gen. xxviii:14.)

(6.) What is the evidence that God always makes his people stronger than their enemies?

(7.) Verse 25—Would you say or not, and why, that God plans, or orders, all things which come to pass?

(8.) In what sense are we to understand that God caused Pharaoh or the Egyptians to hate Israel and to deal subtly with them?

(9.) Would it be wrong or right, and why, to think that Pharaoh's hatred and jealousy of Israel was a part of God's plan to get his people out of Egypt?

(10.) Verse 26—There seems to be no time when God raised up Moses and Aaron to deliver Israel out of Egypt, but is there any evidence, and if so what, indicating that God has raised up every man for some special work?

(11.) Is there any reason to think that all true Christians are doing the work which God planned them for, whether they are conscious of it or not? Give your reasons.

(12.) Verse 27—What were the circumstances which make it necessary for God to send plagues, here called "signs" and "wonders," among the Egyptians?

(13.) Verse 28—How many plagues did God send and which of them in numerical order was the plague of darkness? (See Ex. x:22, 23.)

(14.) How long did the darkness last and what were the attending circumstances?

(15.) In what way does God send darkness to sinners in these days?

(16.) Verse 29—What are the facts concerning turning their "waters into blood" and which of the plagues in order was this? (See Ex. vii:20-21.)

(17.) Verse 30—What is the correct story of the plague of frogs and which of the plagues was it? (See Ex. viii:5, 6.)

(18.) Verse 31—In what order did the plagues of flies and lice come and what were the attendant circumstances? (See Ex. viii:16, 17, 20-24.)

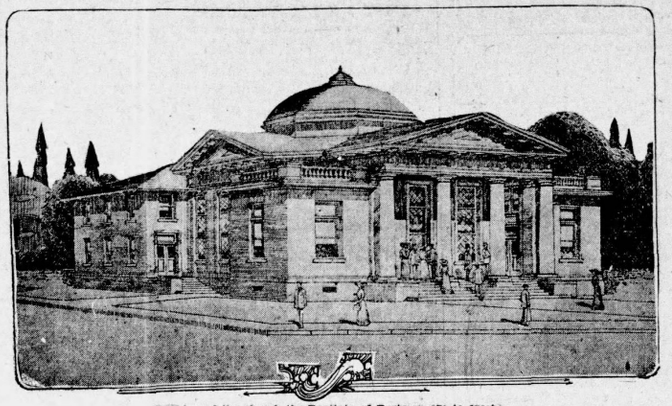
(19.) Verses 32-33—Which in order was the plague of hail and what did it result in? (See Ex. ix:22-25.)

(20.) Verses 34-35—Which in order was the plague of locusts and what was the effect of this plague upon Pharaoh? (See Ex. x:13-17.)

(21.) Verse 36—What were some of the awful and dramatic circumstances in connection with the death of all the first born in Egypt?

Lesson for Sunday, August 10, 1913, The Passover. Ex. xii:1-42.)

EASTMAN BAPTISTS PLAN TO BUILD NEW CHURCH



Drawing of the church the Baptists of Eastman are to erect.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

EASTMAN, Ga., Aug. 2.—The members of the First Baptist church of Eastman are looking forward to the erection of their new house of worship with an unusual degree of interest. The building is to stand upon the lot now occupied by the old meeting house which was built about thirty years ago. It is to be of brick and will be so arranged that the main auditorium and the Sunday school room can be thrown together, giving a seating capacity of between 700 and 800 people.

It is expected that work will begin on the new structure before cold weather sets in. It will cost when completed, in the neighborhood of $20,000 and will be one of the handsomest buildings in the town of Eastmon.

Rev. Alex W. Bealer, formerly of Atlanta, has been pastor of th echurch since September 1, 1912.

POTPOURRI By Rev. Loy Warwick

Some people never let their left hand know what their right hand does because it does so little.

Slang speech becomes a girl no better than slovenly dress.

The man who says "I go to all the churches" never hurts his shoes going to any, and "he" thinks as much of one church as another his thoughts are hardly worth a penny to any church.

WHY HE IS POPULAR.

He is a good listener.
He does not talk about himself.
He does not talk about his neighbors.
He sees something good in all of them.
He does not make cynical or sarcastic remarks.
He looks on the bright side.
He admits that he does not know it all.
He holds to his own opinions, but does not try to force them on you.
He does not try to "cap the climax."
He is not dogmatic nor domineering.
He has no axe to grind.

NEVER "I TOLD YOU SO."

He never says, "I told you so."
He has a sense of humor, but has too much sense and heart to wound by his witticisms.
He does not think himself a fine story teller.
He consumes his own smoke and carries his own burdens.
He does not think that his troubles and temptations are greater than those of other people.
He believes that the world is growing better every day and his works prove his faith.
Joseph was a good man because he purposed and worked to that end. The Lord was with him to help him; but Joseph helped himself. Holiness is a gift, but it is also an achievement.

You cannot make a boy a scholar in spite of himself. You can give him books and schools and teachers, but the boy must educate himself.

The Lord cannot make a saint of you without your consent and assistance. We grow in grace, but we do not "just grow," like Topsy. No man will get to heaven who does not start in that direction and then travel with all his might.

The man who started drinking to drown his troubles made a discovery. He found that his troubles were amphibious. The more he drinks the better they can swim.

Holiness dwells with humility. The people saw the glory in the face of Moses when he came down from the mountain. But Moses wist not that his face did shine.

Holiness is not talkative. Some people talk more religion in one prayer meeting than they live in twelve months.

If the good Lord can save us from one sin why not from all sins? If He can save from big sins why not from little sins? If He can save for one day why not for three hundred and sixty-five?

The Lord thinks no more of a man for being poor, nor does he think less of him for being rich Poverty is not a virtue nor wealth a crime. "A man's a man for a' that."

It is not the amount of money a man has that makes him a sinner in the eyes of the Lord.

He does not get it and what he does with it. One with a million may be less worldly and more honest than another with only a thousand.

If riches increase it is hard not to set your heart upon them. so strong and subtle is the power of gold.

"Get all you can, save all you can and give all you can," was Wesley's rule. Follow it and you will not go far wrong in the acquiring and using of mammon.

Poverty has its blessings and its limitations, but on the whole it is a better road to the skies than the path of gold.

Not all preachers are good financiers. Some are very poor ones. So are some merchants and doctors and lawyers and bankers and governors and statesmen.

It is not bad financiering when a pastor with a small salary succeeds in giving several children a college education.

When a man resigns a $3,000 position to take a $600 pastorate is that poor business?

Just last year a young man went to conference with a letter in his pocket from a large business firm. They knew him. They knew what he had done in business and how valuable a man he was. They offered him $2,500 a year. He was called to preach and the offer had no temptation for him. He was sent to a church that can only pay $500. Was that poor business?

"The wicked flee when no man pursueth, but they make better time when somebody is after them."

Some people did not want Mr. Bryan to go to Washington at all. Now they seem to prefer that he spend all of his time there. You need not try to please your enemies.

Some excellent people do not wish to see their pastors go into politics. I think that fear they will injure their spiritual life and influence. Others object because they wish to keep all decent people out of politics.

The man who wants to serve the devil in this life loves to be told that he will have another chance to repent in the world to come.

TWO NOTED SPEAKERS TO BE AT CENTRAL BAPTIST

Dr. Ridley Leaves for Bible Conference in North Carolina

Owing to the absence of Dr. Caleb A. Ridley, pastor of Central Baptist church, who left the city Monday morning for Sylva, N. C., where for two weeks he will be in charge of a great Bible conference, the pulpit will be supplied at 11 o'clock by J. B. Richards, secretary and treasurer of the Georgia Anti-Saloon league, and at night by Charlie D. Tillman, the well known evangelist and song book publisher.

Central chorus will render several special musical selections at both services.

Baptist News Notes

The Rev. W. R. Owen, pastor of the Capitol Avenue church, and Mrs. Owen will leave Monday for their vacation. They will sail from Savannah for Baltimore and from Baltimore to Boston.

The Rev. C. A. Ridley, pastor of the Central Baptist church, will spend his vacation in western North Carolina in lecturing and preaching.

The Rev. W. E. McCullum, pastor of the Center Hill Baptist church, is conducting revival services at his church this week. He is being assisted by different ministers from the city.

The Rev. C. W. Daniel, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist church, will spend next week conducting revival services in the Providence church, a country church north of the city. Dr. Daniel will, however, preach in his own church on Sundays.

The Rev. F. J. Fleming, pastor of the Grant Park Baptist church, is off on vacation at the present and his pulpit is being filled by different ministers while he is absent. Dr. B. P. Robertson will fill the pulpit Sunday.

The Rev. W. M. Sentell, pastor of the Gordon Street Baptist church, is out of the city on vacation. He is spending his vacation conducting revival meetings mainly in country churches. Dr. A. B. Woodrin will fill the pulpit Sunday.

The North Atlanta Baptist church is erecting a fine new house of worship. Rev. W. H. Nell is the pastor. The congregation will begin to worship in the basement of the building the second Sunday.

The Rev. A. H. Gordon, pastor of the Ponce de Leon Baptist church, will leave for his vacation on the 11th. He will spend his vacation in New Hampshire. His pulpit will be filled by able ministers during his absence.

The Rev. B. W. Coller, of Pelham, Ga., will preach at the Baptist Orphans' home Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The Rev. J. F. Purser, pastor of the West End Baptist church, will conduct revival services at the Palmetto Baptist church, beginning Monday night. Dr. A. T. Spalding is the pastor of the church.

REV. H. M. DUBOSE RETURNS FROM W. VA.

Minister Will Preach Sunday at First Methodist Church, His Regular Charge

The Rev. H. M. DuBose, pastor of First Methodist church, who has been visiting at Buchanan, W. Va., will occupy his pulpit at the morning and evening services Sunday.

SUNDAY MUSIC

First Methodist

MORNING.

Organ—Elevation in A flat—Mehul.
Anthem, "Rejoice in the Lord"—Kottschmar.
Organ postlude—Lachner.

EVENING.

Organ recital at 7:45.
Anthem, "Spirit of God"—Humason.
Offertory, "Hast Thou Not Known?"—Pfienger.
Organ postlude—Mendelssohn.

Miss Mamie Lee Bearden, organist and director.

First Baptist

MORNING.

Prelude.
"Consider and Hear Me," Pfienger—Mrs. James H. Whitten and choir.
"I Will Arise," Marston—Mrs. Whitten and choir.
Postlude.
J. P. O'Donnelly, organist and director.

North Avenue Presbyterian

MORNING.

Organ Prelude—James H. Rogers.
Anthem, "The God of Abraham Praise"—Dudley Buck.
"Te Deum"—Dressler.
Organ postlude.

EVENING.

Organ Prelude—Gaul.
Anthem, "Softly Now the Light of Day"—Schilling.
Offertory, "Even Me," Warren—Mr. Regnas and choir.
Organ postlude.
Choir—Miss Annie Laurie Langford, soprano; Mrs. Frank Sands, contralto; Mr. C. N. Anderson, tenor; Mr. J. R. Regnas, basso; Mr. Joseph Ragan, Jr., organist and director.

UNIVERSALIST

UNIVERSALIST—No services will be held at the church. Basket lunch Sunday school will be held at Silver Lake. Take Buckhead-Brookhaven cars leaving at 9 a. m., 9:20 a. m. or 9:40 a. m. to the end of the car line, where auto bus will take those attending to destination. Service at 11 o'clock. Lunch from 12 to 2. Afternoon devoted to entertainment of the children. Bus leaves Silver Lake returning to town at 5 p. m. All friends are cordially invited to join. Children's church will be held regularly during July and August at 10 o'clock.

CHRISTIAN

FIRST—Sermons at 11 and 7:30 o'clock by the minister, Dr. L. O. Bricker. Bible school at 9:30. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30.

WEST END—Gordon and Dunn streets. William O. Foster, minister. Preaching at 11:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school 10 a. m. Christian Endeavor 7 p. m.

EPISCOPAL

ST. LUKE'S—Peachtree, between Currier and Ethel streets, Rev. C. B. Wilmer, D. D., rector. Services during the summer: 7:30 a. m. and 11 a. m. No evening services.

BAPTIST

EAST END—Preaching at 11 a. m and at 7:30 p. m. by Rev. B. W. Collier. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

DECATUR—Rev. W. T. Smith, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

STEWART AVENUE—Rev. S. C. Williams, pastor. Preaching by the pastor 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 3 p. m.

ANTIOCH—Rev. W. H. Kershaw, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

BUCKHEAD—Rev. E. H. Peacock, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

CAPITOL VIEW—Rev. A. C. Henley, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

HAPEVILLE—Rev. B. J. W. Graham, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

EAST ATLANTA—Rev. J. S. Goodwin, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

KIRKWOOD—Rev. J. L. Jackson, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

COLLEGE PARK—Rev. A. F. O'Kelley, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

INMAN YARDS—Inman Yards, Rev. J. W. Butts, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

EAST POINT, East Point—Rev. C. E. Hitt, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

OAKLAND CITY—Rev. A. C. Ward, D. D., pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

NEW ANTIOCH—Whittier Mills, Rev. W. A. Babb, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

LAKEWOOD HEIGHTS—Lakewood, Rev. J. E. Daniels, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

TEMPLE—Mangum and West Hunter streets; Rev. S. L. Morris, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

INMAN PARK—Edgewood avenue, Rev. W. Lee Cutts, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

HIGHLAND PARK, Highland avenue—Rev. N. B. O'Kelley, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

WOODWARD AVENUE—Woodward, Rev. T. T. Davis, pastor.. Preaching by Rev. H. B. Fish at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

TABERNACLE—Luckie street. Dr. Lincoln McConnell, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

EDGEWOOD, Mason avenue—Rev. V. C. Norcross, pastor Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Rev. R. E. Peoples. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

FIRST, Peachtree and Cain streets—Rev. Charles W. Daniel, D. D., pastor Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

EAST SIDE TABERNACLE, Willow street—Rev. J. M. Skelton, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

BROWN MEMORIAL—Howell mill road, Rev. W. D. Owens, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

MDONALD—West Fair and Walnut streets, Rev. F. Ricketts, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

NORTH ATLANTA—Hemphill avenue, Rev. W. M. Bell, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

EZRA, Ashby and West Hunter streets—Rev. R. H. Lampkin, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

JACKSON HILL—Forrest avenue and Jackson street. Rev. L. E. Barton, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

GRACE, Greensferry avenue and Lawshe street—Rev. W. E. Dear, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

WESTERN HEIGHTS—Chestnut and Grady streets. Rev. A. L. Flury, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

GORDON STREET, Inman and Gordon streets—Rev. W. M. Sentell, pastor. Preaching by Dr. A. B. Woodfin at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

SECOND—Washington and Mitchell streets; Rev. John E. White, D. D., pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

COOPER STREET—Cooper and Bass streets, Rev. W. L. Hambrick, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Chorus choir. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

SOUTH SIDE—Capitol and Hayood avenues. Rev. J. A. Crumley, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at a. m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

CLUM STREET—Plum street, near North avenue, Rev. C. B Ragsdale, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

CAPITOL AVENUE—Capitol and Georgia avenues, Rev. William Russell Owen, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

PONDERS AVENUE—Ponders avenue and Marietta street; Rev. J. F. Edens, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

GRANT PARK. Grant street and Georgia avenue—Rev. F. J. Fleming, pastor. Preaching by Dr. R. F. Robertson at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

CENTRAL—Forsyth and Garnett streets, Rev. Caleb A. Ridley, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. by J. B. Richards and 8 p. m. by Charles D. Tillman. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

JONES AVENUE—Jones avenue near Marietta street. Rev. H. S. Wallace, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. by A. C. Briscoe and 7:45 p. m. by Dr. C. V. Waugh. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

PONCE DE LEON—Ponce de Leon and Piedmont avenue. Rev. A. H. Gordon, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and at 8:30 p. m. Roof garden service. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

WEST END—Lee and Gordon streets; Rev. J. F. Purser, D. D., pastor. Preaching by the pastor 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., B. Y. P. U. Sunday, 7:15 p. m. W. M. U., Monday, 4 p. m.

IMMANUEL, E. Fair street and Bersan avenue—Rev. A. V. Pickern, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN

INMAN PARK—Preaching 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by Rev. S. G. Hutton. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

PRYOR STREET—Services Sunday morning and evening conducted by Dr. S. R. Preston. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

BARNETT—Hampton street and Bradley avenue. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

ROCK SPRING—Piedmont avenue; Rev. Linton Johnson, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.

WEST END—Gordon and Ashby streets, Rev. William E. Hill, pastor. Sunday school. Morning and evening services, 11:30 and 8.

CENTRAL—Washington street, opposite capitol. Dr. Dunbar H. Ogden, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30.

HARRIS STREET—Centrally located, block west from Peachtree. Rev. Jere A. Moore, pastor. Sunday school at 9:45. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

MOORE MEMORIAL—Luckie and Latimer streets, Rev. A. R. Holderby, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.

COLLEGE PARK—Rev. Fritz Rauschenberg, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Mr. J. O. Stakely, superintendent.

FIRST—Marietta street, one block west of the city hall. Rev. Hugh T. Walker, D. D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.

GEORGIA AVENUE—Georgia avenue and Grant street. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. by Rev. W. T. Hollingsworth and 8 p. m. by A. S. Gaffney.

ASSOCIATE REFORMED—Whitehall street and Whitehall terrace, Rev. S. W. Reid, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by Rev. George A. Beattie. Sabbath school at 10 a. m.

NORTH AVENUE—Peachtree and North avenue, Rev. Richard Orme Flinn, D. D., pastor. Morning service 11:30 a. m., evening service 7:45 p. m. Sabbath school 9:30 a. m.

WESTMINSTER—Boulevard and Forrest avenue. Services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Rev. A. J. Scherer, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Tenth street Sunday school at 2 p. m.

GORDON STREET—Junction Gordon street, Lucile and Ultima avenues. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by Rev. W. J. Sechrest. Sabbath school at 10 a. m. Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m.

ASSOCIATED REFORMED PRESBYterian—Whitehall and Whitehall Terrace. Rev. S. W. Reid, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by Rev. R. C. Grier, of Due West, S. C. Sabbath school at 10 a. m.

DRUID PARK—Corner Highland and Blue Ridge avenues. Sunday school at 9:45, W. C. Puckett, superintendent. Service at 11 o'clock, regular communion. Service at 8 o'clock. Rev. Samuel D. Hutton will preach both morning and night.

METHODIST

OAKLAND CITY—Sunday school at 9:30 p. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

ASBURY—Rev. Henry Pace, pastor. Sunday school at 8:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

EPWORTH—Sunday school at 9:30. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by Rev. L. W. Rivers, the pastor.

SOUTH BEND—Rev. M. L. Underwood, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.

CAPITOL VIEW—Rev. E. K. Aiken. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor.

ST. JAMES—W. W. Brinsfield, pastor Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor.

JEFFERSON STREET—Rev. Henry Pace, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

COLLEGE PARK—Rev. H. M. Quillian, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

PARK STREET—Dr. S. R. Belk, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

ST. PAUL—Grant and Sydney streets. Rev. B. F. Fraser, pastor. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

TRINITY—Corner Washington street and Trinity avenue. Dr. J. B. Robins, the pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m.

EAST ATLANTA—Metropolitan and Granberry. Rev. C. V. Weathers, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

LAKEWOOD HEIGHTS—Rev. M. L. Underwood, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.

FIRST—Peachtree street and Porter place. Rev. H. M. DuBose, D. D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

GRACE—Boulevard and Highland avenue. Charles O. Jones, D. D., pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

INMAN PARK—A. W. Quillian, pastor. A. G. Candler, Sunday school superintendent. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

EAST POINT—Church street and Forest avenue. Rev. F. S. Hudson, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

ST. MARK—Peachtree and Fifth streets. Rev. A. M. Hughlett, LL. D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

ST. JOHN—Rev. G. Mac Eakes, pastor. Corner East Georgia and Central avenues. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

WALKER STREET—Corner of Stonewall and Walker streets. Public worship at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. Olin King, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

PAYNE MEMORIAL—Luckie and Hunnicutt. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Rev. George D. Stone, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m. by the pastor.

DRUID HILLS—Seminole and Blue Ridge avenues, Henry B. Mays, pastor Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

WESLEY MEMORIAL—Rev. W. R. Hendrix, pastor. Rev. L. W. Collins, associate pastor. Bible classes for all ages at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

NELLIE DODD MEMORIAL—Washington street and Ridge avenue. Rev. J. P. Wolford, pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Preaching at 11:30 a. m and 7:30 p. m.

BONNIE BRAE—Lillian and Tift avenues, Preaching at 11 a. m. by Dr. W. P. Lovejoy and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:45 p. m.

ST. LUKE'S—Corner of Powell and Berean. Rev. W. W. Gaines, pastor. Preaching Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Epworth league Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.

GORDON STREET—Wellington and Gordon streets, Rev. W. Greenway, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Song service at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m., J. E. Babb, superintendent.

JEFFERSON STREET—Rev. Henry Pace, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. nd 7:30 p. m. The river car or English avenue car, get off corner Bellwood and Ashby, walk one block to church.

LUTHERAN

ST. JOHN'S GERMAN EVANGELICAL—Forsyth and Garnett streets. German service at 11 a. m. Bible school at 9:45 a. m.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN OF THE REDEEMER—Trinity avenue and Capitol place. Rev. W. C. Schaeffer, Jr., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

CHURCH OF CHRIST

CONSTITUTION—Bible study at 3 p. m. Communion and fellowship at 3:30, followed by preaching.

SIMSVILLE—Bible study at 3 p. m. Communion and fellowship at 4:30. Preaching by W. R. Smelser. Take Rivercar and get off at Simsville.

EAST POINT—Corner Lowe and Williams streets. Bible study from 9:45 to 10:45 p. m. Communion and fellowship at 11. Preaching at 11:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Prayer meeting Tuesday evening at 7:45.

WEST END AVENUE—Bible study from 9:45 to 10:45 a. m. Communion and fellowship at 11. Preaching by Evangelist S. H. Hall at 11:30 and 7:45 p. m. Take Walker to West View car and get off at Gilbert street.

SOUTH PRYOR STREET—Bible study from 9:45 to 10:45 a. m. Communion and fellowship at 11. Preaching at 11:30 and 7:45 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:45. Take Pryor Street to Federal Prison car and get off at Vassar street.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Dr. Frederick D. Leete, resident bishop. Rev. E. J. Hammond, district superintendent.

NEALS CHAPEL—East Point, Ga. Rev. E. E. Cavaleri, pastor. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

EGLESTON MEMORIAL—Washington and Fulton streets. Rev. Oscar Close, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 9 p. m.

HEMPHILL AVENUE — Between Tenth and Ethel streets. Rev. E. J. Hammond, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL

IMMANUEL—Stewart avenue and Lillian street. Rev. Edward P. Armstrong, minister. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m., P. T. Sampel, superintendent.

CENTRAL—Ellis street and Carnegie way. Rev. G. L. Hanscom, D. D., minister. Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:40 a. m., J. Wallace Hoyt, superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. at 7 p. m.

UNITARIAN

CHURCH OF OUR FATHER—Sunday school at 9:45. Preaching at 11 a. m. by minister, J. Wade Conkling. Meeting place until new building is constructed, at Woman's club, 17 West Baker street.

Rev. J. W. Stokes, of Americus, to fill pulpit of Pryor Street Presbyterian Church during August.

Mr. Stokes is one of the most brilliant young ministers in the State. A host of Atlanta friends will welcome an opportunity to hear him.

Donald Fraser School for Boys
DECATUR, GA.
Thoroughly prepares for college. Experienced faculty of male teachers. Limited number. Catalogue upon request.
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USE JOURNAL WANT ADS

Second Double Header in as Many Days With Nashville Club

Golfers Away In Big Meet; First Tourney

Capital City Country Club Begins Tournament for President's Cup—Handicaps Apply in All Matches

Play in the qualifying round of the golf tournament of the Capital City Country club started on Saturday morning, with rain threatening the scores. All members of the club are eligible to compete in this tournament and there will be some fifty to qualify.

In all future matches handicaps will prevail.

The finals in this tournament for the cup offered by President Maddox must be played by August 9, the first and second rounds by the 7th.

SOUTHERNERS WHO STARRED

Jake Daubert: Who has been hitting things up since he got back into the game Tuesday, got three out of four in Friday's game.

Zach Wheat: Also touched Babe Adams for one hit in four chances.

Red Smith: Did not connect in three trials.

Bobby Byrn: Could not register a hit in four attempts.

Joe Jackson: Singled once in four times up.

Yerkes: Who is back in the Boston lineup, failed to get a hit.

Mike Balenti: Has been shifted to second in the batting order. He got one out of three.

Derrill Pratt: Got one out of four.

Dode Paskert: Was successful in two of three trials at bat.

Batting Figures

Harry Welchonce and Tommy Long continue to hit the pill hard and often and are boosting their averages regularly. Smith fell out of the .300 class, but is only 3 points below that mark.

These figures include the double-header with Nashville Friday:

Players.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	Pct.
Welchonce	94	415	65	138	.333
Long	103	398	80	127	.318
Smith	102	353	64	105	.297
Agler	104	351	56	99	.282
Bisland	88	296	38	80	.270
Chapman	26	110	12	29	.263
Holtz	6	16	2	4	.250
Dent	20	52	3	13	.250
Thompson	24	61	1	15	.246
Manush	52	164	22	37	.226
Price	71	73	2	15	.205
Dunn	60	177	14	31	.175
Conzelman	11	32	0	5	.158
Clark	4	7	0	0	.000
Holland	3	9	0	0	.000

HURLER WHO CAN HIT

—Staff Photo by Winn.

ELLIOTT DENT.

Cracker flinger who is studying the art of pounding the pill. Each day he puts in a lot of hard work swinging the willow. He usually grabs a hit each time he works.

Four Players To Be Called For 1914 Work

Keating, Nixon and Reynolds Sure to Come Back, While Dobard May Also Secure Another Chance to Stick

With the time for exercising optional agreements near at hand, Manager Billy Smith is getting reports on the numerous players he sent out under optional clauses with a view to recalling them for a trial next season. Already he has decided to call in Walter eKating, who is with Jim Fox at Columbus; Leonard Dobard and Hamond Reynolds, in the Texas league, and Nixon, with Macon.

With the start of another season, Billy will be minus several of the players now with the club, and it will be necessary to build up a large part of the club. It is hard to pick up new players who are sufficiently promising to place right in the thick of a game, and for this reason the manager is out to bring in players he has already tried and placed out for seasoning.

The reports on Reynolds, Keating and Nixon are most excellent, and it is believed they will make good here with a rush. They have been fielding and hitting in pamb-up shape, and should make somone hustle for places when they join the Cracker club here for trials in 1914. Nixon has been playing like a fiend with the Macon club, and Keating has been showing up in grand style. Nixon stars in the outfield, while Keating is a short fielder, and a good one at that. One of the best assets of these players is their speed. Kating is regarded as one of the best base stealers in the South Atlantic league, while Nixon makes them all look like bushers when it comes to fielding the outfield job.

If reports are to be believed, the Crackers have in Reynolds a star receiver. Every scout who has seen him work states that he is ripe for Class A ball, and has recommended that he be recalled. Besides catching good ball, he is hitting hard.

With the optional players recalled and several stars of the 1913 club left over, the start in 1914 should be good.

One-Sided Game

AUBURN, Ga., Aug. 2.—Auburn and Bold Springs crossed bats on the former's grounds, Auburn winning by the lop-sided score of 25 to 2. Auburn made 25 hits and Bold Springs only got three.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Auburn.. .. ...422 2120 12x—25 25 3
Bold Springs... .000 0 00 000— 2 3 5
Caine and Smith; Sammons and Bowen and Moore.

Racing Fans At Saratoga

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 2.—For the first time in four years Saratoga's streets were filled today with their old-*time crowd, attracted here again by a* season of horse racing. Hotels were overflowing and special trains were bringing additional throngs every hour. The attendance promised to eclipse all records. Every box in the grandstand had been sold in advance.

The crowd was disappointed by the prospect that Whisk Broom II, the new world's record-smasher, would take no part in today's racing. The great racer is reported to have gone badly lame recently and it is regarded as improbable that he will race again this year. Six horses were scheduled to start in the Saratoga handicap.

Unusual precautions have been taken by the sheriff to prevent violation of the anti-gambling law.

He has assured Governor Sulzer that the law will be enforced.

DRY BONES CERTAINLY RATTLE ON JOE CANTILLON'S OUTFIT

Joe Cantillon, manager and owner of the Minnapolis baseball club, is a great believer in the theory that a man is of little use until he is thirty-five or older.

In support of this, Cantillon raided the old folks' home when he organized the Minneapolis baseball club—and won the pennant last year and the year before in the American association.

The only man the Millers (English for Minneapolis) lost in the draft last fall was Otis Clymer, aged thirty-four, who was suspected by the other players of having cholera infantum every time he had a pain, because of his extreme youth.

Cantillon spends more time training his collection of sires and grandsires every spring than any other A. A. magnate, because they need more time to get the rheumatism out of their brittle joints than clubs which carry an assortment of younger players.

At Hickman, Ky., where the Millers train and where Cantillon and Rube Waddell hibernate in the winter, the natives say that the noises about the camp during the first few days, as the dried hinges are painfully unlimbered, remind the farmers for miles around that it is time to grease the wagon wheels.

The Minneapolis team, under Cantillon, is a refuge for infirm ball players, but many consider Cantillon considerable of a fox, arguing that he is caring for the grandfathers now to have first claim to the grandchildren who will be ball players in a few years.

Cantillon jollies his old men along in the winter by taking them hunting and fishing in the Reelfoot lake country. Perry Werden accompanied him once as guest of honor, and some one took a long distance shot at Perry, probably to ascertain whether years as an umpire had toughened the veteran's hide to bird shot. Rumor saith Perry is still considered a good prospect by lead miners.

Crackers in Last Battles With Vol Club

Thompson and Love Likely to Work Double Bill for Crackers—Williams to Hurl for the Visiting Team

For the second successive time the Crackers indulge in double amenities with the lads from the Volunteer state today.

The first game—barring weather—will be called at 2:15 o'clock.

After these games the Atlanta team leaves for a short road trip through the northern circuit, Chattanooga the first stopping place.

Atlanta leaves on this road trip just a few points behind the Barons, and with the additional strength and confidence of the new line-up, they should eat up the lead which the Barons have, and return home ready to make a spurt for the top during her long stay.

The present series with Nashville stands two to one in games in favor of the Crackers. An even split today will give the locals the series, and only a clean sweep of the two games will give the series to the visitors.

Pug Wants Match At Local Club

Billy Weeks wants to get on in Atlanta. J. M. Mahon wants to stage a bout for his acolyte, Billy, in the Gate City with some Jam-up first-class mitt wielder weighing 158 pounds.

Weeks has been fighting only two years and has never yet lost a fight, although he has met some good boys.

He is a willing, hard fighter and would give a good fight should Castro choose to put him on here.

Americus Club Finally Won Over Valdosta

VALDOSTA, Ga., August 2.—Americus won her first game of the season on the local grounds score four to one. Zellars and Stewart both pitched good ball. Americus won the game in the ninth inning on three hits and three errors.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Americus.. .. ...400 000 000—4 7 1
Valdosta.. .. ..100 000 000—1 4 1
Batteries: Stewart and Manchester. Zellars and VanLandingham. Umpire, Derick.

CHANGES FOR JUST A DAY

The Gulls edged closer to first place by taking one from the Billikens, in the first game of a series between these two.

Atlanta dropped a little behind Birmingham by winning only one of a double bill while Birmingham played only one and won that.

The Giants and Phillies both got away with an increase in percentage on Friday.

The lowly Browns turned like the inevitable worm and downed the Athletics, while the Naps took one from the Senators.

PRICE TOO GOOD TO LOSE; VOLS GOT SECOND BATTLE

It just looks like it is an impossibility for the Crackers to win both ends of a double bill, no matter *how fine the start.* In Friday's play affair games and then in the second showed an entire reversal of form and allowed the Vols to win handily, 5-2. The count in the first game was 3-1.

In the first game the Crackers looked like a million dollars, playing a jamb-up fielding game and hitting most opportunely. In the second it was just the opposite. Their hurling was erratic, the fielding was not the championship style, while the hitting was far off. On the other hand, the Vols came out as batting champs, hitting the pill in the opening like they wanted to win the battle from the start.

The work of Bisland, Holtz's throwing from the outfield and the hitting of Davy Callahan proved the big features of the double affair. Of course, the hurling of Price and More was of the *slit-edge variety, only* four hits being *made off of each,* while they were as steady as the old family clocks. Agler slipped in the timely rap which won the first game, while in the second the Vols got next to Carl Thompson right from the jump and practically ran away with the game before George Clarke or Love, a couple of left-handers, was substituted.

FIRST GAME.

Gil Price was around in the opener. He had above everything else good control and this enabled him to keep the batters puzzled, not being in many bad holes owing to his usual extreme wildness. He allowed but four hits and *errors paved the way* for the Vol tally.

Wallace Smith, slammed the pill hard all through the opener and got away with a neat hit. His line drive to right field in the first looked good for a hit until it stuck securely in Young's glove.

In the ninth inning Bisland pulled a grand fielding play on Gibson's hard hit towards short. The short fielder ran over to second ,picked up the ball and made out at first, but hurry up throws to first and caught his man.

Agler's three sacker in the eighth, which hit incidentally won the game, was a line drive between right and center. The fielders were expecting a chop hit over third and when Agler doubled crossed them there was nothing to it but a tally.

Wallace Smith tapped up a foul fly over the plate in the eighth which went almost a mile high. Gibson became dizzy before it came down and came within an ace of letting it slip through his mitt.

Chapman continues to peg to the bags in amazingly good fashion. All of his throws are low and accurate and there isn't a chance to get away when Bisland and Smith are doing the tagging. This same class of work has been turned out by Chap for several days past.

Wallace Smith played Callahan's slow grounder towards second in the eighth in the quickest sort of fashion. It took hurry up work to get the fast Vol but it was done.

Forest More continues to look like a mighty good hurler. He held the Crackers to one hit up until the eighth round, Smith getting this bingle.

Harry Holland showed a bit of nervousness but with more work he will get accustomed to the game as it is played in a class A league and then watch out. He always stings the ball on the nose and does not bite at bad pitches but he hasn't yet become accustomed to the game.

SECOND GAME

After being held to four measley hits in nine innings by Gil Price the Vols opened the second game by rapping Carl Thompson and George Clarke, the Cracker hurlers, for five hits and two runs in one *short inning. Thompson* was bombarded by the few men who faced him and was relieved by Clarke.

Earl Fleharty, who appears to have nothing, got away with a good game. He did not allow many hits and when the bingles would have counted most they were not forthcoming.

Davy Callahan robbed Wallace Smith of a home run by a marvelous running *catch of his line* drive to left center in the first round. And there was a man on the bags.

Tommy Long executed a neat double play unassisted in the sixth. Racing in from deep left he caught Spratt's Texas leaguer and beat Callahan to second for a double. At first the catch looked impossible and Callahan was well on his way home.

Holtz demonstrated that he has a mighty good arm by his wonderful peg from deep right to third on Spratt's hit to right. It would have resulted in an out at third but for an error.

Bisland gave a demonstration of some good base running in the second when he scored from third on a short fly to right field by Joe Dunn. Holtz then got lively on the bags and drew a bad peg from Catcher Noyes and also tallied.

Harry Welchonce hit the hardest drive of the afternoon in the fifth inning and yet it resulted in an out. He hit right at Fleharty and when the big pitcher could not get and or the way it struck him and was stopped, Fleharty recovering in time for an out at first.

Harry Welchonce got away with a mighty pretty shoe string catch on Hoffman's hard hit to center in the first. The ball was never more than *five feet off* the ground and was right at Welchonce's shoe tops when he caught it.

Majors Hold Many Options

Conzelman Can Be Recalled From Cracker Club With End of Season

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 2.—The National Baseball commission announced the list of major league players released to minor league clubs subject to option to recall on August 15. The agreements approved include:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

By Cincinnati to Nashville, Dahlgren, $300, option transferred to Superior with option to repurchase for $600.

By Pittsburg to Atlanta, Conzelman, $500.

By Boston to San Antonio, Schwind, $300.

By Chicago to Birmingham, Kniseley, $2,900, option to repurchase for $1,500; McDonald $2,500, option to repurchase for $2,000.

By New York to Mobile, Robertson, $500, Pensacola, Kirby, $500.

By Brooklyn to Nashville, Williams, $300.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

By Chicago to Birmingham (x) Lemline, $300 and pick of one player for $2,500; Mayer $1,500.

By St. Louis to Montgomery, Sloan, $300 and pick of one player for $1,000; *Chattanooga, Graff, $300;* Montgomery, Brown, $300.

By Cleveland to New Orleans, Peddy, option to purchase any two players of New Orleans club for $500 each; Toledo Walker, $1,500, option transferred to New Orleans; Toledo McDowell, $1,000, option transferred to New Orleans.

By Detroit to Memphis, Shanley, $1,-000, option to select one player for $1,-000; Galveston (x) Frierson, $500; Nashville, Gibson, $500.

By New York to Birmingham, Thompson, $300.

By Washington to Atlanta, Herring, $300; Newport News, Barton, $300.

(x) Cancelled and player subject to draft or purchase.

A major league club desiring to recall a player under an approved option agreement must serve notice on the secretary of the commission and on the minor league club with which he is playing on or before 6 p. m. August 15. A check for the amount stipulated in such agreement must accompany the notification to the secretary of the commission.

COBB VS. JACKSON

Jackson and Cobb both hit safely once in Friday's games, but Jackson is credited with four at bats, while Cobb only has three.

Player.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	Pct.
Jackson	95	341	75	134	.393
Cobb	71	224	43	92	.397

HOW CLUBS PLAY TODAY

MEMPHIS, Tenn., August 2.—For the second game of the series today Kissinger and Seabough will probably be selected as the battery for Memphis with Wilson and Adams filling similar positions for New Orleans. The weather is threatening.

MONTGOMERY, Aya., August 2.—Far from discouraged over yesterday's defeat, Manager Montgomery nominates leasting the services of his seevn-thousand dollar pitcher, Elmer, Brown, in today's game with oMbile. Honors is billed to receive for the local club. Although aMnager Finn is still superstitious about giving his battery t is hoped that Campbell and Schmidt will be o nthe points for the visitors.

The weather was somewhat milder early today. Following an electrical storm late last night it is cloudy and cooler.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 2.—Prospects are bright for a big crowd at the last game between Birmingham and Chattanooga this afternoon at Rickwood park. Time will be called at 3:30 o'clock to allow the teams to catch trains for engagements Sunday. If able, Hardgrove will be the twirler for Birmingham; if not, Evans will pitch. For Chattanooga Sommers is due to twirl.

STANDING

SOUTHERN				EMPIRE STATE.			
Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Montg'y	59	41	.590	Thom'ville	16	12	.571
Mobile	62	45	.580	Cordele	15	13	.536
Rham	55	47	.539	Brun'wick	15	14	.517
ATLANTA	53	47	.530	Valdosta	14	15	.483
Chatt.	50	49	.505	Americus	14	16	.467
Memphis	50	57	.467	Waycross	12	16	.429
Nashville	45	58	.422				
N. Orleans	35	63	.357				

AMERICAN.				SOUTH ATLANTIC			
Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.	Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.
Phila.	67	29	.698	Columbus	20	12	.625
Cleveland	61	38	.617	Savannah	16	15	.516
Wash.	55	41	.573	Albany	16	15	.515
Chicago	51	51	.500	J'ville	16	16	.500
Boston	49	49	.500	Charleston	16	18	.470
Detroit	42	59	.416	Macon	12	20	.375
St. Louis	41	62	.394				
N. York	34	62	.833				

GEORGIA-ALABAMA.			
CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Gadsden	43	32	.573
Newnan	40	36	.526
Opelika	38	39	.494
LaGrange	37	39	.487
Anniston	36	41	.468
Talladega	34	43	.442

NATIONAL			
Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	66	29	.695
Phila.	55	35	.611
Chicago	50	46	.521
Pittsburg	48	46	.511
Brooklyn	42	48	.467
Boston	41	52	.441
Cincinnati	38	61	.384
St. Louis	37	60	.374

MOTOR RACES ON TUESDAY; POSTPONED FROM FRIDAY

Of Course Rain Butted in Just at the Right Time—Prince Is Sore

Jack Prince continues to remain in bad with old Mr. Rain, and as a result the motorcycle races scheduled for Friday night had to be postponed, owing to the moisture which fell during Friday afternoon. The postponement was made until Tuesday night, when the same program will be carried out.

During the past two months the motor racers have tried to get in two race meetings a week, but yet have not succeeded. Every week rain has butted in and caused a postponement of at least one affair, and it is not often that one a week is run without two or more postponements.

The card for next Tuesday night has five features—two races in which all racers will participate, and a special race between two of the stars. The Sweepstakes, with the final heat at ten miles, is the biggest attraction of the evening. Monty Graves is the latest to add a new machine to his collection, and he is out to put it all over. Tex Richards and Jock McNeil in the sea boys are probably the fastest on the le ion Tuesday evening. These three cal track, and when they get into a big mixup for the first honor there will likely be a new record or so placed on the board.

Where They Play

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

Nashville in Atlanta; two games, called at 2:15.
Chattanooga in Birmingham.
Mobile in Montgomery.
New Orleans in Memphis.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

Savannah in Albany.
Jacksonville in Charleston.
Macon in Columbus.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn in Pittsburg.
Philadelphia in Cincinnati.
New York in Chicago.
Boston in St. Louis.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit in Washington.
St. Louis in Philadelphia.
Chicago in New York.
Cleveland in Boston.

EMPIRE STATE LEAGUE.

Brunswick in Cordele.
Waycross in Thomasville.
Americus in Valdosta.

GEORGIA-ALABAMA LEAGUE

Opelika in LaGrange.
Talladega in Anniston.
Gadsden in Newnan.

NO PROPHECY.

Who, me lose? Nay.
Says Frank Whitney.
But Charley White
Will stop his light
With two good blows
On either side
His nose.

RESULTS

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
At Memphis .. .. .. .000 010 000—1 8 0
New Orleans .. .. .. .010 001 00x—2 7 3
Brenton and Adams; Liebhardt, Snell and Seabaugh. Umpires, Breitenstein and Hart.
At Montgomery .. .. .100 100 100—3 9 5
Mobile.. .. .. .000 020 400—6 10 1
Cavet and Schmidt; J. Brown, Sparks and Gibbens. Umpires, Fifield and Ruderhan.
At Birmingham .. .. .100 000 01x—2 9 3
Chatanooga .. .. .. .000 001 000—1 5 1
Prough and Mayer; Kroh and Street. Umpires, Wright and Pfeninger.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Score by innings: R. H. E.
At Boston .. .. .213 000 000—6 9 2
Cleveland .. .. .213 000 000—6 9 2
Batteries—Leonard, Moseley and Carrigan and Cobb; Cullop and O'Neill. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Sheridan.
At Philadelphia .. .. .. .000 200 0—2 7 3
St. Louis .. .. .000 001 1—2 6 4
Batteries—Shawkey, Bender and Schang; Hamilton, Mitchell and Alexander. Umpires, Evans and Hildebrand.
At Washington .. .. .. .100 110 000—3 7 0
Detroit .. .. .006 010 200—9 10 4
Batteries—Gregg, Gallia, Harper and Henry and Alnsmith; Lake and McKee. Umpires, Connelly and McGreevy.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
At Chicago .. .. .100 000 100—2 5 1
New York .. .. .010 100 012—5 9 0
Batteries—Humphries, Moore and Bresnahan; Matheweson and Meyers. Umpires, Rigler and Byron.
At Cincinnati .. .. .. .000 100 000—1 7 6
Philadelphia .. .. .. .000 310 010—5 11 0
Batteries—Dickson, Packard and Kling; Alexander and Killifer. Umpires, Brennan and Eason.
At Pittsburg .. .. .. .000 200 000 1—3 6 1
Brooklyn .. .. .011 000 000 0—2 7 2
Batteries—Adams and Gibson and Simon; Allen and Miller. Umpires, Klem and Orth.
At St. Louis .. .. .. .000 000 000—0 2 3
Boston .. .. .000 420 100—8 11 0
Batteries—Doak and McLean and Hildebrand; Hess and Gowdy. Umpires, O'Day and Emslie.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
At Charleston .. .. .. .010 500 00x—6 10 1
Jacksonville .. .. .. .000 000 000—0 5 3
Batteries—Eldridge and Menefee; Burmeister and Rhoda. Umpires, Leary and Moran.
At Columbus .. .. .. .000 000 000—3 9 1
Macon.. .. .. .000 000 500—5 11 1
Batteries—Martin and Berger; Ward and Houser. Umpire, Pender.
At Albany .. .. .010 000 000 1—2 10 1
Savannah .. .. .000 000 001 0—1 7 0
Batteries—Wiley and Wells; Poole and Gibel. Umpire, Byrd.

EMPIRE STATE LEAGUE

Score by innings: R. H. E.
At Thomasville .. .. .. .001 022 00x—5 9 2
Waycross .. .. .000 000 000—0 3 2
Batteries—Roth and Dudley; McManus and Coveney. Umpire, Gentle.
At Cordele .. .. .000 010 000—1 6 1
Brunswick .. .. .200 010 00x—3 9 1
Batteries—Hall and Eubanks; Hartner and Kite. Umpire, McLaughlin.
At Valdosta .. .. .100 000 000—1 6 2
Americus .. .. .400 000 00x—4 7 3
Batteries—Zellars and Van Landingham; Stewart and Manchester. Umpire, Derrick.

GEORGIA-ALABAMA LEAGUE

Score by innings: R. H. E.
At Anniston .. .. .. .000 000 000—0 4 1
Talladega .. .. .000 000 000 0—0 6 0
Batteries—Batson and Sheppard; Boyd and Richards.
At Newnan .. .. .000 100 0—2 5 4
Gadsden .. .. .200 000 1—3 10 0
Batteries—Starr and Hanson; Prentz and Jorda.
At LaGrange .. .. .022 001 000—5 6 4
Opelika .. .. .210 010 00x—4 8 2
Batteries—Brannen and Billingsley; Hawkins and Allen.

FIRST GAME.

NASHVILLE.	ab.	h.	po.	a.	ATLANTA.	ab.	h.	po.	a.
Daley, lf.	4	2	2	0	Long, lf.	3	0	2	0
Callahan,cf	4	2	2	0	Agler,lb.	2	1	12	0
Spratt,3b.	4	1	1	4	Welˈnce,cf.	4	1	4	0
Noyes,c.	4	0	2	0	Smith,rf.	3	0	2	0
Young,rf.	3	0	2	0	Bisland,ss.	3	0	3	7
Perry,2b.	4	0	1	4	Holland,3b.	3	0	1	0
Hoffman,lb.	2	1	13	0	Holtz,rf.	3	0	0	0
Lindsay,ss.	2	0	0	2	Chapman,c.	2	1	3	1
Manush.	2	0	1	3	Price,p.	2	0	0	2
Totals	29	4	24	13	Totals	27	4	27	10

Score by innings: R.
Nashville.. .. ..

Vols Make Last Appearance of Season at Ponce de Leon Park

ONE OF OUR WILLING BOXERS ---BY RIPLEY

EDDIE McGOORTY
LOOK OUT MIKE! DONT GET SWALLOWED
OSHKOSH WHALE
McGOORTY AND GIBBONS OR SANTA CLAUS ?
GAWSH! WHEREVER HE IS — I HE AINT
IT IS CAUSING SOME TO THINK WHO HAVE NEVER THOUGHT BEFORE.
MGR. MARTY FORKINS IS DOING ALL HE CAN
LIKE ALL "PHANTOMS" MIKE IS ELUSIVE.
RIPLEY
MIKE GIBBONS

Western Star Out For Title

Semi-Final Rounds in Western Tennis Tourney Shows Up Fine Games

CHICAGO, August 2.—Clarence Griffin, California's latest tennis marvel, upheld the reputation of his state by qualifying for the western championship finale through a victory in his hardest match of the tournament over William Blair of Lake Genova, Wis., 6-2, 7-5, 6-2.

In the final round upon which through the absence of Champion Maurice McLaughlin, depends the title, Griffin will meet Joseph Armstrong, of St. Paul, who downed Harry Waidner, of Chicago, 4-6, 6-1, 6-2, 6-2.

Blair's valiant efforts were offset by the cool, steady, game of Griffin, who, calm and confident, played for every point. Griffin's untouchable service gave him several games.

While the men battled through the semi-finals, little Miss Gwendolyn Rees, of Dallas, Tex., won the western women's championship, defaulted by Miss Mary Brown, of Los Angeles. Miss Rees, by all round better work, defeated Miss Carrie B. Neely, of Chicago, in a former match, 6-3, 6-2. The last point was hard fought for by the Dallas player, one of the officials failing to see that one of Miss Neely's drives went out. The result of his decision was that Miss Rees had to play for the point five times.

Miss Rees and Miss Neely defeated Miss Edith Hoyt, of the University of Chicago, and Miss Mariam Steever, of Chicago, in the women's doubles championships. Mrs. T. P. Bundy, formerly Miss May Sutton, of California, and Miss Neely, won the title last year, but Mrs. Bundy did not enter this year.

In the final for the western men's doubles championships, Hayes and Winston will meet Byford and Burdick.

CHANCE WILL HOLD TO JOB

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Manager Frank Chance, of the New York American league club today emphatically denied the report that he would resign as leader of the Yankees at the close of this season. Chance could not explain the rumor, which originated in Los Angeles. He stated he was perfectly satisfied with the present outlook for the team and the conditions under which he was working.

"I have not the slightest intention of resigning as manager of the New York club," said Chance. "Instead, I am working and planning to put a real pennant contender into the American league next season.

"Unless circumstances over which I have no control arise, and I know of nothing of that sort at present, I shall continue with the New York club until I close my active baseball career."

Purchase Player

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—Announcement was made today of the purchase by the Boston American club of Pitcher Rieger, of the St. Paul American association team, and Infielder Carlstrom, of the Lawrence, Mass., club.

Little Journeys to the Diamond

THE BAT BOY

The bat boy is almost as essential to the ball club as the vermiform appendix is to man. In either case the real function—if any—hasn't been discovered.

The bat boy is the greatest hero worshipper of them all. He spends much of his time in running errands for the gods.

Occasionally the bat boy looks after the bats.

By all means he should be freckled. Also he should have red hair. These features denote temperament. He must smoke cigarettes, too, chew fine cut, and swear both volubly and picturesquely. But a deficiency in the inside stuff of the cuss league shouldn't keep a freckled faced Red Turret out of a job. He'll acquire the habit—or have it thrust upon him.

When some knocker rises up in righteous indignation and lunges his disapproval of the escapades of a certain athlete it becomes the duty of the bat boy to rush boldly up to the wire netting and tell the knocker in real soporific word punches what a big bloated blithering sap headed frazzle hearted son of a simp he (or anybody else) is who dares breathe a word of honest criticism against a hard working member of the home clan.

The major league teams usually have the same bat boy all the season. Occasionally he is such a potent shillaber that the club signs him.

Back in the one-ring leagues the bat boy isn't an institution. Yet he's a necessary evil.

When the visiting team arrives at the ball farm for the first game of a series, a thousand or more urchins gather at the entrance beseeching the manager for the job of lugging in the huge bat bag.

"All right," assents the manager, "two of you grab hold."

Whereupon the regiment of kids frantically strive to gain a fingerhold on the leather case. The manager brushes them aside—all but two, who tote the pole holder in with great eclat.

The bat boy is a big league star in the making. During the preliminary practice he pulls off plays that startle the bugs. Then when the turmoil is under way, and the home shortstop kicks a dainty roller, the bugs yell:

"Take out that Mutt and put in the bat boy."

Men Baseball Has Made Rich

Connie Mack, the Shrewdest Mind in the Game, Who Has Won Two World's Championships and is Rated at a Quarter of a Million.

THE CARICATURIST'S IDEA OF CONNIE MACK, DRAWN FROM LIFE.

The best loved man in baseball; that's Connie Mack, winner of four American league pennants, manager and part owner of the Athletics, who Twenty-nine years ago quit shoe making at Haverhill, Mass., to play ball.

Connie Mack is worth perhaps a quarter of a million dollars, and he made it out of base ball, saving and investing his money.

Mack went into baseball because he loved the game. He is a success through his ability to judge and handle men, because of his far-sightedness and unerring judgment, backed by hard work. He required no pull. He had ability.

Mack was twenty-two when he quit making shoes. His first baseball job was as catcher with a Connecticut club which sold him to Washington. He went next to Pittsburg. For nine years Mack played in the National and he was in the Brotherhood for a year.

Mack bought his release from Pittsburg, counting his ten years a failure and deciding to begin over. He signed to manage Milwaukee, where he was given full authority. In "Milwaukee he started his correspondence school which has landed him most of the men who have won flags for the Athletics.

The majority of Mack's correspondents were ex-players whose friend he always was and who are well paid for the discovery of a player whom Mack signs.

When the American league was organized Mack was appointed manager of the Athletics and he backed his judgment by investing $18,000 in club stock. Today he owns one-quarter of the club, which has a half million dollar home and spends $90,000 annually in running expenses.

JOHNSON IS WOOD'S SUPERIOR

--Nap Lajoie

"Walter Johnson is far and away a better pitcher than Joe Wood," says Larry Lajoie, than whom there could scarcely be a better judge of pitching.

"Last year Wood pitched way beyond his ability, simply because he had a great team working with him. There never was and I doubt if there ever will be as great a pitcher as Johnson. He simply has so much stuff and speed that if he turned loose his hardest throw with his stuff on it no catcher could get down in time to receive the ball.

"Every ball he throws has stuff on it. Some of the hops his fast ones take are bigger curves than the biggest the average pitcher has. I've seen him throw balls up to the plate that didn't look bigger than a pinhead. Wood is a good pitcher, all right, but he is simply not in Johnson's class, nor is anybody else.

"Wood broke into the league from Kansas City against us in 1908 in Boston. There was a little house out in centerfield, and we had about seven men who were hitting around .300.

"Wow! What a grand reception he got! First we'd knock a brick out of the chimney, then a few shingles off the roof, then we'd shatter a window pane. We had that little house ready for the wrecking crew to cart away when we got through.

"Nobody ever did anything like that to Johnson, and never will. When a fellow is coaching off first when he's pitching it's next to impossible to see his fast one. If he didn't have good control he would kill so many batters he would be barred from the league. He'd wreck every club he pitched against. There's next to no chance to duck or back away from his balls.

"Almost any time you get a hit off Johnson don't figure that you're smart. Just figure it that you're lucky—lucky that you happened to make that blind swing in the spot where the ball came.

"If all the pitchers in the league were like Johnson the pitcher's box would have to be placed at second base."

Tennis Stars Are On the Way Home

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—George T. Adee, of the national ranking committee, said today that Robert D. Wrenn, president of the United States National Lawn Tennis association, was aboard the Imperator with the Davis international challenge cup and would arrive in this city either next Tuesday or Wednesday.

Gridiron Book Has Appeared

An unerring sign of the coming autumn, despite the altitude of the thermometer, is the appearance of Spalding's Official Football Guide, edited by Walter Camp, which is published at this early date to allow the coaches and players to familiarize themselves with the rules. In addition to the latter, the book is as voluminous as ever, and contains a resume of the past season in the shape of reviews of the game in various sections of the country, the annual all-American selection by the editor and additional all-America and sectional college and scholastic elevens by leading newspapers; records of the past season; records of dual games in prominent colleges since their inception; names of authorized officials as selected by the official board of officials; college notes; coaches, managers and captains of college teams, with the position played by the latter; pictures of hundreds of players, embracing all the leading collegiate and scholastic teams, and a great deal of other interesting information.

Mr. Parke H. Davis, a member of the rules committee and a famous compiler of football statistics, has contributed two most interesting chapters, the Field Goal Record from 1873 to date and a list of long runs made at various times in the history of the game. Another contribution by Mr. Davis is a page table which shows the total number of games won, lost and tied and the date when football was established at a number of prominent institutions in the United States.

The Guide will be sent to any address in the United States or Canada upon receipt of 10 cents by the publishers, the American Sports Publishing company, 21 Warren street, New York City.

ZAMLOCK TO VOL BUNCH

Pitcher Zamloch, who has been with the Detroit Tigers for the past season, is expected to report to Nashville next week. Tor deal for the new slinger was made a few days ago by President Hirsig, who has been away on baseball business for the past week and a half, and it is believed that the new heaver will be in Nashville not later than Sunday. President Hirsig is expected to arrive home about Friday and it is not wholly unlikely that the new pitcher may come home with the local official.

Very little is known of Zamloch as a pitcher, but it is understood that he has had a good season this year and at present is handing out a good brand of puzzlers, in fact, of the variety that will win games for the Vols in the Southern league with ease. Kid Williams showing any form at all. President Hirsig is anxious to land another pitcher in addition to Zamloch and thereby bolster up the club.—Nashville Banner.

Wallace Smith made a sensational run and catch of Noyes' high foul back of first in the opening round. Only this kind of sensational fielding kept down the score of the Vols in this round.

TICKET GOES TO THIS FAN

—Staff Photo by Winn.

The arrow points to the lucky fan. This was made at Friday's double bill when there was plenty of rooting. Identify yourself and call at Journal office and get ticket.

Player Hurt Playing Game

LAGRANGE, Ga., Aug. 2.—LaGrange won from Opelika by score of 5 to 4, the game being called in the first half of the ninth inning owing to serious injury to Player Robinson, of the LaGrange team, who had his left collarbone broken and right shoulder dislocated by running into a post in left field fence.

Donaldson, of LaGrange, also was injured and is out of the game for the season. This completely cripples the LaGrange team, as their two best pitchers, Schuessler and Head, are already out of the game for the season.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
LaGrange.....022 001 000— 5 6 4
Opelika.....210 010 000— 4 5 2

Batteries: Brannen and Billingsley; Hawkins and Allen.

Red Dooin has outfielders who can't field but can hit, and outfielders that can't hit but can field, and also Beals Becker, who can't do either.

The Ancient Order of Organized Undertakers is said to be heartily in favor of the continuance of motorcycle racing.

OPEN ALL NIGHT.
TIPTON'S DRUG STORES
FORSYTH AND LUCKIE
BOTH PHONES 461.

BEST WORK
Crowns (22 k.) $3.00
Bridge work $3.00
Full set teeth $5.00
Filling 50c
H. R. fare allowed 25 miles. All work guaranteed 20 years.
Eastern Painless Dentists
25½ Peachtree St., Near Walton.

BASEBALL
—TODAY—
Nashville vs. Atlanta
Ponce de Leon Park 2:15 o'Clock

SEASHORE EXCURSION
AUGUST 7th.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon's, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8.00—limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS:
10:00 P. M.—Solid Pullman train.
10:15 P. M.—Coach train.
Make reservations now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

The Real West is Really Just Around the Corner Now

WHY, the trip only means one night on the train, and the cost of a month in these beautiful, body-building, memory-painting, healthy, glorious scenes is less than that of a vacation in the average suburb. Make this your Colorado summer. Take a genuine rest and take the whole family with you.

Rock Island Lines
through sleeping car to Colorado

offers the best service to the Rockies. Electric lighted, fan cooled sleeper through to Colorado Springs, Denver and Pueblo, via Memphis and Kansas City. Dining car service all the way

The Colorado Flyer from St. Louis and the Rocky Mountain Limited from Chicago, one night on the road trains—offer splendid service for those desiring to go by St. Louis or Chicago.

If you can afford to go anywhere, you can afford a Colorado vacation

Board and room $7 per week up.

Hundreds of good hotels and boarding houses offer good board for as low as $7 per week, and rooms at $3 per week.

Low Fares Daily, June 1 to September 30

Write or call for handsome Colorado book; and let this office help you plan your trip.

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DISEASED MEN

I offer certain, permanent cures for Ulcers, Blood Poison, contracted diseases, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nervous Debility and all lately or long contracted diseases of men. I will cure you or make no charge. Have proving that my present-day, scientific methods are absolutely certain. If further evidence of my success is required I refer to my extraordinary record of cured and satisfied patients that I have Examined, found and well during the years just past. I hold out no false hopes to incurable persons. If you desire to consult a reliable, long-established specialist of wide experience, come to me and learn what can be accomplished by skillful, scientific treatment. Examination free and strictly confidential. Hours: 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 1.

DR. J. D. HUGHES,
16½ N. Broad St., Opposite Third National Bank, Atlanta, Ga.

REPORTS OF GOOD RAINS IN TEXAS CAUSED DECLINE

Market in New York Closed 19 to 29 Points Down From Previous Close

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—On private advices reporting good showers in nearly all of the tus producing sections of Texas, cotton had an easy opening with prices seven to fifteen points lower, followed by further declines of four to five points in the next half hour, representing a loss of all the improvement that resulted from yesterday's bullish government report. *The liverpool market was closed and will remain closed next Monday.* Early offerings here were mostly from the south and from room traders who had gone long over night.

NEW YORK COTTON.

The following were the ruling prices in the exchange today:

Tone, steady; middling 12c, quiet.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Sale.	Close.	Last Prev.
January	11.13	11.13	11.03	11.05	11.04	11.23
February						11.25
March	11.15	11.19	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.33
May	11.23	11.24	11.18	11.18	11.17	11.37
August	11.79	11.72	11.70	11.71	11.70	11.79
September	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.24	11.43
October	11.26	11.26	11.12	11.15	11.14	11.34
November					11.10	11.30
December	11.23	11.23	11.13	11.13	11.12	11.32

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 2.—Cotton futures opened easy at a decline of 9 to 18 points on report of good rains in Texas. The spot market showed cloudy over the cotton region, with showers at a few points in Texas. Prices were also influenced by the heavy liquidation fallen over a considerable area of the more important cotton growing portions of the state. Bears were heavy short sellers and buyers of long contracts of yesterday liquidated their holdings at a loss. There was next to no new long buying at the decline. Soon after the call the new crop months were 20 to 30 points down. Shorts took profits and checked the decline. At the end of the first half hour of business the market was steady at a decline of 12 points.

Around the middle of the morning the market was steady at a net decline of 11 to 12 points. The official weather reports showed that rain fell at only 15 out of the 50 stations in the Texas weather district, and little or no rain at all *was reported in* Oklahoma. This checked selling for a while, but private telegrams from important cities of Texas stated that the most favorable rain had fallen and late in the morning the market fell off again to the lowest levels.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

The following were the ruling prices in the exchange today:

Tone, steady; middling 12c, quiet.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Sale.	Close.	Close.	Prev.
Jan.		11.19	11.24	11.18	11.19	11.19	11.26
Feb.							11.26
March		11.30	11.36	11.30	11.30	11.29	11.46
May							11.51
Aug.		11.69	11.69	11.53	11.69	11.69	11.77
Sept.						11.29	11.43
Oct.		11.23	11.28	11.20	11.21	11.20	11.38
Nov.						11.15	11.33
Dec.		11.18	11.22	11.18	11.18	11.18	11.35

NEW ORLEANS SPOT COTTON.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 2.—Spot cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales, 12c. Ordinary 8½c, good ordinary 9½c, strict good ordinary 10 1-16c, low middling 10 11-16c, strict low middling 11 3-16c, middling 12c, *strict middling* 12 3-16c, *good middling* 12 5-16c, *strict middling* 12 7-16c, middling 11 13-16c, strict low middling 11 13-16c; *middling 12c; strict middling* 12 3-16c, middling 11½c; strict good middling 12 11-16c; middling fair 13¼c, strict middling fair to fair 13⅝c, nominal; fair 13⅝c, nominal.

Receipts, one bale; stock 284,157.

SPOT COTTON MARKET.

	Close.
Atlanta, nominal	12c.
New York, quiet	12c.
Liverpool, holiday	
Wilmington, nominal	
New Orleans, steady	12c.
Galveston, steady	11 15-16c.
Savannah, steady	11¾c.
Norfolk, quiet	12¼c.
Baltimore, nominal	12¾c.
Philadelphia, steady	12¼c.
Boston, steady	12c.
Macon, steady	11½c.
Greenville, quiet	11½c.
Mobile, steady	11¾c.
Charlotte, steady	12¼c.
Charleston, nominal	
Louisville, firm	12¾c.
Memphis, steady	12c.
Houston, quiet	11¾c.
Little Rock, quiet	11¾c.
Athens, steady	11¾c.
St. Louis, quiet	12 3-16c.
Augusta, steady	12⅛c.

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS

	Last Year.	Today.
Galveston	423	740
New Orleans	344	1
Mobile	200	15
Savannah	78	184
Charleston		6
Norfolk	21	
New York	81	17
Boston	10	
Philadelphia		38
Total all ports	945	1,368

DAILY INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

	Last Year.	Today.
Augusta	78	162
Memphis	100	82
St. Louis	119	
Houston	518	120
Little Rock	406	211
	6	89

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS

	This Week.	Last Year.
	Week. Year.	Before.
Weekly sales	42,000 vs. 36,000 vs.	35,000
American	34,000 vs. 32,000 vs.	27,000
For export	3,500 vs. 1,500 vs.	3,400
Speculation	3,200 vs. 1,600 vs.	1,100
Forwarded	51,000 vs. 68,000 vs.	60,000
Total Stocks	766,000 vs. 791,000 vs.	820,000
American	566,000 vs. 664,000 vs.	355,000
Actual exports	3,000 vs. 4,000 vs.	6,000
Receipts	27,000 vs. 19,000 vs.	19,000
American	12,000 vs. 12,000 vs.	2,000
Receipts since September 1	4,246,000 vs. 5,033,000 vs.	4,256,000
American	3,588,000 vs. 4,262,000 vs.	3,388,000
Stock afloat	39,000 vs. 39,000 vs.	39,000
American	16,000 vs. 21,000 vs.	4,000

COTTON SEED PRODUCT

(By Associated Press.)

MEMPHIS, Aug. 2.—Cotton seed products, prime: Oil, 5c gallon; cake, $27.00; meal, $31.50@32.00; linters, 2¾@3¾c.

COTTON OIL MARKET.

	Open.	Close
Spots		9.30@9.45
August	9.38@9.55	9.38@9.50
September	9.36@9.48	9.37@9.40
October	9.29@9.30	9.29@9.30
November	7.09@7.02	7.01@7.02
December	6.76@6.78	6.78@6.79
January	6.76@6.78	6.77@6.78
February	6.74@6.80	6.74@6.79
March	6.75@6.80	6.75@6.79

Tone, strong; sales, 4,300.

CHRONICLE FIGURES.

World's visible 2,581,551, against 2,486,830 last year.

American 1,333,551, against 1,618,830 last year.

In sight season, 13,472,987, against 452,807 last year.

Week 69,152, against 53,443 last year.

Receipts this week 14,527, against 8,277 last year.

Exports 32,023, against 20,712 last year.

Stock in United States ports 146,680, against 228,289 last year.

Interior stock, 142,458, against 98,904.

Receipts 12,040, against 6,229 last year.

Shipments 27,602, against 17,824 last year.

HAYWARD & BANK COTTON LETTER.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 2.—Weather developments over night were distinctly favorable. Indications are for precipitation in southern half of Texas, cooler generally over the western and northern half of belt. Partly cloudy with showers in southwestern quarter and the Carolinas. Liverpool was heavy and will be closed on Monday. The market declined 19 to 29 points in the early trading on liquidation of long cotton taken on the drouth in Texas and the bureau report which is released now owing to rains in Texas. New York reported McFadden heavy seller through various brokers.

The tendency was to buy on the break in the fear on bullish efforts suggested by Mr. Price's circular and also on account of delay in the crop in the eastern states and possibly complaints of too much rain. A spell of fair weather is desirable in the central and eastern states.

The market was steady at the decline with new crops around 12.20. Market prospects for next week depend on weather and increase in new crop movement in the west.

INTERESTING NEWS AND GOSSIP OF THE MARKETS

Weather Reports, Crop Advices, Expert Opinions and Newspaper Comment

COTTON GOSSIP.

Times-Democrat says:

Nobody guessed the bureau crop condition figure low enough. The bureau's report was clearly upon the last half of the session explaining something of a bullish character. Additional bad judgment. Many accepted the showing as bullish. A few expressed the belief that the government erred. But the market is so restricted by fear of adverse legislation that very little trading was *generated by the government's figures* of 79.6, which is 4 below the ten-year average. Because the bureau bureau has attached much importance to the dry weather in Texas and Oklahoma during *July 25*, and exercised every claim that further deterioration has taken place in these states since the compilation of the bureau's data. On the other hand big crop estimates *ring into the records and found that between* April 15 and July 25 the Texas acreage had increased in 1913 to 7.53 inches, in 1912 to 7.50 inches, in 1911 to 7.49 inches. Therefore since they drew the deduction that the weather in Texas central, which is the big cotton belt, could not now be suffering more than normally, and that the crop outlook on the whole is really *exceptionally favorable*. Nevertheless these days swells to pin greater faith to the significance, although, as to ascertaining the real condition of the crop than does the middle man. He is also skeptical of the bureau's report on Monday, the market may show strength as the result of buying for consumers' account.

Map shows rains in most of belt, except *fair in Oklahoma, northwest Texas generally* dry; also northeastern portion. Also scattered showers in Arkansas and Tennessee. General light rains central and eastern belt. Indications are for further precipitation southern half of Texas, cooler and clearing in the north central states; showers in the northern portion of the belt.

Hayward & Bank writes: Manchester is absolutely idle; quite the reverse from what ot was at this time last year; both spinners and manufacturers are grumbling.

Foreca—

Louisiana—Unsettled, showers tonight or Sunday; light, variable winds on the coast.

Oklahoma and Arkansas—Sunday unsettled; showers in east portion tonight or Sunday.

Oklahoma and West Texas—Tonight and Sunday generally fair.

East Texas—Tonight and Sunday generally cloudy; showers in west portion tonight or Sunday; light northerly winds on the coast.

Georgia—Fair, cooler tonight and Sunday; local showers tonight in the south portion.

Alabama—Local showers tonight and Sunday.

Kentucky—Generally fair tonight and Sunday.

Tennessee—Generally fair tonight and Sunday.

Mississippi—Probably showers tonight or Sunday.

Market opened lower on rains in Texas, new crop freely offered, but idlot like to replace hands.

Reports of rain at El Paso, Paris, Abilene, Mount Pleasant, Mount Vernon, Athens, Lancaster, Dublin, Dublin, Lampasas and San Antonio.

Troy, Ala., says: Such a distinct improvement during the past week in the crop.

Montgomery, Ala., says: We regard crop at present as extremely promising, and not all agree that stands not as good as in 1911 and crop is later, therefore not as safe as in that year.

GRAIN GOSSIP

Chicago Inter Ocean says:

A good many local traders think that with corn advancing and southwestern receipts of wheat declining prices here are low enough. Conservative commission houses are advising against short selling of wheat. Should the bullish market is on in corn is certain, but how large it will be will depend upon the weather. Every day of continued dry, hot weather increases possibilities. The general belief is that without a rainfall within the next week sentiment in oats is mostly bullish, and traders are looking for them to do better, unless crops benefit.

Bartlett, Frazier & Co. say: Wheat: We prefer long side of the market on weak points.

Corn: It is possible that some holders liquidate rather than take chances on precipitation over Sunday and Monday. Sales are likely seem to be very slight prospect of rain.

Oats: Heavy rains in Iowa was a prominent factor yesterday but there was considerable outside buying.

Kansas City and Omaha corn and wheat bulletins show no rain.

Minneapolis Corn and wheat region bulletins show no rain in Mississippi and Dakotas.

Liverpool—United Kingdom weather fine; Roumanian: Our crops are suffering from lack of wheat about finished. Weather is unsettled with frequent heavy rains and threshing delayed.

I think wheat line has been advanced enough for present and would advise securing profits now.—Hutson.

WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The cotton market has been comparatively quiet during the past week and sales have been on a small scale. Reports during July contracts as that delivery finally matured, prices have been steadily declining and uncertain, on the last day of trading in July deliveries, quite a flurry of covering developed, which sent *the price up 40 points, and quite a panic embraced* the firm old crop situation, while early week declines in new crop deliveries. The government's January report, however, showed slightly under the ten-year average. The rally in new crop positions was also encouraged by renewed apprehension over the drought situation in the *southwest.* The light showers reported during the past week in Texas and Oklahoma were not quite by many authorities and the reappearance of dry, hot weather has been followed by increasing complaints of deterioration, particularly from south Texas. Yesterday there seemed to be better inquiry for later future positions and showers, but while accounts as to the immediate progress of the crop are quite generally flatting, most of the advices reaching the trade indicate that good, soaking rains are urgently needed and that the situation will become serious unless there should be in the next week or ten days. Local statisticians figured that the condition figures of 79.6 as of July 25 point logically to a crop of 13,000,000 bales, and tables on the government's estimated acreage, but while such conclusions appeared to fall fairly with the consumption of the past two seasons, it was pointed out that the actual position on the possibility of improvement in this respect, a slack trade demand, and the approaching new crop movement. Private estimates were credited with buying rather freely here on the decline, and there was also some but the support from this source was less in volume than in July, and part of the selling has come from southern sources, whether or not it has been prompted by covering of short contracts was a heavy seller hr at times during the week, supposably in the way of realizing on straddles in the old and new crop months.

WORLD'S VISIBLE SUPPLY STATEMENT.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 2.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, as made up from special cable and telegraphic advices compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and the year before. It shows a decrease for the week just ended of 104,148, against a decrease of 162,772 last year and a decrease of 40,279 the year before last. The total visible is 2,580,260, against 2,684,408 last week, 2,486,472 last year and 1,741,881 year before last. Of this total, the total American cotton is 1,315,260, against 1,426,351 last week, 1,586,472 last year and 1,019,847 year before last, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 1,271,000, against 1,258,057 last week, 880,000 last year and 922,000 year before last.

The total world's visible supply of cotton as above shows a decrease compared with last week of 104,148, a decrease compared with last year of 100,731 and an increase compared with year before last of 838,379.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton as above there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and continental Europe, 1,000,000 bales against 1,583,000 last year and 984,000 year before last. Except 91,000, against 51,000 last year and 80,000 year before last; in India 720,000 bales, against 1,000,000 last year and 675,000 year before last; and in the United States 757,000, against 315,000 last year and 214,000 year before last.

Deaths and Funerals

MR. JOSEPH THOMAS CAMPBELL.

Mr. Joseph Thomas Campbell, aged sixty-one years, died Friday at the residence, 1544 South Gordon street. He was born 1844 south Gordon street. He was born 1844 was taken to Patterson's chapel and will be sent Saturday afternoon to Cedartown for burial at interment Sunday. He is survived by his wife, five sons and three daughters.

MR. J. R. REID.

The funeral of Mr. J. R. Reid, who died Friday morning, will be held from the residence, 1 West Alexander street, Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and the body will be sent to Temple, Ga., for interment. He is survived by his parents, four sisters and two brothers.

JOURNAL WANTS are quick in action and cost but a minimum. Bell phone Main 2000 or Atlanta phone 423.

Atlanta Markets

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 2.—Cotton by wagon, nominal, 12c.

DRESSED POULTRY.

Hens, 16@17c; fries 20@25c; roosters, 18@20c; turkeys, 18@22c; geese 10@12½c; ducks 18@20c.

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, fancy, 40@45c each; fries 20@25c; roosters, 25@35c; *ducks 30@35c; turkeys, 17@18c; geese 40@20c.*

FISH.

Pompano, per pound 15c; Spanish mackerel, per pound 12c; trout, drawn, per pound 15c; pinefish, drawn, per pound 8c; headless red snapper, per pound 8c; mullet, barrel of 200 pounds, *$8.00; small spoons per pound 30c.*

CRACKERS.

Crackers—XX Florida sodas, 6½c; Schlesinger's Cheese Crackers, 6½c; Schlesinger's sodas, 7½c; lemon creams, 7½c; pearl oysters 7c; ginger snaps 6½c; animals 8½c; sugar cakes, 8½c; animals 10c; jumbles, 10c; fig bars, 12½c; cartwheels, 8c; raisin cookies, 9c; Schlesinger's flakes, 10c; crackers in 5c cartons, 50c doen; crackers in 10c cartons, $1.00.

CEREALS.

Purity oats, 36s, round, $2.90; do. 18s, $1.45; Purity oats, 36s, square, $2.80; do. 18s, $1.40; Quaker oats, 36s, round, $2.80; do. 18s, $1.40; Postum cereal, large, $2.25; Postum cereal, small, $2.70; Postum cereal, assorted, $2.50; Instant Postum, assorted, $2.50; Instant Postum, small, $5.40; Instant Postum, assorted, $5.00; Grape-Nuts, large, $2.80; family size, $2.70; Post toasties, 36s, per case, $1.25; Grapenuts, $2.70; cream of wheat, 36 packages, $3.60; Cream of Wheat, 18 packages, $1.80; Cream of Wheat, family size, $1.75; Post tavarnut, special, 36s, 100 size, $2.80; 24s, 15c size, $2.80.

CANDIES

Stock candy: Block, 9c; Schlesinger's No. 1 stick, in bexes, 9½c; Schlesinger's Palms, in boxes, $2.00; Schlesinger's mixed, in pails, 9½c; Schlesinger's mixed, in bulk, 9c; Schlesinger's specials, 10c; Colonial chocolates and bonbons, 1-pound packages, $1.75; mixed, 10@20c; Swift's Pinkie, $5.00; cracker-jack, 50 5c packages, $1.75; Admiration marshmallows, 5c packages, $2.50; Angelus chocolate coated marshmallows, 50 10c packages, $3.50.

Brower's pure sugar loaf, 5c; Brower's pure sugar, heavyweight, 15c; Brower's Sunshine cream 5c; Brower's Jubilee, 10c.

FRUIT AND PRODUCE

Lemons, fancy, $6.00@6.50; choice, $5.50@6.00; bananas, pound, 2½@3c; eggs, Atlanta ket crates, $1.75@2.00; eggplants, per crate, $2.25@3.00; cantaloupes, per crate, $2.00@3.00; cantelopes, $1.50@2.00; sweet potatoes, new, yellow jersey, bu., $1.00@1.50; Irish potatoes, $4.00@5.00; California oranges, $4.00 @4.50; *turkeys, Blue Valley creamery, 35c; cooking butter steady;* 15@17½c; Blue Valley, fancy, 35c; fresh country eggs, 24@25c per doz.; country eggs, 14@15c; peaches, $2.00@2.50 per crate; cabbage, 2@2½c per pound; Spanish onions, $1.50 per crate; pepper, $2.50@3.00.

MEAT, LARD AND HAMS.

Dry salt ribs, 35 to 50 pounds, 13¾c; dry salt rib bellies, 25 to 30 pounds, 14¾c. Premium lard: Swift's pure lard, 12¾c; Jewel lard, 11¾c; Swift Premium bacon, 20c; Swift Jewel, mixed bacon, 21¾c.

Cornfield hams, 10 to 12 average, 20c; Cornfield hams, 12 to 14 average, 20c; Cornfield hams, 14 to 16 average, 19½c; Cornfield Picnic hams, 6 to 8 average, 14c; Cornfield breakfast bacon, 24c; Cornfield bacon (wide and narrow), 20c; Cornfield fresh pork sausage, in bulk, 12½c; Cornfield Frankfort, 12½c; Cornfield Bologna sausage, 25-lb. boxes, 10c; Cornfield southern ham, 25-lb. boxes, 10c; Cornfield *smoked link sausage*, 25-lb. boxes, 10c; Cornfield smoked link sausage, in bulk, 10c; Cornfield pickled pigs' feet, 25-lb. pails, $3.00; rump, $1.75; Cornfield Frankfurts, in pickle, 25-lb. pails, $1.75; Cornfield pure lard, tierce basis, 13¼c; Country style pure lard, 10-lb. pails, 12½c; Compound lard, tierce basis, 10¾c.

GROCERIES

Salt, 100-pound bags, Ivory ice cream, 85c; XXXX Lake herring 6-lb. pails, 40c; 60 lbs., $2.75; 100 lbs., half barrels, $4.25; Tiger lump starch, 50-pound boxes, $3.50; Tiger glass starch, 40-lb. cases, $3.25; Royal Gloss starch, 3-lb.; best gloss starch, 9½c; Silver Leaf Orange corn starch, 6c; pickles, $3.50.

Cheese—Blue Ribbon full cream, 20c.

Sugar—Standard granulated, 4.75; coffee sugar, 4.75; cut loaf, 5.40; crushed, 5.40; fine, 5.15; powdered, 5.15; XXXX Cube, 5.15; Blue Ridge, 17½c; Stonewall, 25c; AAAA, 17½c; Blue Ribbon, 17½c; Domino, 5.45; confectioners' 5.25; ice grease, $1.75; navy beans, $2.90 per bushel; lima beans, $4.00 per bushel; Alaga syrup, 10 pounds, 6 to case, $2.75; 5 pounds, 48 to case, $4.00; B. & M. fish flake, $2.75; 100 lbs., half barrels, $4.25; Tiger, 10c; Continental sardines, 10 cans to case, $3.25; key, 5c; Lenox soap, 100 cakes, $3.00; Swift's pride, 100 cakes to case, $2.75; key ¼ oils cartons Home run, $3.50.

FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.

Flour, sacked, per barrel: Victory (finest patent), $6.50; Quality (finest patent), $6.25; Gloria (self rising), $6.50; Results (self rising), $5.40; Puritan (highest patent), $5.50; Ceresota (highest patent), $5.50; Home Queen (highest patent), $5.00; White Cloud (highest patent), $5.00; Diamond A (highest patent), $5.00; White Daisy (high patent), $4.90; Ocean Spray (patent), $4.75; Swansdown (patent), $4.75; Sun Rise (patent), $4.75; Sun Beam (patent), $4.75; King Cotton (half patent), $4.65.

Meal, sacked, per bushel: Horse Feed, $1.75; Purina Feed, 175-lb. sacks, $1.70; Purina Feed, 100-lb. sacks, $1.80; Victory Horse Feed, $1.60; A. B. C. Feed, $1.50; Milka Dairy Feed, $1.50; Sucrene Dairy Feed, $1.60; Meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.40; beet pulp, 100-lb. sacks, $1.60.

Shorts, bran, mill feed: Shorts, white, 100-lb. sacks, $1.75; shorts, fancy, 75-lb. sacks, $1.75; shorts, fancy, 100-lb. sacks, $1.85; Feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.55; germ meal, Homco, 75-lb. cotton sacks, $1.55; Homco, 100-lb. sacks, bran, 100-lb. sacks, $1.30; bran, 75-lb. sacks, $1.50.

Salt: Salt brick, per case, Med-T, $4.85; salt brick, per case (plain), $2.25; salt, 50-lb. sacks, fine, per ton, $11.00; White Rock, per cwt., 90c; salt, 100-lb. sacks, 55c; salt, 50-lb. sacks, 30c; salt, 25-lb. sacks, 15c; Worcestershire sauce, per case, 50 packages, 90c; salt, Genocrust, case, 25 packages, $2.00.

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
A. & W. P. R. R.	150	153
American National Bank	218	220
Atlanta National Bank	225	
Atlanta Ice & Coal Corp.	90	92
Atlanta Ice & Coal Corp. pf.	85	86
Atlanta Brewing & Ice Co.	105	108
Atlanta Trust Company	107	110
Central Bank & Trust Corp.	130	140
Augusta & Savannah Railway	105	108
Atlanta Savings Bank	100	106
Exposition Cotton Mills	190	165
Fourth National Bank	270	275
Fulton National Bank	128	130
Ga. Ry. & Elec. Co. stamped	115	117
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. 1st pf.	76	78
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. com.	20	23
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. com.	16	18
Empire Cotton Oil Co. com.	45	47
Empire Cotton Oil Co. pf.	96	97
Lowry National Bank	245	248
Trust Co. of Georgia	249	251
Realty Trust Company	93	97
Son. Ice Co. (Nashville), com.	45	47
Son. Ice Co. (Nashville), pf.	80	82
Third National Bank	240	242
Southwestern of Georgia	108	110

BONDS.

Atlanta 4½, 1922	100	
Atl. Ice & Coal Corp. 6s, 1916	98½	99
A. B. & A. 1st 5s	62	65
Ga. Ry. & E. Co. 1st pf 5s	99	103
Atlanta Consolidated Co. 5s	104	
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. consol 5s	102	102½
Southern Bell 5s	97	99

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

	Open.	Close.
January	9.26@9.28	9.11@9.13
February	9.31 bid	9.17@9.19
March	9.36@9.37	9.24@9.25
April	9.40@9.45	9.29@9.31
May	9.47@9.49	9.34@9.36
June	9.46@9.50	9.35@9.36
July	9.45@9.48	9.36@9.37
August		9.29@9.75
September	9.02 bid	8.86@8.87
October	9.03@9.10	8.97@8.94
November	8.85@9.15	8.97@8.98
December	9.16 bid	9.05@9.07

Tone, easy; sales, 42,250.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET FIRM IN LATE TRADING

Canadian Pacific, Copper, St. Paul, Smelters, Illinois Central and Can Up

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Extreme dullness prevailed at the opening of the stock market. Price changes in no instance exceeded fractions. The only gains recorded were by New York Air Brake, Canadian Pacific and Texas Oil.

The ensuing dullness overtook the market in the first hour, the ticker at frequent intervals coming to an absolute stop. Except for some slight improvement from early declines notably in Canadian Pacific, no material changes were recorded.

Alarming reports from various agricultural centers served only further depressing interest on today's market. There were numerous early dishes in the list made standard recovery until prices were on a parity with yesterday's close.

The final bulge was started by Steel, dull session was the purchase of a block of 5,500 Steel at 58¾, midway between lowest of the day and highest of the previous day's final quotations. Bonds easy.

Bonds easy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The following were the open, high, low and last sale and previous close bids on the stock exchange today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Sale.	Close.	Last Prev.
Amal. Copper	69	69⅝	68⅝	69⅝	69⅝	
Am. Agric.						45¼
Am. Beet Sug.	32	32	31⅜	32	31⅜	
Am. Can Co., pf.						92½
Am. Car Foundry						44¾
Am. Cotton Oil	40½	41⅛	40½	41⅛	40¾	
Am. Ice Sec.						22½
Am. Linseed						8¼
Am. Locomotive	31¼	31¼	31	31	30	
Am. Smelting	63⅝	63⅝	63	63⅝	63¼	
Am. Smelting, pf.						100¾
Am. Sugar Rfy.						109
Am. Tel. and Tel						128⅝
Am. Tobacco						218
Anaconda	35½	35½	35½	35½	35¼	
Atchison	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	96¼	
Atchison, pf.						97⅜
Atlantic C. Line						115
Balt. and O.	95½	95½	95½	95½	95½	
Bethlehem Steel						33¼
Canadian Pac.	87⅝	87⅝	87⅜	87⅝	87½	
Cal. Petroleum						18⅝
Can. Pacific	215	216¼	215	216¼	215¾	
Central Leather						22⅜
Ches. and O.	53⅝	57¼	53⅝	54¼	54	
Col. Fuel and I.						30
Con. Gas	132	133	131	133	131	
Corn Products						10⅝
Del. and H.						160
Denver and R. G.						19
D. and R. G., pf.						31½
Distillers Sec.	28	28	27⅝	27⅝	28	
Erie, first	44⅝	45	44⅝	44⅝	45	
Erie, second						34
Gen. Elec.	140	140½	140	140½	139½	
Gt. Northern, pf.						128⅝
Gt. Northern, pf.	125½	125½	125½	125½	125½	
Great Western						23
Illinois Central	154	154½	153½	154½	153½	
Interboro, pref.	57½	57⅝	57½	57⅝	57½	
Illinois Central	105	105½	105	105¼	104½	
Int. Harvester						109¼
In. Paper						16¼
K. C. Southern						27¾
Kan. & Tex.						21⅜
Kan. & Tex., pf.	50½	50½	50½	50½		
Laclede Gas						95½
Lehigh Valley	149	149	149	149	149	
Louis. & Nash.						132⅝
Mex. Petroleum						67
Missouri Pacific	31⅝	31½	31¼	31½	31⅜	
National Biscuit						117⅝
National Lead						48
N. Y. Central	98	98	98	98	97⅜	
North American						67
Northern Pacific						105
Northern Pacific	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	109	
Northwestern						128
Pennsylvania	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	29⅝	
Pacific Mail						32⅜
Pennsylvania	113⅝	113⅝	113½	113⅝	113⅝	
People's Gas Co.						112
Pitts. Lake Erie	158½	158½	158	158½	158½	
Pittsburg Coal						17
Pressed Steel Car						24
Pullman Palace Car						152
Reading						169
Rep. I. & St., pf.						86
Rock Island						16⅜
Rock Island, pf.	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	
Sloss-Sheffield						27⅝
Southern Pacific	91⅝	91⅝	90½	91⅛	91⅜	
Southern Railway						23⅜
Southern Ry., pf.						68⅜
St. Paul	104⅛	105	104⅛	105	104⅜	
Southern Railway	30¾	30¾	30	30	30¼	
Texas Pacific						15⅝
Union Pacific	148⅛	148½	147⅞	148½	148¼	
Union Pacific, pf.						83
U. S. Rubber	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59¼	
U. S. Realty						90½
U. S. Steel	58⅝	59	58⅝	59	59	
U. S. Steel, pf.						108½
Utah Copper	42⅞	42⅞	42⅛	42⅝	42⅝	
Va. Car. Chem. Co.	25	25	25	25	25	
Wabash						2¾
Wabash, pf.						6¼
Western Maryland						46
Western Union						64
Wheel and Steel						19
Wheeling Elec. Co.	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝	

WEEKLY STOCK REVIEW.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The professiona 1 and narrow character of stock market were its most conspicuous features. Notwithstanding its unusual irregular, the leaders fluctuating within a range of only a few points, the most strongest of the speculative favorites, touching its lowest figures of the week on Friday, after a statement of earnings for the second quarter.

The passing of the dividend on Preferred in the Illinois Central dividend caused that stock to drop to its lowest price since 1895. Other stocks whose dividend stability is a matter of doubt, also were weak.

Shares of Southern and Southwestern roads became heavy towards the end on the unfavorable crop reports. Canadian Pacific reflected a further rise in the metal, caused in part by the strength in Amalgamated. Steels were dull, but firm, Coppers, mainly upwards, in various specialties, but they exercised little effect marketwise.

The government's announcement of its intention to offer $25,000,000 of bonds of western and southern points for crop movements, and the $50,000,000 short term treasury notes, bonds but investment demand for general bonds ranks are not expected to increase, abroad and money was in fairly free supply here, a result in part, of light demand.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Bradstreet's review says:

Trade reports still present mixed aspects, with perhaps a slightly more favorable tendency reflect quiet. In the east high rates for money and the dullness of midsummer are given as representative influences, while in the west adverse news of the corn crop has induced some hesitancy.

On the other hand, southwestern advices indicate that there is a more cheerful feeling as to the future is decidedly optimistic, buoyed by crop reports of generally satisfactory increase estimates of wheat yields. At the same time, throughout the south appears to be improving, and sentiment is certainly hopeful.

As regards the leading crops, it seems certain that the yield of winter wheat is of record proportions, that cotton will furnish a large crop, but that the yield of corn will be *shorter than last year*, when all three were, however, record crops.

Business failures for the week were 248, which compares with 224 in 1912.

Wheat, including flour, exports from the United States and Canada for the week aggregate 6,775,175 bushels, against 2,494,657 bushels this week last year.

M'CULLOUGH BROTHERS' FRUIT AND PRODUCE CO. REPORTS.

Although it is quiet, as is usual at this season of the year, in fruit and produce line, the prospects for a heavy fall and winter business were never brighter.

Extensive preparations are being made to this end.

The local gardeners are at this time supplying to a large extent vegetables and fruit to meet the present limited demand.

Virginia cabbage are moving, but in a small way, as a rule, at high prices appplying. The market is also active on onions and Irish potatoes. The few California oranges in the market are selling slowly, but at high prices. The lemon market is about on a standstill at present, with prices ranging from $5.00 per box or than applied two weeks ago. It is yet too early for California fruit, or stocks in western fruit to have arrived in any quantity at these sections, but the opening fair crop during the next ten days or two weeks will undoubtedly bring about a general and liberal consumption.

Fancy cantaloupes, also peaches are in good demand at satisfactory prices. Pineapples, blgs, are moving slowly, but at high prices. The banana market is about on a standstill at present, with prices ranging from $1.00 per bunch. Eggs are in fair demand at quotation prices. The egg market is looking for a drop, showing a 1 to 2-cent per dozen advance over last week's prices. A fair demand pr

Want Ads FREE

For its readers The Atlanta Journal will insert free Want Ads of two lines or less, daily type, 2 times under these classifications: Wanted Help, Male or Female (not commercial); Wanted Situations, Male or Female; Lost and Found; Wanted Boarders for per Rent Rooms, Furnished or Unfurnished (Atlanta Private Homes); For Sale, Household Goods; Exchange (Not Stocks, Bonds or Real Estate).

Free Want Ads should be handed in at the Journal business office before 10 a. m. of the week-day date of publication and before 4 p. m. Saturday for insertion Sunday.

If the first three time order does not fill your want, you are welcome to repeat it as many times as may be required.

Regular rates will be charged for later orders, for all telephoned orders, for all ads signed care The Journal, for all Want ads in which larger than body type is used, for any excess of two lines and for all classifications not named above.

Want Ad Rates

One time, 10c a line.
Three times, 6c a line.
Seven times, 5c a line.

The reduced rates are for consecutive insertions.

Seven words of average length are counted as a line.

The minimum charge is the price of two lines.

Free Want Ads are inserted wholly at the risk of the advertiser without recourse for any cause upon The Journal.

Phone Your Charge Wants

Main 2000
Atlanta 423

The Journal Covers Dixie Like the Dew

Find the Want Ad Meant for You

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE

AT AUCTION

MONDAY, AUGUST 4, AT 90 S. PRYOR ST., THE ENTIRE FURNISHINGS OF A COOPER STREET HOME, CONSISTING OF VERY FINE MAHOGANY, BIRD'S-EYE MAPLE, CIRCASSIAN WALNUT AND QUARTERED OAK BEDROOM FURNITURE, BRASS BEDS, DINING ROOM, LIBRARY AND KITCHEN FURNISHINGS, RUGS, ART SQUARES, REFRIGERATORS, GAS STOVE, CHINA, UTENSILS, ETC. ALSO SEVERAL PIECES OF VERY FINE NEW FURNITURE. SALE PROMPTLY AT 10:30 A. M., MONDAY, AT 90 S. PRYOR ST.

B. BERNARD, Auctioneer.

THE Southern Auction and Salvage Co., at 90 South Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture, household goods or pianos. Phones Bell 2424.

WANTED HELP—MALE

BE A DETECTIVE EARN $360 per month; travel over the world. Write Supt. Ludwig, 605 Westover Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

YES, Prof. G. O. Branning teaches the barber trade. (It's easy.) We teach in half the time of other colleges. Complete course and positions in our shops only $50. Why pay more? Thousands of our graduates running shops or making good wages. Good wages while learning. Atlanta Barber College, 10 Mitchell St.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY: Ablebodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can read and write. Write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 1925½ Second Ave., Birmingham, Ala., 411 Cherry st., Macon, Leonard bldg., Augusta, or Broad and Marietta sts., Atlanta, Ga.

STOP MAKING OTHER PEOPLE RICH. Start in mail order business of your own and earn $50 to $250 a week. I made $10,000 the first five years with a small mail order business, $5,000 the first year. Began with $6. No matter where you live I will show you how to start and grow. Big profits. Spare time, evenings, at first. Experience unnecessary. NO CANVASSING. Send today for my illustrated free booklet. Tells how I can help you. Hecock, A-5099, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED HELP—FEMALE

COOK—Small family, $12 per month. Apartment, 139 Capitol ave. Th

GOOD position for combination cook and maid; family of two. Atlas Publishing Co., F-31, Cincinnati, Ohio. B

COOK—Two meals a day. References, 131 Cliburn ave., S a. m. and 6 p. m. Th

WANTED—A good cook; recommendations required. 707 Peachtree Ave. Main 4457.

WANTED—Middle-aged white woman for housekeeper, and to care for child. Call M. 3302-J.

LADIES—Make big money handling specialties for ladies. Send 10c for particulars. Box 654, Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—An experienced candy cook. Apply to Southern Candy Co., 217½ Peachtree street, between 1 and 3 p. m.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS open to women, $75 per month. Write immediately for free list. Franklin Institute, Dept. 601-F, Rochester, N. Y.

WRITE moving picture plays, $50 each; all or spare time; no experience nor correspondence course. Details free. Atlas Publishing Co., M-31, Cincinnati, Ohio. B

MAIL CARRIERS WANTED—$65 to $100 month; Atlanta examinations coming. Specimen test questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 45 F, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN over 21 years of age to act as salesman and learn the real estate business; age in own handwriting. Address Box 1007, Empire Life (Flatiron) bldg.

PLUMBERS WANTED—Two or three first-class plumbers; steady work, $4.50 per day. Only first-class mechanics need apply. Open shop. Bibb Bros., Macon, Ga.

COMPLETE automobile repair and driving course. Position secured, $25.00. Automobile Repair and Instruction Co., 9 Porter Place, Garage building, 8-10-12 Porter place.

YES, shave 10c, hair cut 15c, massage 10c, at 43 Whitehall, 2 doors from Hunter. 1913 Edgewood ave., 99 Whitehall, 52 Ivy. Best white workmen. Clean linen. Baths, 15c.

WANTED—Young men to learn pharmacy this fall. Positions for experience. Correspondence solicited. Next session begins October 1. Southern College of Pharmacy, 50 Luckie street, Atlanta.

THE LITTLE WHY BOY asks: "Why a dog turns 'round before lying down?" The How and Why Library answers that and all the other questions. Agents wanted. 326 Austell bldg.

USE YOUR spare time to build up a mail order business of your own. We help you start for a share in profits, 27 opportunities. Partnership free, Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

BRIGHT young man 18 to 20 to learn dental supply business. Must be willing to work; small salary to start. Address Dental, care Journal.

ATLANTA MAIL CARRIERS—Postal clerks, wanted; $62 to $100 month. Vacations. Altlanta examinations coming. Common education sufficient. Sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 30 F, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—A first and secondclass baker on cakes also a cook. All day work, state wages and habits and age in answering this ad; also white and colored boy for bake room. Journal.

WANTED—A good all around bench man for optical shop. Must give satisfactory references as to character and ability. Also state age, nationality and whether married or single. Address A. M. Hawkes Co., Atlanta, Ga.

DRAUGHON'S Business College, Atlanta. Enter any time; catalog free. SUMMER RATES.

WANTED—A Confederate soldier to represent me in each county in Georgia. I have a good proposition that will pay good money for business work. No investment required except reference as to honesty and ability. Address C. Gibson, Thomson, Ga.

MEN wanted to learn the barber trade. Best trade in existence for your man. Machinery can't kill it. Our graduates greatly in demand. Big catalog. Orders of our certificates. Few weeks completes. Tools given. Catalogue free. Moler Barber College, 38 Luckie street.

WANTED BOYS TO CARRY ROUTES IN AFTERNOON AND SUNDAY MORNING. APPLY AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES: ATLANTA JOURNAL MAIN OFFICE; SUB STATION NO. 1, 495 EDGEWOD AVE.; SUB STATION NO. 2, 212 LEE ST.; SUB STATION NO. 3, 792 MARIETTA ST.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

WANTED—AGENTS

READ the Agents' Magazine and make more money, 2 months 10c. Agents' Magazine, Chicago. B

EARN $50 weekly selling collection cabinets to merchants. Write for free sample. Sayers Co., 636 Laclede Bldg., St. Louis, Mo. B

GET THIS winner, boys; 500 per cent profit. Sure and rapid seller. Particulars free. Ergey Co., Dept. 3, 709 Joplin St., Joplin, Mo.

AGENTS—Get hold of the right stuff; then you make big money. Household catalogue free. Bowling Green Sales company, 11 Broadway, New York. B

AGENTS and demonstrators wanted to sell Perspi-Rex, king of perspiration destroyers. Address Renova Mfg. Co., 408 Commerce bldg., Kansas City, Mo. B

GENERAL AGENTS to sell Myrck Spray; disinfectants; kills bed-bugs, flies, etc; guaranteed; quart free; prepaid. Myrck Chemical Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED—$60 per week. No investment or experience required. Write for our big union tailoring proposition. P. W. Goodman, President, Regal Bldg., Chicago. B

AGENTS WANTED to sell the Original Native Herbs, $1 box for rheumatism, blankets for constipation, rheumatism. For sample and terms address J. F. Medicine Company, 4528 Hopper street, Dayton, Ohio. B

A SUMMER gold mine for agents. Preserve ice blanket cuts ice bills in half. Sells at sight. Odorless. Retail 25c. Agents make 100 per cent. Write today. J. G. Yorke Company, 12 Spruce street, New York City. B

AGENTS make 500 per cent profit selling our new "Illuminated Day and Night Gold Signs." Big evening sample. Write quick. Sullivan Sales 10c. Particulars free. Sullivan Co., 1234 Van Buren street, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS and salesmen wanted to sell Mexican Yucca Root Hair Tonic and Shampoo, also Mexican Rheumatism Remedy. Big profits. Samples and agents' proposition 10c. P. E. Lester Co., Box 1CA, Medilla Park, N. Y. B

EXPERIENCED agents, crew managers, sell from factory complete, 9-piece Aluminum cooking sets, less than half price, handles give instead of 82 values. Sample outfit 100 per cent profit. Aluminum Factories, LaGrange, Ill. B

VACUUM CLOTHES WASHERS, $1.50—Guaranteed to do the washing. Write quick. Simple machine; money refunded if not satisfactory; price so low as to be within reach of all. Agents wanted. Dundee Mfg. Co., 40 Diamond street, Boston.

AGENTS—15-in-one. Wonderful new combination. Small, light, handy. Sells to farmers, mechanics, auto owners, housewives, a tool of 100 uses. Agents having tremendous success. 10-inch sample free to workers. Combination Tool Co., 6071 Home Ave., Dayton, Ohio. B

WANTED—SALESMEN

EXPERIENCED retail cigar salesman; honest and refined. References given. Bell Phone M. 2569. S

WANTED—Specialty salesmen. Good proposition. Address Manufacturers' Sales Co., 702 Forsyth building.

WANTED—Salesmen and agents to study the science of salesmanship. Free book. Write information to H. Jacobsen, 2900 N. Spaulding avenue, Chicago.

SALESMAN—Experienced in selling premiums to grocers. Large line high grade of merit. Big collection booster. Fine proposition to live man. Reference required. American Advertising Co., Cleveland, Ohio. B

PUNCH BOARD SALESMEN
BIG commission proposition. Side line selling part or entire time selling Novelty Punch Board Deals. Goodwin Co., 1005 Madison St., Chicago. B

SALESMEN WANTED—To sell our check protector. It sells to every person who writes a check. Experience unnecessary. Write Todays 25c. Terry Mfg. Co., 234 Colton bldg., Toledo, O. B

HARVEST HATS—We have openings for a few real speciality men to carry exclusively a snappy, up-to-date line hats. Liberal proposition and good territory. Give references. Carolina Harvest Hat Co., St. Louis, Mo. B

SALESMAN—Experienced in auto line to sell high-grade trade in Georgia. Unexcelled specialty proposition. Commission contract, $35 weekly to draw expenses. Vacuum Leather Oil Company, 336-30 Continental bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. B

SALESMAN—For general mercantile trade in Georgia to sell a new proposition of merit. Have exclusive territory. Commission contract $25 weekly for expenses. Miles F. Bixler Co., Wholesale Jewelers, 36-30 Carlin bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. B

WANTED—Drug salesman, well posted in the pharmaceutical line and high-class in every respect. Reference required and liberal salary paid to the man who can answer our requirements. Address with references P. O. Box 193, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Salesmen to sell "1A Safe Safety Lock Nipple." Sells on sight. Every baby sees one on the market; just out; good seller; good commissions, paid weekly; exclusive territory given to first parties. Send 25c for samples. La Salle Garter Co., Anderson, S. C.

WANTED—To get in touch with 2 or 3 high-class stock salesmen; if you cannot produce results do not reply. C., Box 84, care of Atlanta Journal.

WANTED—City salesman. Must be a hustler and furnish satisfactory references. State age and experience. Address H. C. S., Box 132, care Journal.

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALE

SPECIAL RATES for Situation Wanted ads. Less than one line, 10 cents; 2 times, 15 cents, cash with orders always. These rates are for ads which are signed care The Journal. Other two-line Situation Wanted ads are free.

GOING TO BUSINESS COLLEGE?
IF SO, let us show you how we save our students $50 to $75 on their board. It will pay you to write for our catalog and special rates in effect until September 1st. Address Desk 3, Bagwell Business College, Atlanta. Phone Ivy 4078.

WANTED—A cook and a housemaid; must understand duties fully and give satisfactory references. Will pay good wages at first when will be increased if conduct and work prove satisfactory. My home is on car line near Tenth street. Apply between 9 o'clock and noon at 1210 Candler building.

WANTED—Young women and girls desiring attractive positions. Welfare of operators and clerks closely supervised by the company. First conduct on the premises carefully guarded by matron, women supervisors and chief operator, who have complete control over the retiring and operating rooms. Positions secured, salary being paid while you're inexperienced, salary being paid while learning. Salary increased at the end of two weeks and, if conditions warrant, at short intervals thereafter. Hours reasonable, and increased as they become worthy, with consequent increase in compensation. Work 52 hours per month. References proving the standing of the applicant essential. Those having educational advantages preferred. Lunch room and comfortable retiring room provided. Social club. Carnegie Library books for the convenience of operators. Matron and trained nurse in attendance. Apply 8:30 a. m. to 5:00 p. m., Training School, Bell Telephone Exchange, 20 Auburn avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED HELP—Male and Female

WANTED—Experienced piano player, man or woman, for ragtime; steady work; $25 per week. MANAGER, Kinsley Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—A few good spinners and doffers for day or night line. Write us for full particulars. Aragon Mills, Aragon, Ga.

WANTED—TEACHERS

MANY good openings yet. Foster's Teachers' Agency, Third National Bank building, Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTH ATLANTIC Teachers' Agency, 1125 Atl. Nat. Bk. bld., Atlanta, Ga., male principals; grade teachers; salaries from $50-$90.

SCHOOL officials are writing us every day for teachers. For particulars address Hall Teachers' Agency, Dept. A., Macon, Ga. Don't wait.

JOURNAL WANT AD Horoscope

AUGUST 3.

One thing that persons of this birthdate must be cautious about is marriage.

They should not marry early in life, although much inclined to do so. They should be sure that the person they marry is congenial, or much unhappiness and disappointment will result.

Marriage for Leo people or those born between July 22 and August 22 is happier if mated with persons born between March 21 and April 19 or between November 22 and December 21.

Leo women have a tendency to criticize others and must guard themselves against this weakness.

The selfish Leo person is very unhappy and miserable and most difficult to get along with. It is better to know a person with this birthdate for some time before uniting with them in marriage.

This day is favored with success for the finding of office positions through The Journal Want Ads, and for placing investments to rent and of placing real estate values on the market.

Some Want Ads are inserted free in The Journal—see first Want Page. For choice dates, ask that they be sent for, or telephone them to Main 2000 or Atlanta 423.

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALE

SPECIAL RATES for Situation Wanted ads. 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 6 times 15 cents, cash with order always. These rates are for ads which are signed care The Journal. Other two-line Situation Wanted ads are free.

YOUNG man wants position where there is a chance for advancement. Address H. H. S., Box S, Covington, Ga.

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper would like extra work at night. Best reference. A. B., Box 138, care Journal.

BOOKKEEPER, general office man open for position; 5 years' experience. Address Bookkeeper, Box 139, care Journal.

BAKER—Good white bread and cake baker wants job; can furnish best reference. Address Baker, Box 88, Monroe, Ga.

COMPETENT stenographer desires to make a change. Address Stenographer, 3101-F. Address Competent, Box 30, care Journal.

YOUNG MAN, single, desires position as bookkeeper. Is a hustler and worker. Can furnish best of references. P. O. Box 507.

COTTON grader and bookkeeper wants position with firm or mill, references furnished. Address Cotton Grader, Box 10, care Journal.

YOUNG MAN, 22 years old, wants position as city salesman; can give reference to honesty. Address B., Box 1, care Atlanta Journal.

YOUNG man

BULLISH BUREAU REPORT CAUSED RISE IN COTTON

Maret in New York Closed 8 to 14 Pts. Higher Than the Previous Close

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, August 1.—This morning's weather advices were considered more favorable in the cotton market. Showers were shown in north Texas, while local forecasts thought might work down into the drouthy section. The market opened steady at an advance of 2 to 5 points on high cables, but there was considerable demand, few traders being disposed to sell for short account on the eve of an important government report.

The government report, making the condition of the crop 70.6 per cent, against 81.8 last last month and 76.5 last year, proved rather more bullish than expected and the early following was a quick advance of about 15 points in prices. Estimated receipts at all ports today total 1,000, against 8,231 last week, and 1,061 last year.

Trading became more active in the afternoon and the circulation of the government figures seemed to bring in fresh buying. Prices worked about 16 to 18 points above yesterday's closing.

NEW YORK COTTON.

The following were the ruling prices in the exchange today:

Tone barely steady; middling 12c; quiet.

	Last Year	Prev.
	Open. High. Low. Bid.	Close. Close.
January	11.13 11.28 11.10 11.24	11.24 11.11
February		11.25 11.12
March	11.23 11.37 11.23 11.35	11.35 11.22
April		11.33 11.20
May	11.28 11.40 11.27 11.40	11.37 11.25
July		12.20
August	11.73 11.85 11.70 11.80	11.79 11.71
September		11.43 11.33
October	11.25 11.39 11.20 11.34	11.34 11.22
November		11.30 11.16
December	11.20 11.36 11.16 11.32	11.32 11.16

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 1.—Cotton futures opened steady, unchanged to 6 points down compared with the close of yesterday. Cables were not up to expectations but selling was checked by the continued dry weather in the western cotton belt, and the prediction of local rain in north west Texas and Oklahoma in the forecast. The market moved over a range of only 2 to 3 points in the early trading and at the end of the first half hour of business stood 1 to 6 points under the final figures of yesterday.

The condition report of 79.6 per cent of the normal on July 25, was a little more bullish and more so than the bulls themselves dared hope for, but as a market influence it fell flat, there being almost an entire lack of speculative trading owing to threatened anti-future legislation. Much comment was made after the report on the fact that proposed anti-future measures before congress were costing more of new crop cotton much money by restricting buying of contracts. A matter of no less interest in the report the market was extremely dull. For a few minutes after the report was issued prices were advanced 6 to 10 points, the most active months going to a level 7 points over yesterday's close. At noon the market was dull but steady at a net rise of 5 to 6 points.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

The following were the ruling prices in the exchange today:

Tone quiet; middling 12c; steady.

	Last Year	Prev.
	Open. High. Low. Close.	Close.
January	11.28 11.42 11.28 11.38	11.26 11.26
February		11.33 11.27
March	11.44 11.51 11.44 11.47	11.46 11.40
May		11.51 11.44
August	11.61 11.62 11.61 11.62	11.64 11.61
September		11.43 11.36
October	11.32 11.44 11.23 11.35	11.35 11.32
November		11.33 11.26
December	11.30 11.41 11.21 11.36	11.35 11.29

SPOT COTTON MARKET.

Atlanta, nominal, 12c.
New York, quiet, 12c.
Liverpool, steady, 6.57-100d.
Wilmington, nominal.
New Orleans, steady, 12c.
Galveston, steady, 11 15-16c.
Savannah, steady, 12c.
Norfolk, quiet, 12¼c.
Baltimore, nominal, 12¾c.
Philadelphia, steady, 12¼c.
Boston, steady 12c.
Macon, steady, 11¾c.
Greenville, quiet, 11¾c.
Mobile, steady, 11¾c.
Charlotte, steady, 12¼c.
Charleston, nominal.
Louisville, firm, 12⅝c.
Memphis, steady, 12c.
Houston, quiet, 11 15-16c.
Little Rock, quiet, 11⅞c.
Athens, steady, 11¾c.
St. Louis, quiet, 12 3-16c.
Augusta, steady, 12¼c.

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS

	Last Year	Today
Galveston	218	724
New Orleans	52	79
Mobile		
Savannah	599	
Wilmington	5	
Norfolk	130	423
Baltimore		552
Boston	6	
Newport News		669
Brunswick		
Total all ports	1,061	2,547

DAILY INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

	Last Year	Today
Augusta	62	140
Memphis	120	184
St. Louis	140	138
Cincinnati	476	497
Houston	107	1071

COTTON MARKET OPINIONS

Atwood, Violett & Co.: Anything under 80 for the report, would be bullish, and anything over 81 a bearish factor.

Miller & Co.: We think prices will continue to be controlled by climatic conditions in the southwest.

Josephthal Louchheim & Co.: We advise sales on all strong spots.

WEEKLY INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Total receipts this week 30, interior towns 15,483 against 7,782 last year and 16,234 in 1911.

Shipments 20,539 against 18,428 last, and 17,046 year before.

Stock 148,116 against 107,634 last year, and 88,007 year before.

WEEKLY EXPORTS.

Exports this week 30,273, against 28,436 last year.

To date, season, 8,455,490, against 10,360,703 last year.

VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON.

Visible supply changes: American decrease 111,148 bales, against decrease 143,000 last year, and decrease 95,123 bales year before.

Other kinds decrease 53,000 bales, against decrease 19,000 bales last year, and decrease 10,000 bales year before.

Total decrease 164,148 bales, against decrease 162,772 bales last year, and decrease 105,123 bales year before.

Nineteen talkings have been discontinued.

Visible supply American 1,315,203 bales, against 1,429,351 bales last week, and 1,507,472 bales last year, and 819,847 bales year before.

Other kinds, 1,271,000 bales, against 1,324,000 bales last week, and 888,000 bales last year and 925 bales year before.

Total all kinds 2,586,203 bales, against 2,753,351 bales last week, and 2,483,472 bales last year and 1,741,847 bales year before.

COTTON SEED PRODUCTS

(By Associated Press.)

MEMPHIS, Aug. 1.—Cotton seed products prime basis oil, sc; loose, sold $11.50@12.00; linters 2½@3¾c.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Cotton seed oil, the market was quiet after 12 o'clock with prices about steady. The bullish sentiment seemingly has not been assimilated by the trader et, the only buying features in hand being at a shade under the market.

COTTON OIL MARKET.

	Open.	Close.
Spots		9.35@9.60
August	9.34@9.51	9.41@9.50
September	9.35@9.43	9.40@9.45
October	9.24@9.28	9.26@9.30
November	6.98@6.99	7.00@7.01
December	6.77@6.79	6.77@6.78
January	6.76@6.79	6.76@6.78
February	6.76@6.80	6.76@6.79
March	6.76@6.78	6.76@6.78

Tone, barely steady; sales, 6,500.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

	Open.	Close.
January	9.21@9.35	9.30@9.32
February		8.37@9.39
March	9.45 bid	9.43@9.44
May	9.30@9.35	9.48@9.50
May	9.36 bid	9.54@9.55
June	9.56@9.57	9.55@9.56
July	9.36 bid	9.61@9.62
August		8.92@8.95
September	9.12 bid	9.06@9.07
October	9.12@9.20	9.11@9.13
November	9.18 bid	9.12@9.16
December	9.30 bid	9.23@9.24

Tone, very steady; sales 49,000.

INTERESTING NEWS AND GOSSIP OF THE MARKETS

Weather Reports, Crop Advices, Expert Opinions and Newspaper Comment

COTTON GOSSIP

Times Democrat says:

Professional belief that today's bureau will show a crop condition deterioration of about one full point under last month's figure held the general sentiment in check. The unsettled weather map readings, indicating near future rains over the dry area in the west, impelled some desire to sell fall deliveries. However, an official forecast of fair weather in Texas checked bearish impulses. The July option passed into history at New York, New Orleans and Liverpool with liquidated long before the end. Two or three trailers remained in at New York and the early fluctuations at that station there were rather exciting, the price ranging as low as 11.70 and as high as 11.85, with swings of about 25 points between fluctuations.

Map shows generally cloudy belt: some rain in northwest Texas and in Houston section; very little rain in other central states; not quite as warm in north portion Saturday.

Mississippi, Alabama, showers tonight or Saturday.

Rain during very light no feature, rains reported in some sections western belt and local excessive precipitation some rains within next forty-eight hours. Market awaits very steady at close government report at noon.

Local showers in state of Taylor, central Texas, showing rainy conditions.

New York Journal of Commerce: Weather corrected by addition of 11,870 bales.

Up to bids in New York were as follows: August 11.78; October 11.31; December 11.29; January 11.20; March 11.29.

Sales in New Orleans were: August 11.60; October 11.26; December 11.33; January 11.33; March 11.42.

Official records show a temperature average of 84 degrees for the week, 100 degrees, 70 degrees, and one at 106.

Rain is the principal anticipation of rains in Texas and delay to movement.

Stimulated demand and was received with skepticism there is rain promised over much of Texas. The market is quite lifeless and drastic seems there will be a change in speculative views for something to turn up. Rains in Texas during next twenty-four hours would probably cause decline while continued dry weather will operate to sustain values.—Miller & Cotter.

STOCK GOSSIP

New Jersey *summary: Secretary McAdoo announces* $50,000,000 government bonds will be called in to be used in the purchase of south and west to facilitate crop movement. With acute commercial paper and government 2s at par as collateral, banks can realize quick profits. Mansion choice for mayor of New York. U. S. Steel unfilled orders show increase of 1,000,000 tons. Decrease of about 400,000 tons. Montreal dispatches say Canadian Pacific directors have practically decided on 12 per cent additional dividend for common stock in August. Pennsylvania earnings for July show gain of $1,252,000 less than June, 1912. Six months net $4,-676,000 decrease year, second half. Twenty active rails declined 29; 12 industrials declined 11.

Think we will have a good trading market for the next week, with an upward tendency in prices. Short interest is large for this season, preferring active issues like Union Pacific, Copper, Steels, Reading, and that there may be a decision handed down against Harriman within the next few days, but would buy this issue on any break or declaration against the company would mean segregation and ultimately higher prices.—Potter.

GRAIN GOSSIP

Chicago Inter Ocean says:

Opinion prevailed wheat traders last night were not so unanimously bearish. A few of the big operators seemed to believed all bearish conditions have been discounted for the present. At the same time, they are not looking for much of an upturn, but expect that fluctuations will be coarse grains should have a creating effect on wheat values. There was noticeable a number of local bulls took profits on corn on reaction and that these transactions after bulges higher prices. Bulls are talking much about

Barlett, Frazier & Co. say: Wheat—We should have a higher market today and we believe that there is beginning a good scare. Corn—Map of the corn belt except at one or two points in Ohio valley. Cash for continued growth in the market.

Oats—New buying of a limited character and local sentiment is rather inclined to be bearish on continued heavy stocks.

Provisions—Market still shows signs of scattered, foolish, bearish sentiment. New crop lards. Excepting the January deliveries.

Omaha Bee says: Wheat and corn bulletin shows no rain in Nebraska. Entire state clear, except part of northeast portion.

Kansas City—Corn and wheat region bulletin shows no rain; maximum Kansas temperatures 87 to 98.

St. Louis—Hot, heavy shower last night, but did not extend three miles east.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Liverpool was due to come half point lower on August and 2 points lower on later positions. Opened quiet at 1 to 2 points advance.

At 12:15 m., market was steady at a net advance of 2 to 2½ points.

Spot cotton in moderate demand at 4 points advance; middling 6.57d; sales 7,000 bales; American 5,400; imports none.

Messrs. Browne, Drakeford & Co., Liverpool, cable as follows: "Advance caused by reason of covering by shorts who are nervous and continental buying."

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Tone, very steady; sales 7,000; middling 6 57-100d.

	Open Range.	2 p. m.	Close.	Close.
Jan.-Feb.	6.04	6.06@6.05	6.05@6.06	6.03@6.04
Feb.-March	6.05	6.05@6.06	6.06	6.07	6.04@6.05
March-April	6.06@6.08	6.07@6.08	6.05@6.06
April-May	6.08	6.09@6.10	6.08	6.09	6.06@6.07
May-June	6.09@6.10	6.10@6.11	6.08
June-July	6.09	6.10@6.11	6.08
August	6.30	6.31@6.32	6.29
Aug.-Sept.	6.21@6.23	6.22@6.23	6.20½
Sept.-Oct.	6.12@6.14	6.13@6.14	6.10½
Oct.-Nov.	6.08	6.09@6.09	6.10	6.07
Nov.-Dec.	6.05	6.06	6.04½	6.02

LIVERPOOL FLASHES.

	Jan.	Mar.	July	Oct.
Time	Feb.	Apr.	Aug.	Nov.
1:00	6.03	6.07½	6.31	6.09
2:02	6.04			6.09
2:15			6.30	
2:16				6.08
2:47				6.09
3:07	6.02			6.08
3:07	6.02			6.07
4:08	6.04			6.08
4:29				6.07
5:00	6.03			
5:00	6.03		6.35	
5:02	6.07			
5:05	6.08			
5:05	6.07			
3:06				6.11
5:07	6.06	6.09	6.34	
5:07	6.06			
5:20			6.33	
5:22	6.07			
5:30	6.06			
6:00			6.32	
6:00	6.05½	6.08	6.32	6.10

HAYWARD & CLARK COTTON LETTER.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 1.—Weather map shows the precipitation yesterday overnight, closely nearly the entire belt with some rain in north west Texas, the Houston district, and a sprinkle at Taylor. The forecast is fair in the central states, but general precipitation over the Atlantic coast. Temperatures are for cool wave to come on the western and central states with consequently fair weather and no rain in the near future in the dry section of Texas, and showers and weather is also indicated for the rest of the belt.

Liverpool advanced spots 4 points; sales 7,000. Futures open 2 points better than due, no change attributed the recovery to the anticipation of a bullish bureau condition. Our market was opened with October around 1.30, up to the time of the bureau publication at 11 o'clock. Good premiums for more rain in Texas acted as a check on the fear of a bureau report.

There was a rumor of labor troubles having set in Lancashire and mills about to close in the Oldham district.

The government gave 79.6 as the condition to July 25. The market advanced to 11.38 for October soon after its release.

Atlanta Markets

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 1.—Cotton by wagon, nominal, 12c.

DRESSED POULTRY.

Hens, 16@17c; fries 20@25c; roosters, 18@20c; turkeys, 18@22c; geese 10@12½c; ducks 18@20c.

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, fancy, 40@45c each; fries 20@25c; roosters, 25@30c; ducks 30@35c; turkeys, 17@18c; *geese 40@50c.*

FISH.

Pompano, per pound 75c; Spanish mackerel, per pound 12c; trout, drawn, per pound 10c; bluefish, drawn, per pound 5c; headless red snapper, per pound 8c; mullets, barrel of 200 pounds net, $8.00; small spooks per pound 10c.

CANDIES

Crackers—XX Florida sodas, 6½c; Schlesinger's Climax sodas, 6½c; Schlesinger's sodas, 6½c; Schlesinger's Royal Lunch, 6½c; ginger snaps 6½c; cornhills, 8½c; penny cakes, 6½c; Schlesinger's Royal, 6½c; fig bars, 12c; *cartwheels, 9c; raisin cookies, 6c; Schlesinger's* Royal, 6½c; crackers in 5c cartons, 50c dozen; crackers in 10c cartons, $1.00.

CEREALS.

Purity oats, 36s, square, $2.80; 5s, 3s, $1.40; Quaker oats, 36s, square, $2.80; 5s, 3s, $1.40; Postum cereal, large, $4.25; Postum cereal, small, $2.70; Postum cereal, assorted, $2.50; Instant Postum, large, $4.25; Instant Postum, assorted, $2.50; Instant Postum, assorted, $5.00; Grape-Nuts, $2.70; Post Toasties, $2.70; Post Bran Flakes, 30s, per case, $2.80; 24s, $2.25; Grapenuts, $2.70; Post Toasties, 36s, per case, $2.80; 24s, 15c size, $2.80.

CANDIES

Stock candy: Bloom candy, 6c; Schlesinger's No. 1 stick, in barrels, 6½c; Schlesinger's Whims, 6½c; 30-pound, Schlesinger's mixed, in pails, 8½c; Colonial chocolates and bonbons, 1-pound packages, $2.00; Colonial 10c jumbles, 10c; fig bars, 12c; cartwheels, 9c; raisin cookies, 6c; Schlesinger's Royal, 6½c; crackers in 5c cartons, 50c dozen; crackers in 10c cartons, $1.00.

Ginger snaps, 6½c; cornhills, 8½c; penny cakes, 6½c; Schlesinger's Royal, 6½c; fig bars, 12c; cartwheels, 9c; raisin cookies, 6c; Schlesinger's Royal, 6½c; crackers in 5c cartons, 50c dozen; crackers in 10c cartons, $1.00.

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FRUIT AND PRODUCE.

Lemons fancy, 360s@$5.50; choice, $5.50@6.00; bananas, per pound 4c; tomatoes, home grown, per crate, $2.75@3.00; *eggplants*, per crate, $2.75@3.00; cucumbers, per crate, $1.50@2.00; cantaloupes, $1.50@2.00; sweet potatoes, new, per bushel, $1.25; bus sage, $4.00@5.00; California oranges, $4.00 @5.00; Florida oranges, $4.00@5.00; Irish potatoes, cooking butter steady; 10@11½c; eggs, Blue Valley, fresh, per dozen, 23c; per doz., country eggs, 14@15c; peaches, $2.00@2.50; cabbage, 2@2½c per pound; Spanish onions, $1.50@1.75; red onions, $1.50@1.75; lettuce, $1.75 per crate; pepper, $2.50@3.00.

Irish potatoes, $3.00@3.25; sweet potatoes, $3.00@3.50; cabbage, 2@2½c per pound; Spanish onions, $1.50@1.75; red onions, $1.50@1.75; lettuce, $1.75 per crate; pepper, $2.50@3.00.

MEAT, LARD AND HAMS.

Dry salt ribs, 55 to 70 pounds, 13¾c; dry salt clear bellies, 14@14½c; Premium clear bellies, 14½c; Premium lard 13½c; Silver Leaf lard 12¾c; Jewel lard, 11½c; Swift Premium hams, 20c; Swift Premium skinned hams, 21½c; Cornfield lard, 12c; Cornfield cooking butter steady; 10@11½c; eggs, Blue Valley, fresh, per doz.,

FOR RENT—ROOMS

Unfurnished

NICE, large room at 200 Crew St. for gentleman. 2625-J. F

ROOM or five rooms, private bath, hot water, 251 Central avenue. S

THREE ROOMS and kitchenette with use of bath. 52 Gulick street. F

FOR RENT—Large housekeeping room, or for board. Ivy 3775-L. F

NICE rooms, private bath, modern conveniences, with couple. W. 1295-J. S

TWO connecting rooms, private entrance; water and gas. 97 Dodd Ave. S

TWO upstairs unfurnished rooms for rent; all conveniences. 185 Cooper St. M

TWO or four nice connecting rooms up stairs for gents. 1444 West 36th St. S

TWO large connecting, light housekeeping rooms. 171 Woodward avenue.

TWO adults, three newly papered rooms, private bath, with owner. M. 5565-L. Th

ROOMS for light housekeeping to a refined couple. Owner, 23 Pulliam St.

TWO connecting unfurnished rooms, 541 West Hunter street. Walnut 3600.

FOUR connecting rooms for light housekeeping, sink in kitchen. 415. 81 Simpson. F

TWO unfurnished rooms with gas and bath and use of parlor. 264 E. Ellis St.

NICE nice room for housekeeping; also one room, furnished. 234 Central avenue. Th

THREE connecting rooms, electric and gas. Phone M. 2369-J. 442 Capitol avenue. Th

TWO rooms and kitchenette; phone and lights. 54 E. Alexander; private home. $12.50. S

FOR RENT—Five unfurnished rooms, private bath; all conveniences. Phone Ivy 5398-L. S

THREE rooms, Druid Hills; porches, gas stove, sink. Reference. Ray. Generali Delivery. S

FOUR rooms first floor. Apart. for housekeeping. Address 166 Courtland St. M. 4347-J. S

TWO rooms and kitchenette, large and roomy, 2 blocks from Arcade. Apply 70 E. Ellis. F

FIVE unfurnished rooms for rent, private entrance, private bath, hot and cold water. Main 4096-L.

NICE IVY ST., two rooms for light housekeeping, fully equipped with all convenience, sink in kitchen.

THREE connecting light housekeeping rooms; Inman Park, on car line; all conveniences. Ivy 6718-J. S

TO congenial couple, three extraordinary, first-class upstairs rooms, modern conveniences. 139 E. Georgia. Th

TWO LARGE connecting rooms for light housekeeping. Grant park section. 645 South Boulevard. 3578.

TWO large connecting rooms, conveniences; private entrance; in cottage with couple. 163 Ormond St., West End.

THREE connecting first floor rooms; all modern conveniences. References exchanged. 20 Norcross street. West End.

TWO unfurnished rooms; connecting bath; also one unfurnished room; telephone, gas and hot water. 1 Ormond St. M.

TWO-and upper floor, four rooms, kitchenette, hall, electric lights, gas, large, shady yard, six car lines. 1437 Hill St. Ivy 4547-J.

FOR RENT—Four nice large connecting unfurnished rooms, private bath, separate entrance, best location on south side. M. 2970-J.

FOUR nice connecting rooms with all conveniences, at very low rental, in West End. 116 Greenwich avenue. Phone West 1151-L.

FOR RENT—To couple or adults, four or five unfurnished rooms, arranged for housekeeping. Apply 584 Washington St. Phone M. 4115.

FOR RENT—To refined couple, entire first floor of three beautiful rooms, with reception hall; cabinet mantels; walking distance. 281 Central avenue.

LADY about to take house close in, wants to hear from gentleman or adult family who wants unfurnished rooms. Mrs. T. A. S., 49 Currier street.

Furnished

BARGAIN—Housekeeping rooms, M. 3954. Th

FURNISHED cool rooms, $2 per week. 102 Ivy street. S

DELIGHTFUL upstairs rooms, hot bath. 111 East Ellis. Th

NICE furnished room for light housekeeping. 19 W. Pine.

ROOMS—Plenty baths; near in; cool rooms. 11 Cone street.

26 E. ELLIS, bright room, near bath; suitable for one or two. S

NICELY furnished room for gentleman, $10. 18 West Peachtree.

89 WEST PEACHTREE, Apt. 8, nicely furnished front room.

FURNISHED room at 182 South Forsyth street for gentlemen only.

TWO furnished rooms for light housekeeping for rent. 24 Pulliam. S

ONE large front room, furnished; on north side. Call Ivy 4709-L.

CONNECTING rooms, all conveniences, 210 Spring St. Ivy 3205 J. S

FURNISHED front room, four windows, $2 per week. 102 Ivy street. Th

2, 3 or FOUR rooms for housekeeping, adults only. 371 Glenn street. Th

FURNISHED room, connecting bath, steam heat. 45 East Linden. Ivy 2026.

COOL room, bath, couple or two young men. 30 North Dargan. M. 3702. F

NICELY furnished front room, close in; private home. 19 E. Cain street.

FURNISHED room for one or two ladies. 10 Ormewood Ave. M. 1091-J.

NICELY furnished room, apartment C. Byron Apts. Call Mrs. Ingram.

TWO connecting rooms, housekeeping. Nice location. 46 West Peachtree.

TWO nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 545 S. Pryor St.

THREE nicely furnished connecting rooms at 346 Washington. Cheap.

LOVELY room with hot baths in refined home. Ivy 3364-L. 223 Ivy street. F

TWO furnished rooms for housekeeping, private bath. 318 Washington street. S

LARGE front room, electric lights, heated, refined home. Ivy 2737-J. 29 Ivy. S

SPLENDID rooms 50c to $1.00 per day. Gate City Hotel, 108½ S. Forsyth.

LARGE front room, nicely furnished, all conveniences. Phone Ivy 5421-J. S

FURNISHED room in private family, M. 1388-J. or call at 458 South Boulevard. Th

ROOMS for light housekeeping, furnished complete, sink; main 3115. S

NICELY furnished upstairs, front, light housekeeping rooms. 263 Whitehall st. S

THREE furnished or unfurnished rooms. 205 Cooper street. Walnut 4446.

NICELY furnished rooms, good homelike table board. Ivy 7038-J. 58 Walton. F

NICELY furnished front room for business woman. No Beale Ford. Ivy 2867-L.

LARGE front room, all conveniences, corner entrance; close in. 76 Walker st. F

LARGE front room, all conveniences, corner entrance; close in. 76 Walton St. S

ONE nicely furnished front room; ideal location. 16 Simpson street. Ivy 4327.

TWO connecting furnished rooms for light housekeeping. $10. 44 Whitehall Terrace.

LARGE front room, all conveniences, corner entrance; close in. 76 Walton St. S

NICELY furnished front room in steam-heated apartment; close in. Main 5124. S

TWO connecting rooms for light housekeeping. 28 W. Peachtree Place. Ivy 6537-J.

DESIRABLE room and board. North side. References exchanged. Phone Ivy 6504.

FOR RENT—ROOMS

Furnished

FURNISHED room in new Euclid Apart. Young men preferred. Address R. M., Journal.

ROOM, private family, on car line, gentleman, opposite passenger depot, College Park. S

NICELY furnished rooms, gentlemen preferred, with all conveniences, close in. Ivy 2966.

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms, one single; also double bedroom. 37 Carnegie Way.

ATTRACTIVE room, bath adjoining, ideal for trained nurse; business woman. Ivy 4578. Th

ROOM on first or second floor, arranged for housekeeping. Cheap. 152 Courtland st.

ONE furnished room in private home; north side with or without meals. Ivy 5267.

ROOM on first or second floor, arranged for housekeeping. Cheap. 152 Courtland St.

EXCLUSIVE ba-lelor rooms. Every convenience; close in. 61 E. Cain, apartment 5.

ONE NICE large furnished front room, all conveniences, cool and pleasant. 285 Washington.

DESIRABLE well furnished rooms, in private family, with all conveniences. 183 Ivy street.

COOL, furnished front room; home conveniences; private family; 85 Ivy Harris. Ivy 1054.

LARGE FRONT ROOMS, five windows, private bath, near Seventh and Peachtree; Ivy 662-J.

FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Private bath and sink in kitchen. Ivy 4578. Th

THREE connecting rooms, completely furnished for light housekeeping. 374 Peachtree. Ivy 5450.

NICE cool room, also light housekeeping apartment; private family; close in. 151 Spring street.

ENTIRE second floor, three rooms furnished for housekeeping; private residence. Ivy 2690-J. F

GENTLEMAN, beautifully furnished room, near bath, private home, Peachtree place. Ivy 2009 J. F

FOUR nice connecting rooms, separate gas, bath, water, poultry yard. Owner, 680 Woodward Ave. S

BEAUTIFUL front room; refined Peachtree home; gentleman, business woman; couple. Ivy 3080-J. F

NEWLY furnished, private bath, for gentleman; north side. Phone I. 5028; evenings, Ivy 6294-L. F

NEWLY furnished; front room, for gentleman; north side. Phone Ivy 5028. Evenings, Ivy 6294-L. S

BEAUTIFULLY furnished room, adjoining bath, steam heat, private home, gentlemen. 306 W. Peachtree st.

BEAUTIFUL furnished room in apartment on Peachtree. Thoroughly modern; for gentleman. Ivy 6719-J.

LARGE, light front room in private home. Trained nurse preferred. 139 E. Pine. Phone Ivy 6671-L.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Private bath, electric lights, steam heat; for men. Peachtree Place. Call Ivy 4468-J.

NICELY furnished room, adjoining bath, for young gentleman, business lady; walking distance. Call Ivy 3309-J.

FRONT room with dressing room, running water, for young gentleman. Home comforts and conveniences. Ivy 3505-J. Th

FOR RENT—Five completely furnished rooms. Piano, sewing machine and telephone, for $25. A. A. A. 1838. 1 or 2 Peachtree.

TWO large furnished rooms, first floor; all conveniences; ten minutes' walk to busiest section. 19 Pulliam St. M. 5574-J.

ONE large front room with kitchenette; all conveniences; ten minutes' walk to business section. 19 Pulliam St. M. 5574-J.

LARGE, nicely furnished first floor front room, with porch; suitable for gentlemen or couple. Close in. References. 67 E. Fair St.

NICELY furnished room and sleeping porch; upstairs; rent reasonable. Phone Ivy 967-L, or call to see Mrs. Anderson, 487 N. Boulevard.

TWO or three rooms for light housekeeping, in private family; between Whitehall and Forsyth. Atl. phone 3424. 49 Brotherton st.

COOL ROOM for two young men. Bath; all conveniences. Also bedroom 2077. Five minutes' walk from Five Points, 102 W. Baker st.

333 WHITEHALL ST.

COOL, convenient place, close in. M. 2120-L.

FOR RENT—Two completely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; no children or business women. 323 Courtland. Ivy 2022-J.

CONNECTING furnished rooms for housekeeping or meals across street, with private family; children. 504 Church St., Marietta, Ga., or 80 W. Peachtree.

NICELY furnished front room to rent with private family on south side. Fifteen minutes' walk from Five Points. All modern conveniences. Call Main 1503-J.

THE MARTINIQUE

CORNER Ellis and Ivy (next door to Elks' club). Furnished rooms, connecting bath.

IN DECATUR, large furnished room for gentlemen or business ladies, on car line. All conveniences. Boarding place accessible; references exchanged. Dec. 46, or P. O. Box 1746, Atlanta.

THE FAIRLEIGH

137-5-7 SPRING ST.—Phone Ivy 5558-J, furnished rooms and furnished 3-room apartments, close in, with all conveniences.

THE PICKWICK

NEW, TEN-STORY AND FIREPROOF.
COOL, outside rooms with connecting bath. Convenient shower baths on every floor.
77 Fairlie street, next Carnegie library.

Furnished or Unfurnished

FOR RENT ROOMS—North side, between three car lines. Phone Ivy 2224-J.

NICELY furnished or unfurnished room on North Boulevard, near Ponce de Leon. Phone Ivy 1383-J.

FOR RENT—HOUSES

Unfurnished

AN 8-room, furnace heated home on Virginia avenue. Ivy 3873.

CALL, write or phone for our rent bulletin. Ralph O. Cochran, 74-76 Peachtree st.

CALL, write or phone for our rent list, Ivy 3390. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 7½ Walton street.

EIGHT-ROOM Washington street home for rent. Call M. 5563-L, or address House, 604 Washington St.

HOUSES, Apartments and Stores for rent. Phone us and let us mail you a rent list. George P. Moore, 31 Auburn avenue.

FOR RENT—Nice five-room cottage, in good condition; No. 7 Welborn street; gas, water, bath. Price, $15. Call West 1021-J.

OUR WEEKLY RENT LIST gives full description of everything for rent. Call for one or let us mail it to you. Forrest & George Adair.

FOR RENT—173 N. Jackson St. 10 rooms, 2 baths, electricity and heat. Newly painted; elevated, shady lot. Apply 173 N. Jackson St. Call Ivy 2788.

GET OUR weekly rent bulletin. We move tenants renting $12.50 houses and up FREE. See office, Kontz-Goodaile, The Renting Agent, 12 Auburn avenue.

$12.50 PER MONTH—Newly painted, newly papered 6-room cottage, reception hall, with gas for cooking and illuminating purposes; water, sewer, sidewalks and curbing; strictly white section; blocks from school; 25 yards from a double car line, with good neighborhood. Ware & Harper. Atl. Nat. Bank bldg.

FOR RENT—Large stables, good condition, electric lights; rear 795 Peachtree. Ivy 3080-J.

THE JOURNAL WANTS are close to the heart interests of the people—they fairly bristle with human interest and tell of imperative demands that may be met with mutual gain.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

GRANT PARK SECTION

ON SOUTH BOULEVARD, fronting the prettiest part of the Park, we are offering a beautifully elevated lot 90x190, running back to a wide alley, for $3,150.00. Can be sub-divided into two lots 45 feet front each and sold for $1,600. Easy terms. This is about the last vacant lot which can be bought fronting the park. The price in our opinion is very reasonable.

B. M. GRANT & CO.

GRANT BUILDING.

WANTED—ROOMS

Unfurnished

WANTED—Four or five rooms on good north side location. Address Rooms, Box 137, care Journal.

FOUR or five rooms, second floor, front porch, north side; prefer private home. Address Rooms, Box 2, care Journal.

WANTED—Four unfurnished rooms or entire upper floor; by young couple. Strictly modern; north side; between Ponce de Leon Spring St.

YOUNG business woman desires large, airy room in private north side home, September 1. Prefer unfurnished; will buy bed, if cheap, and not too close in. Box 19, Sissonia Apt. W. Harris.

Furnished

WANTED—By three young men of permanent position, large furnished room in apartment. Address Apt., 1114 Candler bldg.

WANTED—Five furnished rooms for housekeeping for family; must have bath and conveniences. Call Ivy 1880-J., between 8 and 12.

WANTED—Three rooms furnished for housekeeping, north side, private home; no children; references exchanged. Address W. A. C., care Journal.

COOL, furnished front room; home conveniences; private family; 85 Ivy Harris. Ivy 1054.

WANTED—Two or three nicely furnished rooms on north side for housekeeping by young married couple. No children and the cash. Address R. N., Box 105, care Journal.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—New six-room bungalow, on Highland View, easy terms. Ivy 3886-J.

BRICK Home of eight rooms, just off Highland avenue on Virginia avenue. Ivy 385.

HIGH-CLASS bungalow, new, one front, hardwood floors, tile baths. Call Owner, Ivy 7799-J.

BY OWNER—Nice 5-room house, corner lot; good neighborhood. $1,800. Address A. B., Box 40, care Journal.

ONE of prettiest lots in Ansley Park on Piedmont avenue; paving park. Address "B," Box 113, care Journal.

WANTED—Two-story, 8-room home, nice lot, value $6,500 to $10,000, prefer north side. H. C. Blake, Main 5202.

WHEN others fail, "Ask Mr. Babbage" to sell your property. 1107 Peachtree (adjoining Piedmont Hotel). Ivy 1561.

ELEVATED LOT, 50x315, on Piedmont avenue, will accept $50 cash, $20 month. Address Urgent, Box 129, care Journal.

FOR SALE—Home, 63 Atwood street, West End. Call Main 2640-J. Call at 37 Atwood street for key after 6 p. m.

BOTTENFIELD—"The Man That Sells," will handle your property and give you quick returns. 1021 Empire bldg. Main 2016.

FOR SALE—Seven-room house with one acre lot. Fronts two streets in Kirkwood, price $3,500. Easy terms. M. 2053. 31 Inman Bldg.

SIX-ROOM bonne on lot 172-319, on corner, best part of Highland avenue. Price $4,500; no loan. Easy terms. 31 Inman Bldg. M. 2053.

WE have several small farms near car line that we are offering for sale or renting property in city. Milton 2053. 31 Inman Bldg.

SIX-ROOM cottage, first-class condition, College Park, on car line, fine shade, price easy terms, like rent. Address Owner, Box 59, care Journal.

MOVED TO 130½ Peachtree street, opposite Candler bldg. TOM WEAVER, Tailor. Established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning. M. 1535-J.

FOR SALE by owner, beautiful six-room bungalow in the Druid Hills section; stone front and full lot; a fine tint make an attractive home. Call Ivy 4181.

ONE of the best 1,500-acre farms in Georgia, 65 miles from Atlanta; 65 acres in corporate limits. For particulars apply to W. H. Cotter, Owner, Hawkinsville, Ga.

BEAUTIFUL lot in Decatur, just off Clairmont avenue. $900; might consider small cash payment, balance $18 month; no interest. Address Decatur, Box 1, care Journal.

$8,250 ON beautiful North Boulevard, nine-room house and five-room apartment with separate entrance, 3-car garage. Fronts on alley. Apply 372 North Boulevard, side entrance.

FOR SALE—Five-room cottage, lot 50x180, for colored, 2 blocks from car; will make payments to suit buyer. Call Forsyth, Attorneys, 607 Temple Court bldg. Main 3182.

HOME SACRIFICE—Six-room bungalow, au modern conveniences. Must be sold at once. One block of car line and Agnes Scott college, 14 Adams drive. Decatur. Decatur 2.

ON NORTH BOULEVARD, overlooking Ansley Park annex, residence lot, 50x190 feet. Only $900; $50 cash, balance easy. This is a genuine pick up. Address Kendall, Box 9, care Journal.

FOR SALE by owner, beautiful home on the prettiest part of St. Charles Ave., 8 rooms and sleeping porch. Lot 62x250. Bargain at $6,000. Terms to suit. Call Ivy 2564-J. No agents.

I HAVE a home on South Pryor for sale; five-room house, lot 55x108 feet, beautiful trees. Wish to sell on account of leaving town. Price $3,400. Address Apt. 3, 32 East Ave., Atlanta, Ga.

THIS best piece of negro property on one of the best streets in Atlanta, South Boulevard. This pays well now, but can be made to pay much better. Thos. J. Buchanan, 405 Peters bldg. Phone Main 5258-J.

KIRKWOOD bungalow for sale by owner; new 6 rooms and bath, hot air heat, all improvements, large, level, shaded lot, $350 cash, or will take vacant lot as part payment. A., 625 Empire building.

BARGAIN—I need cash and will sell my Inman Park home, $500 cash and balance $20 per month and take your lease, $50 a month, 50 per cent on investment first year. C. P. W., Box 127, care Journal.

FOR SALE—Must be sold at once 131 Venable street; very small cash payment and very small monthly payments; very cheap. It must be sold. 209 Grant Bldg. Thomas J. Wesley, Ivy 5341.

ON MILLS ST., near Marietta street, a fine little lot, in the heart of worth while investing. There's money to be made here in a little while. Thos. J. Buchanan, 405 Peters bldg. Phone Main 5258-J.

ON PEACHTREE avenue, about 1,000 feet east of Peachtree Road, I have a lot that I will sell, if taken at once, for just what it cost me in 1911. Lot 50x200. Address Non-Resident, Box 135, care Journal.

FOR QUICK SALE, will make attractive price on my home, north side, good street with car service, 9-room house, all conveniences, servant's quarters and garage. Address Owner, Box 56, Journal.

A BEAUTIFUL 8-room home, all conveniences, close to one of the best car streets, close to cars. This place is cheap at the price asked. Investigate H. C. Moore, 31 Buchanan, 405 Peters bldg. Phone Main 5258-J.

IN WEST END, on Gordon street car line, I have a 6-room home for sale at $1,000 cash. I can build you a home on one of these lots and make easy terms. Let me see you about these. John Starr, 1107 Empire Life building.

OWNER will sell beautifully elevated lot, 50x200, for $700, near East Lake and car line and close to good new car. Good neighborhood. $50 cash, balance $15 per month without interest. Call Ivy 2788.

DIRECT FROM OWNER—50 lots, now ready to show, adjoining Druid Hills, two blocks of Ponce de Leon car line, $200 to $400 each. Sewer, water, gas within 1,000 feet. See Mr. Rupley, 1109 Empire Life building. Call Ivy 5478.

IN THE edge of Druid Hills, lying level and between two houses, I have a lot 50x150 that I will sell for $600 cash, save me money, and this is my reason for selling. Don't owe a dollar on the lot. Address Hard Up, Box 134, care Journal.

$200 CASH and $40 per month gets north side bungalow, has furnace heat, quarter-sawed hardwood floors, tile bath, glass hardware, beautiful fixtures, on cheated street, never on sale before and a snap; no agents need answer. Address Direct, Box 91, care Journal.

IN DESIRABLE SUBURB, close to school, churches, stores, etc., near car line, I have a pretty four-room cottage, newly painted and papered; fruit and garden on lot, 50x150. Price $1,250; terms $50 cash, $15 monthly. $1,250 will buy good four-room cottage on lot 70x200, close to above house. Terms $50 cash, $15 monthly. Call Ivy 4181.

FOR SALE—One of the most desirable homes near the city. Nice 6-room house on a lot of three acres. Beautiful lot, level and shaded lot, overlooking the city. Nice fruit, garden, and pasture, with a nice little home. Near car line and in a fast growing section. Good investment and a fine one, and on easy terms. Smith & Hutcheon, 618 Fourth Nat. Bank bldg. M. 1385.

IN A GOOD suburb, close to car line, churches, schools, stores, etc., near car line, I have a pretty four-room cottage, newly painted and papered; fruit and grapes

BOOBS ABROAD.—By Goldberg.

AFTER ALL, SWITZERLAND DOES NOT BASE ALL ITS CLAIM TO FAME ON SWISS CHEESE.

Copyright, 1913, by R. L. Goldberg.

WHEN I TRAVEL, I GO IN FOR ATMOSPHERE AND LOCAL COLOR — I'VE GONE OUT OF MY WAY TO SEE ALPINE GOATS AND DOGS WITH BARRELS AROUND THEIR NECKS
I'VE PICKED THE FRAGRANT EDELWEISS RIGHT IN THE HEART OF THE ALPS AND I'VE WATCHED THE BUXOM SWISS MAIDENS WEAVING DELICATE LACE IN FRONT OF THEIR PICTURESQUE LITTLE HOMES
ALL I NEED NOW TO COMPLETE MY ALPINE ATMOSPHERE IS TO EAT A PIECE OF GENUINE SWISS CHEESE IN THE CENTER OF THE CHEESE DISTRICT
ARE THOSE SWISS FLAGS?
NO, TODAY IS WASH DAY IN THE ALPS AND THEY HUNG UP THEIR FANCY PILLOW-CASES TO DRY
BOY, BRING ME A PIECE OF REAL SWISS CHEESE AND NEVER MIND ABOUT THE PRICE
YAH YAH
THERE IS SOMETHING REALLY BEAUTIFUL ABOUT A PIECE OF CHEESE WHEN YOU MEET IT RIGHT IN IT'S OWN HOME
MADE IN INTERLAKEN SWITZERLAND
INTERLAKEN SWITZERLAND.
FOOLISH QUESTIONS-NO.2468,300.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

acerth side Battle Hill avenue, 506 feet east of Mathewson street. July 30.

$100.—Nancy Lamar to Wilson Thomas, lot 67x42 feet on an alley in rear of Smith street, *being lot 4 of Lamar property*, land lot 119, Fourteenth district. July 26.

$150.—Mrs. L. A. Harper to Mrs. Annie N. Lowery, lot 50x150 feet on north side Chattahoochee avenue, 50 feet east of Alverne avenue. August 1.

$10,000.—William Hurd Hillyer to Massachusettes Mutual Life Insurance company, lots 8 and 9 block 15, Ansley Park, 150x295 fee: north side the Prado. July 28.

$1,000.—W. L. Cottle to Sarah E. and Lillian I. Dahlo, No. 253 Highland avenue, 66x200 feet.

$1,200.—Marcellus M. Anderson to Miss Sally S. Fulton, No. 33 Battle Hill avenue, 51x175 feet. August 1.

$2,500.—Keystone Investment company to Mrs. Leslie K. Ward, lot 50x150 feet west side Vine Way, being lot 12, block 4, of Vedado. August 1.

$1,1175.—Sam A. Osburn to W. E. Hulley, lot 50x150 feet southwest corner St. Charles avenue and Lakeview avenue. August 1.

BOND FOR TITLE.

$9,000.—W. D. Beatie to T. J. Baugh, No. 468 Capitol avenue, 45x200 feet. July 31.

DEEDS TO SECURE DEBT.

$1,420. Mrs. Annie M. Smith to S. C. Dobbs, an 80-foot corner on Capitol avenue, 200 feet northeast of Colquitt avenue. July 31.

TRUST DEEDS.

$1 and other consideration—Georgia Land and Loan company to Trust Company of Georgia, as trustee, lot 100x150 feet south side Highland View, 226 feet east of Boulevard; same lot, 100x150 feet south side Highland View, 326 feet east of Barnett street. June 20.

$1 and other consideration—Same to same, lot 54x160 feet east side Spring street, 160 feet south of Linden avenue, No. 381 Spring street. April 1.

$1 and other consideration—Same to same, lots 9, 12 and 27, block 1 of Highland View subdivision of Atlanta Development company property. Also lot 50x174 feet on Highland avenue. Also land in Campbell and North counties, Georgia. March 31.

$1 and other consideration—Same to same, lot 30x200 feet south side Charles avenue, 50 feet east of Fredrica street. April 17.

QUITCLAIM DEEDS.

$1.—L. A. Lavender to John M. Hill, lot 62.78 feet northwest corner East Harris street and Lavender avenue. July 30.

$1.—Mrs. M. E. Brem to same, same property. August 6, 1912.

$3,90.—Louis Globstin to Mrs. Lena S. Hunter, 96 inches in land lot 75, 17th district, at joining Waits, Abernathy, etc. August 1.

MORTGAGE.

$600.—R. C. Cheatham to Miss Janie M. Thornton, 75 Wabash avenue, 40x135 feet. August 1.

$450.—Ida M. Wilson to Mutual Loan and Banking company, lot 50x85 feet northwest corner Grove and Ethel streets. July 31.

LIENS.

$44.—Sern Paint and Varnish Works vs. Herbert A. L. Terrell, lot 11x66x85 feet west side Hale street, 20 feet north of Virgil street. August 1.

BUILDING PERMITS.

$100.—To Walter Echols, 714 West North avenue, to underpin dwelling. Light & Sanders, contractors.

$1,250.—To S. Goldstein, 81 Connally, to make addition. Wyche Construction company, contractors.

$125.—To J. A. Bradford, 110 Jett to build porch and repair. Day work.

$175.—To E. F. Ryan, 96 Hood Drive, to add room and repair. Day work.

$2,000.—To S. W. Sullivan, 196 Holderness, to build one-story frame dwelling. Day work.

$1,500.—To S. W. Sullivan, 29 Milledge, to build one-story frame dwelling. Day work.

$75.—To Mrs. M. J. Liddell, 100 Lovejoy, to build porch and repair. Day work.

$300.—To C. H. Jones, 38 Ivera avenue, to add two rooms. Day work.

$2,500.—To T. J. Bryan, Glenwood avenue, to build two-story frame dwelling. Day work.

$150.—To Dr. H. Hirsch, 1 Orme Circle avenue, to install heating plant. Eichberg Heating company, contractors.

DEKALB COUNTY TRANSFERS.

WARRANTY DEEDS.

$10,000.—O. H. Jones to W. T. Gentry, in land lot 263 of fifteenth district, and on south side of Fair street, 32 feet west of Daniel street, 57x700 feet. July 9, 1913.

$1,000.—W. T. Gentry to Mrs. Mattie M. Conway, in land lot 263 of 15th district, lot on north side of Fair street, 32 feet west of Daniel street, 100x300 feet. July 12, 1913.

$125.—Georgia Land and Investment company to W. C. Jackson lot two in block M of Decatur Heights subdivision. Stephens deed. 1912.

$800.—W. C. Jackson to Mrs. G. E. McCranie same property. March 27, 1913.

$800.—Mrs. E. E. McCranie to E. M. Lavsom, same property. April 12, 1913.

$2,500.—Mrs. E. E. McCranie to R. M. Lawsom, lot in town of Decatur on corner of Fairview avenue and Oakland street, 100x300 feet. April 12, 1912.

$2,000.—Mr. A. B. Credell to Mrs. E. E. McCranie, same property. April 19, 1913.

$400.—J. M. Lawson to Arnold D. Mallow, lot 2 in block M of Decatur Heights subdivision, on east side of Woodland Avenue, 53 feet north of Pinedosa avenue, 50x100 feet. May 28, 1913.

$250.—Same to same, lot in town of Decatur, northeast corner of Fairview avenue and Nancy land avenue, 100x200 feet. May 28, 1913.

$250.—James Brown to Mrs. Ida W. McWilliams four and one-half acres in land lot 177 of Eighteenth district. April 15, 1913.

$1,500.—Mrs. D. E. Morris to Mrs. J. M. Gilleapie, lot in city of Atlanta on west side of Elmira Place, 480 feet south of McLendon avenue, 50x175 feet. July, 1913.

$4,150.—T. H. Niblack to W. T. Ashford, lot in town of N. rkwood, southwest corner of Cap street and Georgia railway right of way 417.7 x75 feet. July 30, 1913.

$8,075.50.—William Bussel to W. T. Ashford 129.5 acres in land lot 262 of Eighteenth district. July 29, 1913.

$500.—A. Hollingsworth to Mrs. James Cox, lot in city of Atlanta, on south side of McPherson avenue, 200 feet east of Haas avenue, 40x100 feet. June 16, 1913.

LOAN DEED.

$1,500.—Bertha Ladd Haskins to H. D. Dun, five acres in land lot 119 of Eighteenth district. July 29, 1913.

DEED TO SECURE DEBT.

$2,000.—Ann W. McWilliams to William M. Hayes, lot in city of Atlanta, northwest corner of Flat Shoals avenue and Glenwood avenue, 155ft 155 feet. July 30, 1913.

BOND FOR TITLE.

$9,000.—John Starr to L. D. Burns, lot in city of Atlanta on north side of Chatham street, 290 feet east of Pelzer street, 48x164 feet. July 3, 1913.

WOULD ALLOW WIFE TO APPEAR AGAINST HUSBAND

Rep. Smith, of Fulton, Presents Bill to Let Wife Become Witness

Representative John Y. Smith, of Fulton, introduced a bill Saturday to give the wife the right to testify against her husband in the event of desertion and failure properly to provide for her should there be any children ten years old or under.

The offense is declared a misdemeanor and made punishable by fine or imprisonment or both at the discretion of the court. The bill provides further that the fine in its entirety or a part thereof shall be paid either to the mother or guardian of the child.

The bill was referred to general judiciary committee No. 2 of which Mr. Smith is a member, and no doubt will receive a favorable recommendation.

The house was in session less than twenty minutes.

CHINESE REBELS IN FORT BOMBARDED BY FEDERALS

City of Fu-Chow Must Rescind Secession or Be Invaded

SHANGHAI, China, Aug. 2.—The Wu Sung forts, which are in the hands of the rebels, were bombarded at daybreak by the Chinese government warships, commanded by Admiral Tseng, but no damage was done. The cruisers opened fire at a range of five miles, and the forts replied. After a desultory exchange of shots lasting an hour the warships withdrew.

City of Fu-Chow Receives Ultimatum

(By Associated Press.)

AMOY, China, Aug. 2.—The city of Fu-Chow must rescind its recent resolution to secede from the Chinese republic within ten days or an army from Peking will invade the province of Fo Kien. Native reports today declare that Provisional President Yuan Shi Kai has sent an ultimatum to that effect.

A serious situation has been brought about in Amoy by the continued clan fighting between the semi-Mongolian Tungan tribesmen and the Forman Japanese authorities intervened yesterday and caused the arrest of the leader of the Tungans. The tribesmen took some soldiers prisoners and declare they will hold them as hostages for the safety of their leader. A Japanese warship is lying off the disaffected district.

SEABOARD TO MOVE FROM SAVANNAH HEADQUARTERS

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

AMERICUS, Ga., Aug. 2.—The headquarters of the Georgia-Alabama division of the Seaboard railway will be removed from Savannah to Americus August 15. Sixteen employes composing Superintendent Grimshaw's staff, will move here from Savannah as a result of the transfer. Among these will be Division Engineer R. B. Gandy and Chief Dispatcher L. C. Schumpert. It will be the third time headquarters have been moved.

Superintendent Grimshaw was located in Americus until about four years ago, when he was transferred here. His division extends from Savannah to Montgomery and from Columbus to Albany, and one reason assigned for the transfer is that Americus is more in the center of the division.

FIFTY-NINE COUNTIES SHOW $773,329 LOSS

Berrien County Falls Off $356,809 in Tax Returns and Gordon Gains $303,191

With 59 out of 148 counties heard from, the state tax returns in the office of the comptroller general show a total loss of $773,329 over the year previous. If the present ratio of losses and gains is kept up, the entire state of Georgia will show a decrease of fully $2,000,000 when all of the counties have reported.

According to the records to date of Captain "Tip" Harrison losses are recorded in thirty-five counties against gains in twenty-four. The biggest loss so far reported is in Berrien county, the amount being $356,809. Stephens county records the owest falling off, only $972.

Of the counties gaining over the last report Gordon leads with $303,191, and the smallest gain is credited to Baker, for the sum of $2,306.

The difference of the net loss between Berrien and Gordon counties is $53,618.

CHOCTAW INDIAN TO BE TREASURY REGISTRAR

Patterson Likens Self to Saviour in Declining Place Offered by Wilson

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—President Wilson today withdrew the nomination of Adam E. Patterson, of Oklahoma, a negro, to be registrar of the treasury. Patterson declined the appointment and the president nominated instead Gabe E. Parker, of Oklahoma, a Choctaw Indian, recommended by both senators from Oklahoma and the congressional delegation from that state.

In his letter to President Wilson, Patterson said:

"In view of recent developments caused by my name having been submitted to the United States senate for confirmation as registrar of the treasury, I beg to request that you withdraw my nomination for that position. I consider that you have paid me a high tribute and an honor well worth cherishing in appointing me registrar of the United States treasury, for which I heartily thank you. I had hoped that *the nomination* and confirmation would be made without protest. This hope, it seems, was unfounded.

"I feel, like our Savior must have felt when He was lauded the bitter cup—it meant life and death. Yet, I take it and cheerily stifle my personal ambition and surrender back to you, Mr. President, the appointment as registrar of the United States treasury, the prize for which I have striven all my life."

"I refuse to embarrass your administration, Mr. President, by insisting upon my confirmation and I also believe it is best for my race that I withdraw my name from further consideration for that position. I am anxious that the spirit of harmony and good will exist between the two races and by taking this step I believe it will go far toward bringing about "a more friendly racial feeling."

Patterson worked in the Democratic national headquarters during the last presidential campaign in the colored men's breast and was recommended by National Committeeman Hudspeth, of New Jersey. Opposition in the senate from southern senators brought about the withdrawal of Patterson's name.

Seven-Foot Rattler Killed by Tift Farmer

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

TIFTON, Ga., Aug. 2.—Probably the largest rattlesnake ever seen in this section was brought to Tifton Friday morning and placed on exhibition. It was seven feet long and carried eleven rattles, but as these were broken it was evident that a number of the rattles had been lost before he was killed.

J. L. Cotney, a farmer was walking along the road with his wife, when he saw the snake just ahead of them. Picking up a small stick, he followed, and as it coiled, gave the snake a blow back of the head.

GEORGIA AND HER POLITICS

House Debated Over Six Hours On Tax Reform Compromise.

Six hours and thirty minutes of debate, with the thermometer, hovering around 90 degrees was not very kindly taken to by the members of the house of representatives Friday, but there was no way out of it after Representative J. O. Adams, of Hall, had moved the previous question on the tax bills ten minutes before the set hour of adjournment, and had his motion sustained by the body.

Some of them got to thinking about dinner and a small stampede began for the exits. But it didn't materialize. Someone "tipped off" Speaker Burwell. He brought his gavel down on the desk with a crash, and in stentorian voice gave instructions to Messengera Paulk to lock the doors and have his doorkeepers scour the corridors for delinquents and "arrest" them.

The fact that 175 votes were cast on the first "call" is evidence that the doors were shut just in time to retain those desirous of playing "hookey."

The fight, for and against county boards, began in earnest as soon as it was declared that the Sheppard substitute came up. Here the yeas and nays were called. The vote lasted 45 minutes, with the result very much in doubt until the roll call was nearly completed. It carried by the narrow margin of 96 to 79.

Then came the final test, the passage of the Lipscomb bill by substitute, the bone of contention and naturally the cause of all the trouble. And it was on this vote that strange things happened. As has been said, the substitute for the Lipscomb bill was a measure as ever of tsate equalization boards, and the second ballot was for practically the same things, only a matter of legislative formality to effect the passage of the ways and means bill as embodied in the substitute of Mr. Sheppard. All that was left of the original bill with both state and county boards was the caption and the repealing clause. The opposition had shot away every salient feature.

But the second vote did not tally with the first. The Sheppard bill was losing through virtue of the fact that many of those who voted for it as a substitute now opposed it as a bill, putting themselves on record as being against tax reform in any shape. The minority leader, Mr. Arnold, a man those who had fought the original Lipscomb bill, and against the creation of county boards alone, turned and supported the bill by substitute, determined, they declared in explaining their votes, to secure some legislation, even if he had not just what they wanted. *It was a compromise, and a bitter pill to swallow*, but the only course left to some. And it passed only because its opponents, sacrificing everything, turned and voted for it.

House Laughs When Speaker Is Called "Mr. Moderator."

There are times when the spirit of levity invades the house of representatives and breaks the long monotony of hot and strenuous debate. It came during the closing hour Friday, when the previous question on all substitutes to the Lipscomb bill came up for consideration.

Speaker Burwell decided to slip out for a smoke and asked Representative W. D. Hammock, of Randolph, a Baptist minister, to take the chair. Under the rules, the author of the bill was allowed twenty minutes for debate, the same length of time being granted to Chairman L. R. Akin, of the ways and means committee.

Representative J. E. Sheppard and Mr. Akin divided their time among their supporters.

It was "Mr. Speaker," as each one addressed the chair until Representative Cheney, of Cobb, arose for the concluding remarks as a committee member.

Now, Mr. Cheney, being a good Baptist and in the habit of attending all of the church conferences, must have had one of those gatherings in mind when he addressed the chair.

"Mr. Moderator," he said, then quickly correcting his error, "Mr. Speaker and members o fthe house, I mean"——

But the house had caught the slip and a general laugh ensued, the gentleman from Randolph apparently enjoying it as much as any one.

The Gentleman From Upson "Totes" His Own Fan.

The state very kindly furnishes its legislators with large breezy palm leaf fans with which to stave off suffocation from the excessive heat. Representative Sheppard, of Sumter, is never seen without his, any more than he would part with the good right arm that wields it, when not used for gesticulation. The two gentlemen from Houston, Messrs. Green and Holtzclaw are also ardent "fanners." Frank A. Lipscomb, whose name has a corner on newspaper prominence, swings his in great style, and being immaculate always in flannels, linens or a suit of pongee, manages to keep outwardly cool, even though inwardly hot "because the house kept kickin' his bill aroun,'"

Nearly all of the members, in fact, swear allegiance to the coolers. But far be it for the gentleman from Upson, Mr. Parks, when "totes" his own fan, a gaudy concoction of colors, to handle one of the palm leaves. His is one of the folding variety. When spread open it carries all the colors of the rainbow and then some, against a background of brilliant red.

This he wields vigorously at times, while the house gazes at the galaxy of colors in open admiration.

Crawf-Wheatley Voted Twice in the Same Place.

The house was voting on one of the numerous substitutes to the Lipscomb tax equalization bill and Clerk Bolfeuillet, as usual, was conducting the roll call.

"Wheatley," he called.

"Aye," thundered the gentleman from Sumter, who occupied *one of the press chairs* almost directly in front of the speaker's stand. You could have heard his answer almost to Grant park.

"Wheatley," again insisted the clerk, his features as stoild as a piece of marble.

"Aye," thundered the gentleman from Sumter a second time, and then joined in the general laugh at his expense, for be it known that he was most anxious that his vote on no particular question be correctly recorded.

Rome Tribune-Herald Pays Tribute to Representative Cole.

In Rome, the former home of Representative E. D. Cole, of Bartow, vice chairman of the ways and means committee, they seem to think a great deal of their former citizen.

Commenting editorially on the achievements of Mr. Cole, the Rome Tribune-Herald says in part:

"It is not out of place for the Tribune-Herald to go out of its way for the purpose of speaking a few commendatory words about a representative from another county. Particularly is this true when it is considered that the representative hails from an adjoining county and was for a long time a citizen of Rome. Representative E. D. Cole, of Bartow county, who is making a name for himself in the Georgia legislature, lived for many years in Rome and still has large business ntcrests here.

"He began at the bottom of the ladder, without money or influence, and by his own unaided efforts has won both fortune and fame. He is a typical red-blooded American, possessing energetic enterprising; he has won his way to the front by sheer force, tenacity and ability. Elected a member of the house of representatives from Bartow county at the last election and leading the field, although a comparatively new resident of the county, he immediately forged to the front.

"Representative Cole is a fighter among other propensities. When he has once made up his mind on a question he stands by it with all the power of his sincere convictions. The many friends in Rome have watched his course in the legislature with profound interest, and are much elated at his success."

Senators Feast Daily on Oratory and Big Peaches.

Hardly a week goes by in which the senate does not dine on products of Georgia farms, generally the most luscious sort of peaches.

After the feast of oratory which marks the morning's session it is becoming quite customary for Senator Anderson to announce that there is a big crate of peaches on the right of the *platform* and will *everybody* come up and help themselves?

Senator Dickey has been the donator of the fruit on several occasions and his fellow-members are thanking him for his hospitality and congratulating him on the quality of his fruit.

Senator Miller Wants to Stay in the Gate City.

If the state capitol never goes to Macon it won't be the fault of the senator from the Twenty-second, W. D. McNeil. He pulls for his home town on every occasion.

While the senate was discussing the resolutions on the governor's mansion and additions to the capitol building Friday morning, Senator M'Neil interrupted Senator R. S. Miller to ask him if all this agitation about the latter question wouldn't be avoided when they "moved the capital to Macon."

"Yes," replied Senator Miller. "But are in danger by insurrection ,and there is no reason why anybody should attempt to misconstrue it."

Secretary Bryan may leave Washington tonight to resume his lectures. Owing to the uncertainty of his departure he declined to announce his itinerary.

Secretary Bryan's request, however, was generally interpreted as one step in the administration's plan for dealing with the Mexican problem.

NON-INTERFERENCE.

Far from being regarded as a preliminary to intervention—which President Wilson has told friends on various occasions is out of the question—the request from Americans in Mexico City for the forerunner of a policy of non-interference.

From the first the president has believed that in the crisis in the turbulent republic, the single solicitude of the American government should be the protection of lives and property. Should the administration here adopt a policy of non-interference it might well refrain from action with respect to the *destruction of property on the ground that* claims for damages would, under international law, eventually cover losses.

AMERICANS FIRST CONCERN.

The chief consideration always has been and will be caring for the lives of Americans and foreigners. In any crisis, Americans of means, upon warning, would easily be able to flee the country, but dangers always have beset those who through lack of funds could not make the journey promptly. To meet such an emergency the present request for an appropriation is directed.

The administration, *while hopeful* that peace negotiations may bring the two factions to a suspension of hostilities, realizes that with the resignation of Huerta or any other political change, Americans may become alarmed, and the desire to obtain funds with which to care for those who may be anxious to leave Mexico is, therefore, a precautionary measure.

I don't want the legislature to do that, and I dont' think it ever will."

Senate Committee Visits The State Prison Farm.

The penitentiary committee of the state senate is in Milledgeville Saturday inspecting the prison farm and the state reformatory. The committee is composed of twelve members, with Senator M. C. Tarver, of the Forty-third, chairman.

The members left Friday afternoon, to return Monday morning. While in Milledgeville they also will inspect the insane asylum.

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We sell the Better Coals.
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LIPSCOMB BILL PASSES HOUSE BY SUBSTITUTE

State Board Stricken Out, and County Boards Created

The Lipscomb tax equalization bill was passed by substitute by the house Friday afternoon. Under its terms now the matter of tax equalization will be in the hands of the county boards, with no state supervision board to direct them.

The measure, as substituted, passed by a vote of 107 to 59.

This ended a fight which started last Tuesday. Resumed at 9 o'clock Friday morning, it was not finished until after 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

The vote was taken twice, first on the Sheppard substitute, which eliminated the state board and substituted county equalizing boards of three members each, to be appointed by the county commissioners, or, where there are no commissioners, by the judges of the superior court.

The substitute was adopted. Then the second vote was taken on the bill by substitute.

Many of the representatives who voted against the substitute itself voted for the bill by substitute, contending that they wanted tax equalization, even if they had to take it as provided in the substitute.

The measure will yet have to be considered by the senate.

MEXICAN EX-GOVERNOR, A REBEL, IS ARRESTED AT NEW ORLEANS

(Continued from Page 1.)

REASONABLE INTEREST ON GOVERNMENT MONEY

Treasury Department Doesn't Want Farmers Overcharged Under McAdoo Plan

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The $50,000,000 deposit of government funds about to be made will be placed in banks of the large cities in the agricultural regions of the south and west upon the condition and expectation, said treasury officials today, that these banks will distribute the money to the country banks at reasonable rates of interest. While the treasury department will not attempt to fix the rate of interest, because it has no such power, it will insist upon equitable treatment so that the money will be available for the marketing and movement of crops at reasonable rates.

New Orleans and Atlanta will be among those to receive a substantial share of the $50,000,000 for distribution in the south. Large deposits will be made in Chicago and St. Louis.

Assistant Secretary Williams said it is necessary for the government to place the money in the large channels because it would be impracticable to pass upon the quality of commercial paper as security if the deposits were scattered indiscriminately among a great number of country banks.

NOTICES

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A. O. & ROY DONEHOO
FUNERAL PARLORS
99 Marietta St.
B. Phone M. 1847 Atlanta 4101

BARCLAY & BRANDON CO.
FUNERAL Directors, are now located in their new home, 246 Ivy street, corner Baker, Auto ambulance and auto hearse.

BIDS FOR SCHOOL BUILDING
Bids will be received for the erection of a school building in the city of Saint Marys, until August 14th, 1913. Plans and specifications will be found at the office of J. R. Bachlott, Bank building, St. Marys, Ga. Bids will remain under seal and be opened on the above date, with the right reserved to reject any or all bids.
By order of E. N. STONE, Mayor.
J. F. HUGHES, City Clerk.
(Advt.)

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SEASHORE EXCURSION
AUGUST 7th.
Jacksonville, Brunswick, St. Simon's, Cumberland, Atlantic Beach, $6.00—limited 6 days. Tampa, Fla., $8.00—limited 8 days.
TWO SPECIAL TRAINS:
10:00 P. M.—Solid Pullman train.
10:15 P. M.—Coach train.
Make reservations now.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

GEORGIA, Fulton County—Mabel F. Arthur vs. S. A. Arthur. Superior Court, November term, 1912.

S. A. Arthur, by order of court, you are notified that on 1st day of August, 1913, Mabel F. Arthur filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to November term said court.

You are to be and appear at November term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in November, 1913, to answer plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, Judge of said Court, this August 1st, 1913.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

THE index finger of opportunity points boldly to The Journal Wants.